

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh
Legislatures

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

From April 1, 1933, to April 6, 1935

AND MISCELLANEOUS STATE PAPERS

Published by the Secretary of State, in conjunction
with the Revisor of Statutes in accordance with the
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KENNEBEC JOURNAL
AUGUSTA, MAINE
1935

PROCLAMATIONS

PROCLAMATIONS AND STATEMENTS

STATE OF MAINE

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

May 1, by Special Resolve of Congress, has been designated National Child Health Day.

The national slogan for this year is "Mothers and Infants First."

No more sacred duty evolves upon us, especially in these days, than safeguarding the health of children.

Every citizen of Maine is called upon to take a personal interest in the matter of child welfare.

The race grows to a wise maturity only when its childhood is predicated upon those fundamentals that develop health and character.

Children do not become strong men and women by nourishing foods and comfortable homes alone, but interest and affection are also necessary to their well being.

May not the fathers and mothers of Maine children, and neighbors in whose homes there are no children, rededicate themselves to a new and stronger determination that a child born in the state of Maine shall have every reasonable opportunity to become a useful and respected member of society.

April 20, 1933.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Arbor Day, May 12, 1933

The forests of Maine have exerted a great influence upon the character and prosperity of the people.

Our state is known as the Pine Tree State and upon its Great Seal is symbolized that stately tree.

Today seventy-eight per cent of the area of the state is in forested lands. These must be conserved.

Mindful that the planting of shrubs and trees by the people of our state would perpetually recall our early traditions, and

Appreciating, also, the deep natural beauties provided for us by nature with so little effort on our part, I therefore, in accordance with the law of the state hereby proclaim

Friday, May 12, 1933

Arbor Day in the State of Maine

and ask that this day be observed by the planting of shrubs and trees along the highways, in the parks and schoolyards and wherever thoughtful men and women shall deem it wise.

Given at the office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twentieth day of April, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Special Election On Direct Initiative Bill No. 1

Whereas, in accordance with section eighteen of article XXXI, an amendment to article IV, part third of the Constitution, there was respectfully proposed to the Eighty-sixth Legislature by not less than twelve thousand electors, a written petition filed in the office of the Secretary of State at least thirty days before the close of the legislative session, the following bill:

“AN ACT to Raise An Excise Tax on Corporations Organized For Making, Generating, Selling, Distributing and/or Supplying Electricity or Electric Current For Power, Lighting, Heating, Manufacturing or Mechanical Purposes,”

which said bill is known as Initiative Bill No. 1.

And whereas, said petitioners have requested that “the Governor call a special election in event a referendum shall become necessary,”

And whereas, said measure was not enacted without change by the Legislature,

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of Maine hereby designate the second Monday of September, being the 11th day of said month, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, as the time on which the above proposed act shall be voted on by the people of said State.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twenty-sixth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:
ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Special Election on Direct Initiative Bill No. 2

Whereas, in accordance with section eighteen of article XXXI, an amendment to article IV, part third of the Constitution, there was respectfully proposed to the Eighty-sixth Legislature by not less than twelve thousand electors, a written petition filed in the office of the Secretary of State at least thirty days before the close of the legislative session, the following bill:

“AN ACT Establishing a Low Rate Tax on Intangible Personal Property in Accordance With Constitutional Amendment Permitting the Same,”

which said bill is known as Initiative Bill No. 2.

And whereas, said petitioners have requested that “Should this bill fail of enactment by the legislature, the petitioners desire that a special election shall be called as provided by the constitution,”

And whereas, said measure was not enacted without change by the Legislature,

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution of Maine hereby designate the second Monday of September, being the 11th day of said month, in

the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, as the time on which the above proposed act shall be voted on by the people of said State.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twenty-sixth day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

April 26, 1933.

Attention is called to the Tenth Annual Observance of National Music Week in which Maine, in common with the other states of the Union, will participate from May 7 to 13.

More than ever, in these trying times we need the spiritual uplift of good music and the joy of self-expression through it.

It is fitting at this time that we set apart a week in which music shall be uppermost in our activities, particularly the study and presentation of American music and the observance of the One-hundredth Anniversary of the birth of the composer, Brahms—an observance in which our homes, schools, churches, clubs, theatres and industrial groups have been asked to join.

I recommend that the State of Maine tune in with the keynote of Music Week, expressed in its rallying cry, "Hear Music, Make Music, Enjoy Music" by promoting a celebration of the Week in each community; by encouraging the "get-together spirit" of music as expressed, not only in the home but in massed concerts and other civic musical events; that we encourage music participation by both adults and young people, during Music Week, by linking the music in schools and homes, and by having the homes function as centers of neighborhood music; that we choose this Week for the meeting of whatever outstanding musical need may exist in our communities.

We may make this week particularly our own by singing our traditional songs and featuring on our programs the composers of this State.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

May 8, 1933.

Whereas, the President of the United States has, in response to the Senate resolution issued a proclamation "calling upon our citizens to express on Mother's Day, Sunday, May 14, 1933, our love and reverence for motherhood" in accordance with the custom in the State of Maine,

I therefore hereby proclaim:

Sunday, May 14, 1933

"Mother's Day"

and ask that on that day we express our gratitude and love for mothers especially those that in this time of emergency are in need and,

Further that we give sympathetic consideration for the children of dependent mothers,

And still further we resolve that we give daily appreciation of our gratitude to mothers to the end that every day be "Mother's Day."

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

[Seal]

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

Fifteen years ago at eleven o'clock in the morning on the eleventh day of November, the guns in France were stilled.

An armistice had been signed.

More than four million men had been mobilized under the colors of the United States. A magnificent American army had been landed upon European soil and had established itself as courageous, brave and efficient.

Whether the lesson of the futility of armed conflict between nations has been fully learned by the world appears in doubt.

The American Legion is the greatest peace-time organization in the history of the world and in peace, as in war, its members serve the nation with high and patriotic purpose.

Armistice Day is a legal and statutory holiday.

It is urged that the citizens of Maine join with the American Legion in proper observance of the signing of the armistice by closing of the places of business and participation in the exercises that are being arranged by Legion Posts all over the state.

Dated Augusta, Maine, November 8, 1933.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor of Maine.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Special Legislative Session

The Merrill Trust Company of Bangor has made application for membership in the Federal Reserve System.

Membership in the Federal Reserve System guarantees the deposits to the extent permitted under the Federal Banking Act of 1933.

Insurance of deposits under the Act becomes effective on January 1, 1934.

The plan endorsed by the stockholders on November 10 and approved by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Federal Reserve System calls for the granting of a new charter to the Merrill Trust Company and the formation of a mortgage company to be known as the Merrill Mortgage Company.

The Reconstruction Finance Corporation will invest two million dollars (\$2,000,000) in the preferred stock of the Merrill Trust Company and more than three million dollars (\$3,000,000) in the Mortgage Company.

The plan as adopted by the stockholders and approved and supported by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Federal Reserve System will prevent loss to any depositor in the Merrill Trust Company.

The plan calls for the control of the Merrill Trust Company to be in the hands of the present preferred stockholders and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation subject to the supervision of the Federal Reserve System.

The Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the Federal Reserve System will act immediately upon the granting of the charters by the Legislature.

In order to cooperate with the stockholders of the Merrill Trust Company, the Federal Reserve System and the Reconstruction Finance Corpo-

ration, I herewith call into special session the Eighty-sixth Legislature to assemble in their respective chambers at the Capitol, in Augusta, on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of November, 1933, at four o'clock in the afternoon, to consider the granting of such charters and such general legislation as may be necessary to permit banks to become members of the Federal Reserve System.

The occasion is extraordinary.

[Seal]

Given at the office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine this thirteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and in the one hundred and fifty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Thanksgiving Day, 1933

From time immemorial, mankind has paused to give thanks.

The race has always expressed gratitude for deliverance and well being. Prayer and thanksgiving have now replaced vicarious sacrifices.

Our forefathers in the dangerous business of hewing a place for liberty out of the forests of New England, and in the face of uncertainty and hardship, selected this season of the year to gather in thanksgiving.

Those simple thanksgiving days of the Pilgrims have become an institution of a great Nation.

In this year of nineteen hundred and thirty-three, we are at peace with the World.

We are slowly emerging from a period of distress and despair.

We have conquered fear.

Hope is above the horizon.

I urge the people of Maine, according to their individual customs and beliefs, in their homes and places of worship, to meet in a spirit of humble gratitude and thanksgiving.

I, therefore, proclaim

Thursday, November 30, 1933

**Thanksgiving Day
in the State of Maine**

Given at the office of the Governor and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this fifteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-eighth.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor of Maine.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Special Legislative Session

Whereas, it appears advisable that the Legislature of this State should meet in special session for the following purposes:

To consider legislation pertaining to the financial affairs of the State.

To act upon the submission of the twenty-sixth amendment to the Constitution of Maine.

The regulation and control of the sale of intoxicating liquors for medicinal and mechanical purposes, permitted under the Constitution of the State.

To act upon the submission of control legislation in lieu of previous prohibitory laws if the twenty-sixth amendment be repealed.

Legislation pertaining to banks and banking.

To act upon the necessary legislation to enable the state and the political units thereof to receive the benefits of the Public Works Act.

To act upon the ratification of the Child Labor Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

To act upon a bill to provide for a National Forest in the State.

Legislation authorizing Loan and Building Associations to assign or exchange Home Mortgages for Bonds issued by Home Owners' Loan Corporation.

An Act creating a commission on Interstate Compact affecting labor and industries.

To act upon any legislation to promote the welfare of the State.

I, therefore, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor, convene the Legislature of this State, hereby requiring the Senators and Representatives to assemble in their respective chambers at the Capitol, at Augusta, on Monday, the fourth day of December, 1933, at four-thirty o'clock, P. M., in order to receive such communication as may then be made to them and to consider and determine on such measures as in their judgment will best promote the welfare of the State.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine this twenty-eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, and in the one hundred and fifty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

**Referendum Upon An Act Relating to Transportation of Intoxicating
Liquor**

Whereas, the Eighty-sixth Legislature of the State of Maine, convening upon the first Wednesday of January in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, duly enacted a public law entitled, "AN ACT Relating to Transportation of Intoxicating Liquor," which law appears in the Public Laws of the State of Maine for the year 1933 as Chapter 226 thereof, and

Whereas, it appears that written petitions of not less than ten thousand electors of this State addressed to the Governor were filed in the Office of the Secretary of State within ninety days after the recess of the said Eighty-sixth Legislature, requesting that said public act be referred to the people, and it therefore appeared that the effect of said public act was suspended by said petitions under the provisions of the Constitution of Maine;

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, hereby declare that said act has been suspended. The provisions of Section 17 of Part Third of Article IV of the Constitution of Maine provide that in such cases such measure is to be voted on by the people at the next general election not less than sixty days after such proclamation, with the provision that if there is no general election to be held within six months thereafter, the Governor may and if so requested in said written petitions therefor, shall order a special election not less than four nor more than six months after the proclamation. In the petitions referred to there is no request for an early election and the desire of the petitioners is admittedly the suspension of the operation of this act, a condition which has already been brought to pass by the filing of the petitions. Public necessity does not seem to make advisable the exercising of the discretion permitted by the Constitution in calling a special election.

Now, therefore, I hereby designate the date of the next general election, to wit, the second Monday of September, being the tenth day of said month, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four as the time on which the above-mentioned act shall be voted on by the people of the State, in accordance with the constitutional provisions above-mentioned.

[Seal]

In Witness Whereof, I have caused the seal of the State to be hereunto affixed at Augusta, this twenty-third day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and in the year of the Independence of the United States, the one hundred and fifty-eighth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Out of respect to the memory of the men who lost their lives when the Battleship Maine was sunk in Havana Harbor, thirty-six years ago, and out of respect for the men who fell in the War with Spain, it is urged that the flags be flown at half staff on February 15, the day on which the Spanish-American War Veterans hold their memorial services.

It is therefore ordered that on the State Buildings and Armories the National and State colors shall be flown at half staff on the fifteenth day of February, 1934.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this fourteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Whereas, financial independence is something for which we all strive, and

Whereas, like life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, it is an ideal we would like to see realized by, and for everyone, and

Whereas, we just now are emerging from a distressing period when we particularly have had brought home to us the need for, and wisdom of making provision for our own financial futures, and the futures of those dependent upon us, and

Whereas, because of these experiences, it is especially fitting that we should be giving more study as individuals, and as a commonwealth, to ways and means of achieving financial independence,

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, designate and declare the week of March 19 to 24, 1934 as Financial Independence Week, and invite you, and every citizen of the state, to participate in, and take advantage of the educational programs on the subject of financial independence which during the week will be presented in cities throughout Maine.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twelfth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:
ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE
PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

On April 6, 1909, Robert Edwin Peary discovered the North Pole. Although not a native of Maine, he became a son of our State, was graduated from Bowdoin College, and was regarded throughout the years of a distinguished career as a Maine man.

Admiral Peary's Polar expeditions, his service in the United States Navy, and his important discovery make a fascinating story—one that Maine may well be proud of.

His devotion to his determination to be the first to plant the Flag of this Nation at the Pole offers an inspiring lesson in sustained effort; resolutions in the face of hardship and almost insurmountable difficulties. Truly he was "the man that refused to fail."

It is suggested that Maine people review his achievements on April 6, the 25th anniversary of the discovery of the Pole—that school children be given a half holiday, that programs may be arranged calling attention to the accomplishments of a brilliant son of Maine.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do officially proclaim special observance of the memory of Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary on the sixth day of April, 1934.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR
Army Day

It is human to forget services rendered to State and Country except when a crisis requires them again. This is especially true in regard to the Army of the United States.

The Army of the United States consists of the Regular Army, the National Guard, and the Organized Reserve,—the latter two named civilian components,—The Guard a joint Federal and State force employed frequently in times of local emergency,—the Reserve, what the name defines.

The officers in Maine of the Regular Army are the instructors and administrators of the citizen soldiers in addition to their many other duties.

They are found around the world in peaceful defense of our trade and commerce.

Their courageous and efficient record throughout the years is today exemplified in the very brightest manner in the mobilization and administration of the Civilian Conservation Corps Camps.

In memory of the heroic services rendered by all our soldiers in the history of the nation, and out of respect to the devotion to duty manifested daily by all the components of our Army, I ask the State of Maine to join with the Country in observance of Army Day, Friday, April 6, 1934.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor of Maine.

Dated April 5, 1934.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

The pine-clad hills of Maine, her wealth of fish and game, her panorama of colorful wild flowers and the manifold forms of bird life within her borders challenge us at this season of the year and beckon us to the great out-of-doors.

The automobile and increased leisure have made it possible for everyone to fare forth in search of health, beauty and recreation. But may we go with intelligent appreciation of the worth of all nature's bountiful gifts and with determination to preserve them from waste and despoilation.

Fires that burn over large forest areas are largely the result of carelessness. Many of our rare ferns, flowers and shrubs are fast becoming entirely lost to future generations through ruthless picking and uprooting.

And so, in the interests of Conservation and in line with the great national movement of the present day, I commend to every citizen of the State of Maine and particularly to the youth in our public schools, a consideration of the importance of our forests, our flowers and our wild life, together with the responsibility of each individual towards their preservation.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do proclaim the week of April 22-28 as Conservation Week, one day of which, Thursday, April 26, I particularly designate as Bird Day. This day marks the birthday of that great American scientist and friend of birds, John James Audubon.

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this seventh day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-eighth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

In accordance with the statutory requirements of the State of Maine, it becomes my duty at this season of the year to designate a day upon which we may particularly consider the importance of the planting of trees, shrubs and vines.

While Maine is particularly favored in the generous bounty of nature, yet we should ever have in mind the further beautifying of our landscape.

We should at the same time emphasize the importance of our forest wealth and realize that our fish and game, our water power, our industries and our recreational advantages depend chiefly upon its conservation.

On public and private grounds, in towns and along the roadsides tree planting should be in every way encouraged; thus we may not only provide shelter for our native birds but also add to the permanent beauty of our scenery.

Therefore, I do hereby proclaim

Friday, May 4, 1934

Arbor Day in the State of Maine

Given at the Office of the Governor and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twenty-third day of April, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-eighth.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

National Music Week

May 6 - 12, 1934

It is my pleasure to direct the attention of the citizens of Maine to the tenth annual observance of National Music Week, May 6-12, in which the

musical organizations of our State are preparing to participate and which has the endorsement of the President of the United States.

Such a week does much to stimulate musical education and appreciation.

I heartily commend the keynote of the coming celebration—"A More Fruitful Use of Leisure Through Music."

The reorganization of industry throughout the country has given people leisure time they have never before known and no recreation could contribute more to cultural development and uplift than music.

With this in mind, I recommend that special musical programs be arranged for the Week in our homes, schools, churches, service clubs and theatres; that Maine musicians and the works of American composers be featured on these programs, and that community singing be emphasized.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

Dated Augusta, Maine, April 27, 1934.

STATE OF MAINE

STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

Brotherhood Day, April 29, 1934

If by sober reflection upon the joint problems of our common faiths, we may be relieved of prejudice and misunderstanding—then we will have accomplished something by observing tomorrow, Sunday, April 29, 1934 as Brotherhood Day.

Widely approved by Protestant, Catholic and Jewish leaders, its purpose endorsed by President Roosevelt, I am desirous of commending to Maine people, Brotherhood Day.

This day will not deal with doctrinal differences but will suggest that we, as Americans, have the power of mind to rise above old suspicions, petty and unfounded notions and join in a national mobilization of our human resources for the good of the country.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

Dated Augusta, Maine, April 28, 1934.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

The President of the United States in accordance with a resolve of the Congress has proclaimed May 1 as Child Health Day.

It is a trite expression that the future of our Nation rests upon the

foundations of mental and physical health being laid now by the growing generation—but public and private indifference to the welfare of the child sometimes is not uncommon.

The State of Maine in its Public Health Service is undertaking to safeguard the interests of the child.

This, however, is a proper interest for all.

An equal opportunity to establish health, education, and training, to develop in the child those responsibilities toward home and State—that this Nation so sorely needs every hour of its history, should be our determination.

It is being demonstrated day after day that perfection in intellectual and physical matters does not of itself finish the job—where the spiritual is lacking—this perfection may become a weapon turned against society.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim

Tuesday, May 1, 1934

Child Health Day in the State of Maine.

Given at the office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twenty-eighth day of April, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-four and of the Independence of the United States of America, the One Hundred and Fifty-eighth.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Mothers' Day—May 13, 1934

The language has no adequate expression for the universal love and respect for mothers.

I know of no words sweet enough, nor measure of gratitude great enough to use in speaking of mothers.

When all the world turns to ashes—when all others fail—when life be-

comes vicious and holds no promise nor hope—it is the mother to whom we may kneel in sanctuary.

We go to them for strength.

At their knees we learned of the Infinite God who holds our destinies in His hands.

The dreams of mothers will come nearer fulfillment—if we are made of the stuff to follow in their footsteps—to retain hold upon courage and if we may but temper our lives and our desires by the same tender spirit of concern for the rights of others as mothers have shown since the beginning of the race.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim

Sunday, May 13, 1934

Mothers' Day in the State of Maine

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor, at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twelfth day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-four and of the Independence of the United States of America, the One Hundred and Fifty-eighth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

Good-Will Day

With so much war talk now being made there should be ample opportunity for expressions of peace and good-will.

Surely the world has seen enough bloodshed—enough of the wanton sacrificing of human lives.

No problem is so great that killing and maiming of men, women and children is its only solution.

We have but recently been told it cost \$25,000 to kill each man who died in the carefully planned World War.

If as much thought and money were put into a movement aimed at the educational advancement of the human race along lines of good-will there probably would be fewer wars.

"World Good-Will Day" sponsored by the World Federation of Education Associations and kindred groups, will be observed May 18.

It commemorates the first world-wide conference for peace, held at The Hague thirty-five years ago.

Appropriate observance of the day is suggested.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

[Seal]

Dated: May 16, 1934

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

In view of the serious forest fire menace existing in all parts of our State and upon recommendation of the Forest Commissioner and pursuant to the authority vested in me by virtue of Sections 38 to 41, inclusive, of Chapter 11 of the Revised Statutes as amended by Chapter 180 of the Public Laws of 1931, I do hereby proclaim suspension of the open season on fishing in the inland waters of the State, the same to be effective at sundown today and to continue until revoked by me.

This suspension applies to all sections of the State, and prohibits all smoking or the building of any and all fires out of doors in the woods, but does not suspend or prohibit lawful fishing from boats or canoes on lakes, ponds, rivers or thoroughfares.

It is my earnest desire that all citizens of the State cooperate in this very serious situation and all game wardens and state officials are instructed to proceed in the enforcement of this proclamation.

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this first day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred fifty-eighth of the Independence of the United States of America.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE
PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Japanese Beetle Quarantine

Whereas, in order to prevent the spread of a dangerously injurious insect known as the Japanese Beetle (*Popillia Japonica* Newn) new to and not heretofore widely prevalent or distributed within the State of Maine, but existing in certain portions of New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia.

And, whereas, there is grave danger of spreading this insect into various counties on fruits and vegetables; nursery, ornamental and greenhouse stock and other plants; and sand, soil, earth, peat, compost and manure or any other materials likely to transport the beetle,

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, hereby order and declare that an absolute quarantine be and is hereby established against transportation into that part of the State of Maine now outside the Federal quarantined area of fruits and vegetables; nursery, ornamental and greenhouse stock and other plants; and sand, soil, earth, peat, compost and manure or any other materials likely to transport the beetle in any of its life stages except under the conditions prescribed in the rules and regulations of the State Department of Agriculture hereinafter referred to.

For the purpose of enforcing this quarantine the Commissioner of Agriculture of the State of Maine shall promulgate regulations necessary to carry out the purposes of this quarantine and to enforce the same through duly authorized deputies.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this quarantine or the rules and regulations promulgated as above set forth shall be subject to prosecution.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this fourth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred fifty-eighth of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Rainfall throughout the State and especially in the forest fire areas has decreased the fire menace.

The Proclamation issued June 1 declaring a suspension of the open season on fishing in the inland waters of the State, and prohibiting smoking and the building of any and all fires out of doors is hereby revoked, effective at noon, June 13, 1934.

Thousands of acres of valuable timberland in our State has been devastated and the fire loss and cost of fighting same will be unusually heavy this year—besides the loss of animal and plant life. Many deer especially the young have been caught in the fire areas and destroyed.

The natural resources of our State are a major asset and we must strive to conserve them.

I am asking those who enjoy the out of doors and use our woods to continue to exercise caution.

Fishermen are especially urged to use due care in smoking and extinguishing of fires kindled out of doors.

I desire to ask the cooperation of those driving along our highways to exercise caution in smoking by the careful disposition of lighted matches and cigarettes in order to assist in safeguarding and preserving the natural beauties of our State.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this thirteenth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred fifty-eighth of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

The Flag of the United States of America is the beloved symbol of a free nation.

The Flag of this united nation is also the symbol of immeasurable sacrifice when easier ways tempted.

It was born in the travail of a new order of freedom.

The Flag, and the Nation it represents, survive by virtue of the devotion of the people to the ideals of free Government.

A new people of many hopes and divergent beliefs found and still find within our union, a haven wherein they may proudly live.

Though of many bloods and different tongues, a mighty race is emerging.

The story of the Flag is amazing in its record of sharp sectional, racial, and temperamental contrasts blended into a National Consciousness of common purposes.

It is fitting, that on June 14, 1934, known as Flag Day, that public exercises be arranged especially in the schools and the Story of the Flag be retold.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim

Thursday, June 14, 1934

Flag Day in the State of Maine

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this thirteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and fifty-eighth.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

September 19, 1934.

General Hanson informs me that the National Guard was sent to the various cities and towns upon the written request of the civil officers.

It is the duty of the State to maintain law and order in every community of the State and the State proposes to do so.

The duty to maintain law and order is the duty and obligation of the local officials and the officials of the counties in the first instance.

The National Guard should assist the local officers in the maintenance of law and order whenever they are unable to handle the situation and they should be removed as soon as the safety of the citizens and property rights are guaranteed.

The state and local authorities should safeguard the rights and privileges not only of the operatives who are out on strike, but of the operatives who desire to work.

The right of a citizen to work must be absolutely safeguarded and protected not only by the local authorities but by the State.

If any individual expresses a desire to work his right to work will be protected by every resource of the State.

Our citizens are law abiding.

The operatives are law abiding.

The danger is from the irresponsible and from those from outside coming into Maine.

The rights of the contesting parties are firmly established and very easily defined.

The plants have a right to operate and have a right to be protected in that operation and the employees who desire to work in that plant are entitled to be protected, free from any interference, humiliation or intimidation.

The strikers have a right to picket in a peaceful and orderly manner.

The employees under the NRA have a right to organize and have a right to have a place in which to organize and have a right to deal collectively and through their chosen representatives with the plant management.

The State will protect these various rights, but the cities and towns should, as soon as possible, organize to maintain order and to protect the lives of citizens and the property of individuals in their respective communities.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Authorization of the Amendment to the Constitution, to Repeal the Twenty-sixth Amendment.

Whereas, the Eighty-sixth Legislature of the State of Maine by a Resolve passed by a concurrent vote of both branches and approved December 16,

1933, proposed to the electors of said State the following amendment to the Constitution, to wit:

"The twenty-sixth amendment to the constitution is hereby repealed."

And whereas, it appears by the return of votes given in by the electors of the various cities, towns and plantations, voting upon said amendment as directed in the aforementioned Resolve, upon the tenth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, and canvassed by the Governor and Council on October first, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, that a majority of said votes were in favor of this amendment, namely, 161,893 for, and 85,363 opposed;

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do proclaim the constitution of the State of Maine amended as proposed, and in accordance with the provisions of this said Resolve, the amendment shall hereupon as of the date of this proclamation become a part of the constitution.

In witness whereof, I have caused the Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed at Augusta, this first day of October in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, and in the year of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

[Seal]

By the Governor:
ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

AN ACT Relating to Transportation of Intoxicating Liquor

Whereas, the Eighty-sixth Legislature of the State of Maine, convening upon the first Wednesday of January in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-three, duly enacted a public law entitled, "AN ACT Relating to Transportation of Intoxicating Liquor," which law appears in the Public Laws of the State of Maine for the year nineteen hundred thirty-three, as Chapter 226 thereof, and which law provides as follows, namely:

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. R. S., c. 137, § 3, repealed. Section 3 of chapter 137 of the revised statutes is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. R. S., c. 137, § 6, amended. Section 6 of chapter 137 of the revised statutes is hereby amended by striking out everything after the word "origin" in the 2nd line.

Sec. 3. R. S., c. 137, § 1, amended. Section 1 of chapter 137 of the revised statutes is hereby amended by striking out the word "fit" in the 3rd line thereof.

And whereas, under the provisions of Section 17 of Part Third of Article IV of the Constitution of Maine, the effect of such act was suspended by the filing in the office of the Secretary of State within ninety days after the recess of such legislature, of a written petition of not less than ten thousand electors, addressed to the Governor of the State, requesting that such act be referred to the People;

And whereas, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of said State, by public proclamation gave notice thereof and that such measure should be voted upon at the general election to be held on the second Monday of September, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four to wit: on September ten, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four;

And whereas, it appears that by the return of votes given in by the electors of the various cities, towns and plantations voting upon said act upon the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, and canvassed by the Governor and Council on October first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, that a majority of the votes given thereon were in favor of the enactment of said law, to wit, 141,259 for, and 82,877 opposed;

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, acting under the provisions of Section 19 of Part Third of Article IV of the Constitution of Maine, do proclaim the result of the vote on said act to be as above stated, and that the same has become a public law of this State under the provisions of said Constitution.

In witness whereof, I have caused the Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed at Augusta, this first day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, and in the year of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:
ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE
PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

**Authorization of the Amendment to the Constitution, to Provide for a Bond
Issue for the Construction, Improvement and Equipment of State
Buildings**

Whereas, the Eighty-sixth legislature of the State of Maine by a Resolve passed by a concurrent vote of both branches and approved December 16, 1933, proposed to the electors of said State the following amendment to the Constitution, to wit:

Article IX of the constitution is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:

'Sec. 20. The state under authority of proper enactment of the legislature may issue its bonds not to exceed the amount of \$2,000,000 payable within 20 years, at a rate of interest not exceeding 5% per annum, payable semi-annually, the proceeds to be disbursed for the construction of state buildings and equipment for same, or remodeling or extension of any plant which is part of state-owned property. Said bonds shall be designated "State of Maine Improvement Bonds," and when paid at maturity or otherwise retired, shall not be reissued.'

And whereas, it appears by the return of votes given in by the electors of the various cities, towns and plantations, voting upon said amendment, as directed in the aforementioned Resolve, upon the tenth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, and canvassed by the Governor and Council on October first, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, that a majority of said votes were in favor of this amendment, namely, 123,843 for, and 79,906 opposed;

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do proclaim the constitution of the State of Maine amended as proposed, and in accordance with the provisions of this said Resolve, the amendment shall hereupon as of the date of this proclamation become a part of the constitution.

In witness whereof, I have caused the Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed at Augusta, this first day of October in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, and in the year of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:
ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Authorization of the Amendment to the Constitution, to Provide for an
Increase of the State Debt Limit

Whereas, the Eighty-sixth legislature of the State of Maine by a Resolve passed by a concurrent vote of both branches and approved December 16, 1933, proposed to the electors of said State the following amendment to the Constitution, to wit:

Section 14 of Article IX, as amended by articles XXXV, XLI, XLII, XLIII, and XLV, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

'Sec. 14. The credit of the state shall not be directly or indirectly loaned in any case. The legislature shall not create any debt or debts, liability or liabilities, on behalf of the state, which shall singly, or in the aggregate, with previous debts and liabilities hereafter incurred at any one time, exceed \$2,000,000, except for the purposes of building state highways, intrastate, interstate and international bridges; to suppress insurrection, to repel invasion, or for the purposes of war; to provide for the payment of a bonus to Maine soldiers and sailors in the war with Germany; or for the purposes of building and maintaining public wharves and for the establishment of adequate port facilities in the state of Maine; but this amendment shall not be construed to refer to any money that has been, or may be deposited with this state by the government of the United States, or to any fund which the state shall hold in trust for any Indian tribe.'

And whereas, it appears by the return of votes given in by the electors of the various cities, towns and plantations, voting upon said amendment as directed in the aforementioned Resolve, upon the tenth day of September, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, and canvassed by the Governor and Council on October first, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, that a majority of said votes were in favor of this amendment, namely, 117,046 for, and 91,515 opposed;

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do proclaim the constitution of the State of Maine amended as proposed, and in accordance with the provisions of this said Resolve, the amendment shall hereupon as of the date of this proclamation become a part of the constitution.

[Seal]

In witness whereof, I have caused the Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed at Augusta, this first day of October in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, and in the year of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:
ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

Today, October 11, marks the anniversary of the heroic death in 1779 of Count Casimir Pulaski, great Polish patriot soldier, and lover of freedom for which he laid down his life.

Count Pulaski, exile from his dearly loved Poland, distinguished himself in the Army of Washington.

He was another son of another land to whom the gratitude of this Nation shall never be allowed to dim,—

When he died from wounds he received two days before at the siege of Savannah, he was a Brigadier-General in the Continental Army, commissioned by order of the Congress and made the chief of cavalry.

His record as a courageous leader was brilliant and his memory is, and should be, cherished and revered by the United States of today.

Dated, Augusta, Maine, October 11, 1934.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

STATE OF MAINE
STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

Columbus Day, October 12, 1934

The unflinching inspiration of Christopher Columbus is of especial significance today.

The oft told story of his persistence, his abounding vision and living courage grows in fascination as the years roll on.

It is difficult, surrounded as we are by the extensive modern conveniences to estimate fully the mental and moral valor of Columbus.

Today the vast resources of communication transport and picture with science plotting the way and preserving for posterity the records would have been mobilized for the great adventure that set sail on August 3, 1492 for seas that were truly uncharted and lands unknown.

There is a touching lesson in the overcoming of discouragement and disappointment that led up to the momentous day when that hardy band of eighty-eight souls set sail in three ships in which today we would scorn to cross a mill pond.

It seems to me that we are neglecting a golden opportunity if we do not refresh our minds, jack up our spirit and place greater hope in the future by the example of the valiant Genoese.

In the day of Columbus, as throughout recorded history and as living and thriving today are the apostles of chicanery and treachery, fixing as their prey the men of action, the doers, the leaders, the discoverers and even the dreamers who conceived the civilization we know.

The glorious triumph over nature's obstacles and fellowmen's lack of faith is a brilliant portrait for all the ages—this is one of Columbus' legacies—but there is also the pathetic scene when he was placed in chains and dispatched home, the victim of false witnesses and degrading greed.

There is in this journey homeward when he was stripped of every rightful honor and authority that we see the great discoverer's soul tried.

In these hours of despair, when he refused to permit the manacles to be struck from him "until removed by the sovereign that ordered them" is seen the nobility of spirit and high purpose of which the truly great are made.

Hence on this anniversary of the Columbus' landfall in the New World—the lessons taught by his life may well be taken to our own comfort and courage in this new era of the nation.

Dated Augusta, Maine, October 12, 1934.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

STATE OF MAINE
STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

Augusta, Maine, October 18, 1934

I am satisfied that it is my duty to call a special session of the 86th Legislature.

I am in communication with several members of the Legislature who express a desire that the session come early in November due to appointments interfering with attending a session in October.

November 6 would be the first available date in November and it is now my purpose to issue a call for a special session of the Legislature to convene on Tuesday, November 6, to consider the passage of regulatory liquor legislation.

I have communicated with the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House as to the date.

The proclamation will be seasonably issued.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

STATE OF MAINE
PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

American Education Week

Education is a debt which each generation owes in full measure to the succeeding one.

To function most effectively in a progressing state and nation it must be constantly revised, improved and adapted in form and administration to the needs of a changing social order.

The immediate problem in Maine is to bring about an equality of educational opportunity together with the maintenance of the educational system throughout the State at the highest possible level commensurate with State and local resources.

American Education Week, sponsored by the United States Office of Education, the American Legion and the National Education Association, offers a special opportunity for all citizens to gain a more intimate knowledge and a better appreciation of our schools.

This year it should be of special significance in Maine.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do hereby designate the week of

November 5 to 11

as

American Education Week

and respectfully urge that our citizens visit their schools during these days and further familiarize themselves with our educational institutions and their ideals in such manner as may seem appropriate.

Given at the Office of the Governor, at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this nineteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred fifty-ninth of the Independence of the United States of America.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Navy Day, October 27, 1934

It is not only desirable but just that one day in the year should be set apart in honor of the United States Navy.

Since that October in 1775 when the Navy was authorized by the Continental Congress, its service has been meritorious and courageous.

Its high traditions have found fulfillment in the men that have served the Colors in the seven seas of the World.

It is especially fitting that the observance of Navy Day falls upon the anniversary of the birth of that illustrious and able President, Theodore Roosevelt, who may be properly considered the father of our modern navy; and in whose steps there treads another Roosevelt, our present President who also sponsors a Navy, the peer of any and the inferior of none.

The United States Navy has a glorious record in peace.

As a matter of fact, although National Defense is the primary consideration, the Navy of our Country has contributed deeds of mercy and international succor that challenge in brilliancy the accomplishments of any arm of our government.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim

Saturday, October 27, 1934

Navy Day in the State of Maine

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twenty-fifth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Special Legislative Session

Whereas, it appears advisable that the Legislature of this State should meet in Special Session for the following purpose:

To act upon legislation for the regulation and control of the manufacture, transportation and sale of intoxicating liquors in lieu of present prohibitory laws;

I, therefore, by virtue of the power vested in me as Governor, convene the Legislature of this State, hereby requiring Senators and Representatives to assemble in their respective chambers at the Capitol, at Augusta, on Tuesday, the sixth day of November, 1934 at ten o'clock A. M.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE
 PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Armistice Day, November 11, 1934

The State observes November 11 as Armistice Day—a statutory holiday. Justly so!

I fear the lessons so dearly bought by priceless sacrifice have not yet become a part of world consciousness.

In America we move and think in terms of peace.

We ask that we may be permitted to work out our own destiny—and that without resort to arms.

A heroic body of men and women under the flag of the United States of America contributed the final measure that determined an allied victory sixteen years ago.

Today banded together for God and country—for the preservation of American institutions and national security—in the interests of right—in arms against an autocracy of either the classes or the masses—these men and women constituting the American Legion and auxiliary—are a great force for high and patriotic citizenship and service.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do hereby proclaim

Sunday, November 11, 1934

Armistice Day in the State of Maine

and urge that the citizens of Maine join with the American Legion in proper observance of the signing of the armistice by the participation in the exercises that are being arranged by Legion Posts all over the State.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine this ninth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
 Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
 Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Potato Week

The vast agricultural area of the Northern part of our State is in distress. Nature has produced the most bountiful of crops.

Thousands of our people are dependent upon the success of the potato harvest.

This year the people of Maine have the opportunity to relieve a condition that threatens the very lifeblood of a large section of our population.

Reduced to simple terms it is just this,—whether we will stand by without making an effort to help by purchasing immediately our individual potato supply for the Winter.

It is a good old Maine custom to lay up food stores for the Winter.

There was a time when no family in our State would think of letting the month of November pass without storing safely in the cellar the Winter's supply of potatoes—truly as much the staff of life as wheat.

We have an added incentive this year,—not in recent history have Maine potatoes been of such high standard as this year.

I urge upon all the people of Maine who are able to buy their Winter's supply of potatoes at this time; otherwise a heavy loss will be felt by our Northern producers with no facilities for Winter storage.

It will be neighborly and most gracious, as well as personally profitable, for us to anticipate the march of the seasons by removing the certain destruction of Maine potatoes with the consequent suffering and privation certain to follow.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do hereby proclaim the week

November 11-November 17, 1934, as

Potato Week in the State of Maine

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine this ninth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE
STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR
American Red Cross

The annual roll call of the American Red Cross is underway.

"The Greatest Mother" asks for your support.

The Red Cross through the Chapters located in the communities gives service of the highest type—it succors the needy—it feeds the young—it clothes the destitute—in many ways, too numerous to mention here, daily it ministers to humanity.

In times of disaster it is first in stricken areas where it helps rebuild homes, reunite families and preserve the common courage.

I am proud to be enrolled as a member of the American Red Cross.

Dated Augusta, Maine, November 9, 1934.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor of Maine.

STATE OF MAINE
PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR
Thanksgiving Day

Mankind has ever cause for giving thanks.

This November finds us with especial reason for gratitude as a people, as a State, and as a Nation.

We have survived a great trial.

Faith in our kind of government persists and its success in dealing with our problems remains demonstrated.

Individually and as a State we are better off than we were a year ago.

The custom of the founders of this land in setting aside a day for prayer and thoughtful thanksgiving will continue through the years as a sacred obligation of citizenship.

Therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of the State of Maine, do hereby proclaim

Thursday, November 29, 1934

Thanksgiving Day

In the State of Maine

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine this twenty-second day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four and in the one hundred and fifty-ninth year of the Independence of the United States of America.

[Seal]

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

ROBINSON C. TOBEY,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Boy Scout Week—February 8-14, 1935

There is no movement outside of church and home better calculated nor prepared to engage the youth of our State in healthful and sound activities than the Boy Scouts of America.

The Boy Scouts exemplify the solid virtues that have made not only for the greatness of our State but have fitted its sons to be leaders in many States of the Union, in National, and International life.

Therefore, in grateful and affectionate recognition of the influence upon an honorable and worthwhile manhood; of the constant preparedness for service; and of the substantial contribution to the youth, upon the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Boy Scouts of America, February 8,

I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim,

February 8-14

Boy Scout Week

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this seventh day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

LEWIS O. BARROWS,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

The course of world history was abruptly changed by the sad but memorable tragedy of the sinking of the battleship Maine in Havana Harbor thirty-seven years ago on the night of February 15.

The United States of America took its place as a World power and colonial administrator.

The cause of humanity and education was served on a world wide basis.

This was made possible by the patriotism and courageous devotion to duty of the "men of '98".

In memory of their sacrifice and that we may pause to refresh ourselves with the glorious traditions they upheld,

I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby order that on the State Buildings and Armories the National and State colors shall be flown at half staff on the fifteenth day of February, 1935.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this fourteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

LEWIS O. BARROWS,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE
STATEMENT BY THE GOVERNOR

Brotherhood Day

Any movement with the promotion of good will and mutual understanding as its objective should have the united and wholehearted support of American people.

Our Flag in its hour of need, knows no one creed nor racial derivative.

Just so in all other times, should we strive to put away prejudice and intolerance of our neighbors whose right to live and believe America's guarantee to him and his children.

The observance of Brotherhood Day, February 24, under the auspices of the National Council of Jews and Christians will be thoughtfully and prayerfully observed, I am sure, in the State of Maine.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

February 15, 1935

STATE OF MAINE
PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

The platform for this year of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs—"Economic Security for all"—is a high-minded and stirring contribution to the thought of the nation.

Certainly, there are no groups within the several communities of our State that have better opportunity to learn conditions first hand than our business women.

The business women of this day occupy an important and influential place in the social, business, and political life of the country.

Their participation in public affairs is of vast material assistance in the struggle to achieve economic security.

In addition, the age-recognized endowment of sympathetic and sensitive, if not instinctive understanding of women, make for the setting up of higher goals and enrich the new consciousness of an ancient responsibility—namely, that after all—life is too complex to be lived within one's own mental and physical borders, and that to be full and satisfying must take into account the problems and requirements of fellow men and women.

Inasmuch as the National Federation has decided to observe the week of March 18-23 as "National Business Women's Week" and in recognition of their high ideals and inspiring contribution to the progress of the State and Nation,

I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim March 18-23, 1935 as "National Business Women's Week".

[Seal]

Given at the office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twelfth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

LEWIS O. BARROWS,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Whereas, the National Housing Act, through the Federal Housing Administration has made it possible for the owner of real property to:

Better the living conditions of his family, increase the efficiency of his business, protect and safeguard his investments, stimulate the morals and workmanship of his employees, improve the standards and civic pride of his neighborhood, and

Whereas, a Better Housing Program under the National Housing Act was launched in Maine September 1, 1934, and since that date approximately one million dollars have been spent by the people of Maine in modernization of their homes, resulting in the removal of hundreds of workmen from the Federal Emergency Relief Administration's rolls and the absorption of a large percentage of skilled labor in all parts of the State. This program naturally has stimulated all lines of business and industry. The efficacy of the National Housing Act is unquestioned. Results thus far obtained justify its enactment by Congress. It offers the people of not only Maine but the entire Country a sound and constructive program—through the employment of private capital—for national recovery as well as affording our citizens opportunity to provide their families with new and modern homes and the improvement of existing property which has been permitted to deteriorate.

Now, therefore, I, Louis J. Brann, by virtue of authority vested in me as Governor of Maine, do hereby call upon all our people, generally, as well as

all Chambers of Commerce, civic and commercial organizations, clubs and other organized groups of whatever nature, to support the Better Housing Campaign that the greatest possible good may accrue to our State. In this connection, I hereby set aside the period beginning

April 1, 1935 and ending April 8, 1935, as

Better Housing Week

Our citizens are urged to actively participate in state-wide observance of this period as reflected in various community programs arranged for the occasion.

[Seal]

Given at the Office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this twenty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

LEWIS O. BARROWS,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MAINE

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

Achievements of the United States Army and its glorious record on the battle fields in the 159 years of its existence, fills a noble chapter in the history of the Nation.

Memory of the sacrifices of its members in defense of our home and liberty are to be cherished by every right-thinking citizen.

The relations of the Regular service with its civilian components, the National Guard and the Organized Reserve for whose instruction and training it is responsible, is reflected in an efficiency and loyalty on the part of these citizen-branches that is pleasing to the country.

In a spirit of faith in the peaceful purposes of our United States, in full appreciation that this Nation desires nothing so much as honorable peace and in grateful recognition of the traditions of our armed forces,

I, Louis J. Brann, Governor of Maine, do hereby proclaim,

April 6, 1935, Army Day

and call upon the citizens of the State to display the American Flag on their places of business and at their homes.

[Seal]

Given at the office of the Governor at Augusta, and sealed with the Great Seal of the State of Maine, this first day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and of the Independence of the United States of America, the one hundred and fifty-ninth.

LOUIS J. BRANN,
Governor.

By the Governor:

LEWIS O. BARROWS,
Secretary of State.