

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES
AS PASSED BY THE
Ninety-first and Ninety-second
Legislatures
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

From April 10, 1943 to April 21, 1945
AND MISCELLANEOUS STATE PAPERS
From April 10, 1943 to May 24, 1945

Published by the Revisor of Statutes in accordance
with Chapter 10 of the Revised Statutes of 1944.

KENNEBEC JOURNAL
AUGUSTA, MAINE
1945

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Ninety-second Legislature

1945

CHAP. 302

PUBLIC, 1945

18.	989.78	1055.69	11.00	176.00
19.	1055.70	1123.16	11.50	184.00
20.	1123.17	1192.19	12.00	192.00
21.	1192.20	1262.64	12.50	200.00
22.	1262.65	1334.64	13.00	208.00
23.	1334.65	1408.20	13.50	216.00
24.	1408.21	1483.32	14.00	224.00
25.	1483.33	1559.99	14.50	232.00
26.	1560.00 and over		15.00	240.00

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
1.	\$ 0 up to \$ 199.99	None	None
2.	200.00 " " 299.99	\$ 5.00	\$100.00
3.	300.00 " " 399.99	6.00	120.00
4.	400.00 " " 499.99	7.00	140.00
5.	500.00 " " 599.99	8.00	160.00
6.	600.00 " " 699.99	9.00	180.00
7.	700.00 " " 799.99	10.00	200.00
8.	800.00 " " 899.99	11.00	220.00
9.	900.00 " " 999.99	12.00	240.00
10.	1000.00 " " 1099.99	13.00	260.00
11.	1100.00 " " 1199.99	14.00	280.00
12.	1200.00 " " 1299.99	15.00	300.00
13.	1300.00 " " 1424.99	16.00	320.00
14.	1425.00 " " 1549.99	17.00	340.00
15.	1550.00 " " 1749.99	18.00	360.00
16.	1750.00 " " 1999.99	19.00	380.00
17.	2000.00 and over	20.00	400.00

Emergency clause. In view of the emergency cited in the preamble, this act shall take effect when approved.

Effective April 19, 1945

Chapter 302

AN ACT Relating to the Practice of Dentistry.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. R. S., c. 66, § 2, amended. Section 2 of chapter 66 of the revised statutes is hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

PUBLIC, 1945

CHAP. 302

'The secretary shall receive an annual salary to be fixed by the board not to exceed \$300, which shall be received by him in lieu of a per diem compensation. The secretary shall also be paid his necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of his official duties, including clerical and stenographic assistance, printing and postage. Such salary and allowance for expenses shall be certified by the president of the board.'

Sec. 2. R. S., c. 66, § 5, repealed and replaced. Section 5 of said chapter 66 of the revised statutes is hereby repealed and replaced to read as follows:

'Sec. 5. Certificate; fee; registration cards. The board shall issue under its seal, to all persons who shall successfully pass said examination, its certificate of ability to practice dentistry in this state, signed by its president and secretary. Whoever engages in the practice of dentistry in this state shall keep his certificate in a conspicuous place in the operating room or rooms in which he practices. Said certificate shall be considered a license to practice dentistry in this state, except that it shall be unlawful for any person to practice dentistry in this state in any year after the year in which said certificate is issued to him unless he shall pay to the treasurer of the state board of dental examiners on or before January 1st of said year a fee of \$2 for which he shall receive a registration card, which card shall be placed beside or attached to the certificate above mentioned. But practitioners who shall not have paid as above provided shall be reinstated and licensed for the balance of the current year upon payment of a fee of \$2 if paid before March 1, and a fee of \$12 if paid subsequent thereto. New applicants having paid the examination fee shall not be subject to the \$2 annual license fee for the calendar year in which they were licensed. It shall be the duty of the board to promote dental health education and the standards of dental practice.'

Sec. 3. P. L., 1943, c. 273, § 1, amended. Section 1 of chapter 273 of the public laws of 1943 is hereby amended to read as follows:

'Sec. 1. Power to provide for the temporary admission to practice medicine and dentistry in the state. To accomplish the purpose of this act, and notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, the state board of registration of medicine and the board of dental examiners shall have power by general regulations or specific orders to issue temporary emergency certificates to such physicians and dentists, licensed as such outside the state, as they shall find qualified to practice as such in this state during the war emergency period. The fee for a temporary emergency certificate shall be \$10. The holder of any such temporary certificate shall be privileged dur-

ing the term specified therein, unless sooner revoked, to practice his profession within the state subject, however, to all laws of the state generally applicable to the practice of such profession and to such regulations, restrictions, and area limitations as the state board of registration of medicine and the board of dental examiners may make or impose as to them or any of them and their practice within the state.'

Effective July 21, 1945

Chapter 303

AN ACT to Confer Concurrent Jurisdiction on the Probate Court and Superior Court in Matters Concerning Custody and Support of Minor Children.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 153, § 19, amended. Section 19 of chapter 153 of the revised statutes is hereby amended to read as follows:

'Sec. 19. When parents live apart, judge of probate or superior court justice may decree as to care, custody and support; appeals. If the father and mother of a minor child are living apart from each other, the judge of probate or the superior court justice in the county where either resides, on petition of either in term time or vacation, and after such notice to the other as he may order, may decree which parent shall have the exclusive care and custody of the person of such minor, or he may apportion the care and custody of the said minor between the parents, as the good of the child may require; and he may order the father of the minor child or children to contribute to the support of such minor child or children such sums payable weekly, monthly or quarterly as are deemed reasonable and just, and may enforce obedience by appropriate decrees, execution issuing for said sums when payable and for costs; which decrees shall be in force until further order of the judge of probate or justice. An appeal shall lie from such decree or decrees to the supreme court of probate, where originating in the court of probate, or to the supreme judicial court where originating in the superior court, which appeal shall be heard and determined by the justice presiding, but the decree of the judge of probate original decrees shall be in force until reversed.'

Effective July 21, 1945