

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Ninety-fourth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

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PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Ninety-fourth Legislature

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any common carrier by rail, motor, water, air or express company doing business in or operating within the state.

The term "employee" shall mean and include every person who may be permitted, required or directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect gain or profit, to engage in any employment.

Sec. 36-B. Charge for medical examination by employer prohibited; penalty. It shall be unlawful for any employer to require any employee to bear the medical expense of an examination when such examination is ordered or required by the employer. Any employer who violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty of not more than \$50 for each and every violation. It shall be the duty of the commissioner of labor and industry to enforce the provisions of this section.'

Effective August 6, 1949

Chapter 395

AN ACT Relating to Training and Field Trials for Beagles and Other Rabbit Hounds.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 33, § 76-A, additional. Chapter 33 of the revised statutes, as revised, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be numbered 76-A, to read as follows:

'Sec. 76-A. Training and field trials for beagles and other rabbit hounds permitted. It shall be lawful to train and hold field trials for beagles and other rabbit hounds between September 1st and April 10th, both days inclusive. During the training and field trials permitted in this section, no person shall use any firearm, other than a pistol loaded with blank ammunition, except during open season for hunting.'

Effective August 6, 1949

Chapter 396

AN ACT Relating to Aid to Dependent Children.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. R. S., c. 22, § 227, amended. Section 227 of chapter 22 of the revised statutes is hereby amended to read as follows:

'Sec. 227. Eligibility for aid to dependent children. Aid shall be granted under the provisions of sections 226 to 235, inclusive, to any de-

pendent child who is living in a suitable family home meeting the standards of care and health fixed by the laws of this state and the rules and regulations of the department thereunder. ~~No person receiving aid under the provisions of said sections shall be considered a pauper. During the period that a dependent child is receiving aid under the provisions of said sections, if such child is living with either its mother or its father, such mother or father shall not acquire or lose a settlement or be in the process of acquiring or losing a settlement.~~ The provisions of sections 226 to 235, inclusive, shall apply to any dependent child who has resided in the state for 1 year immediately preceding the application for such aid; or who was born within the state within 1 year immediately preceding the application, and whose mother has resided in the state 1 year immediately preceding the birth of the child.'

Sec. 2. R. S., c. 22, § 227-A, additional. Chapter 22 of the revised statutes is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be numbered 227-A, to read as follows:

'Sec. 227-A. Recipients and relative with whom the child is living not to be pauperized. The receipt of aid to dependent children shall not pauperize the recipient or the relative with whom the child is living and the receipt of general relief by such recipient or relative with whom the child is living, made necessary by the presence of the child in the family, shall not be considered to be pauper support. General relief expenses incurred by any municipality or by the state in behalf of such recipient or relative with whom the child is living, made necessary by the presence of the child in the family, may be paid from funds made available for the relief of the poor, but shall in no other respect be treated as pauper expense. The town of settlement of the recipient, or the state in non-settled cases, shall reimburse the place of residence for such general relief in the same manner as is provided by sections 24 and 28 of chapter 82.

During the period of time that a relative with whom the child is living receives general relief under the provisions of this section, such relative shall not acquire or lose a settlement or be in the process of acquiring or losing a settlement.'

Effective August 6, 1949

Chapter 397

AN ACT Relative to Crop and Orchard Damage.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 33, § 84, amended. Section 84 of chapter 33 of the revised statutes, as revised, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new subsection, to read as follows: