

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-sixth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

From April 4, 1931, to March 31, 1933

AND MISCELLANEOUS STATE PAPERS

Published by the Secretary of State in conjunction with the Revisor of Statutes in accordance with the Resolves of the Legislature approved June 28, 1820, March 18, 1840, March 16, 1842, and an Act approved April 2, 1931.

KENNEBEC JOURNAL COMPANY
AUGUSTA, MAINE

1933

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-sixth Legislature

1933

[supplied from page 1 of volume]

established place of business in said state, record therewith his appointment of an agent resident in the county where the mortgage is recorded, to receive satisfaction of the mortgage; and payment or tender thereof may be made to him. If he does not appoint such agent, the right to redeem is not forfeited.'

Approved February 17, 1933.

Chapter 5.

AN ACT Regulating Number of Voting Compartments.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Number of voting compartments regulated. Section 14 of chapter 8 of the revised statutes is hereby amended to read as follows:

'Sec. 14. **Voting compartments to be provided for use of voters while marking their ballots.** The municipal officers in each city, town or plantation, as aforesaid, shall cause the polling places therein to be suitably provided with a sufficient number of voting shelves and compartments, at or in which voters may conveniently mark their ballots so that in the marking thereof they shall be screened from the observation of others, and each voting shelf and compartment shall have a wooden swing door so arranged that the top thereof shall be not less than six feet from the floor and the bottom of the door shall be at least two feet and six inches from the floor. And such door shall be shut while the voter is within the compartment and no one shall be allowed therein with him, unless he calls for assistance in the marking of his ballot, and such assistance shall be so furnished according to the provisions of this chapter, and a guard-rail shall be so constructed and placed that only such persons as are inside said rail can approach within six feet of the ballot-boxes and of such voting shelves and compartments. The arrangement shall be such that the ballot-boxes shall not be hidden from the view of persons present, and the voting shelves and compartments shall be so arranged that the door of each compartment shall be next to the guard-rail, so as to admit to full view of the persons just outside of the guard-rail those who enter and leave each compartment. The number of such voting shelves and compartments shall not be less than one for every **two** hundred voters qualified to vote at such polling place, and not less than ~~three~~ **two** in any town and not less than five in any ward of a city. No persons other than the election officers, election clerks, and voters admitted as hereinafter provided, shall be permitted within said rail, except by authority of the presiding election officer or officers for the purpose of keeping order and enforcing the law. Each voting shelf and compartment shall be kept provided with proper supplies and conveniences for marking the ballots.'

Approved February 17, 1933.