

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-seventh and Eighty-eighth
Legislatures

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

From April 7, 1935 to April 24, 1937

AND MISCELLANEOUS STATE PAPERS

Published by the Secretary of State, in conjunction
with the Revisor of Statutes in accordance with the
Resolves of the Legislature approved June 28, 1820,
March 18, 1840, March 16, 1842, and Acts approved
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AUGUSTA, MAINE
1937

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-Eighth Legislature

1937

A metal tag showing the year such license is issued and bearing such other data as the commissioner of agriculture may prescribe shall be given with each license and must be securely attached to a leather or metal collar which must be worn at all times by the dog for which the license was issued and it shall be unlawful for any person to remove such tag or to place either collar or tag on any dog not described or for which the license was not issued.

Returns showing all licenses issued by city or town clerks together with a correct report showing the total number of dogs in "both sexes" found by the city or town assessors shall be made to the commissioner of agriculture not later than the 1st day of May each year.

All license blanks and metal tags shall be furnished by the commissioner of agriculture, and the expense for the same shall constitute a legal charge against moneys received for dog licenses.'

Approved April 17, 1937.

Chapter 203

AN ACT Relating to Pauper Settlements.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 33, § 4, amended. Section 4 of chapter 33 of the revised statutes is hereby amended to read as follows:

'Sec. 4. Towns relieving persons, who lose settlement under section 3, reimbursed by state. Whenever a person having a pauper settlement in a town loses such settlement by virtue of the provisions of section 3, relief shall be furnished, and towns furnishing such relief shall be reimbursed by the state as provided in section 22, in case of paupers having no legal settlement in the state. In case the existing derivative settlement of a person cannot be determined, after a diligent effort and search by the municipality furnishing pauper supplies to said person, then said person shall be deemed to have no settlement in the state, and the state shall be liable for the support of said person; provided, however, that said derivative settlement which cannot be determined shall involve a period of more than 20 years or the 3rd generation and that the commissioner of health and welfare and the attorney-general shall first be satisfied that the municipality furnishing the relief has made a diligent effort and search to establish the true legal settlement of said person.'

Approved April 17, 1937.