

ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-fifth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1931

Published by the Secretary of State, in conjunction with the Revisor of Statutes in accordance with the Resolves of the Legislature, approved June 28, 1820, March 18, 1840, March 16, 1842, and an Act of August 6, 1930.

> KENNEBEC JOURNAL COMPANY AUGUSTA, MAINE 1931

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-fifth Legislature

1931

[supplied from page 1 of volume]

PAUPER SETTLEMENTS.

CHAP. 124

courts, within their respective counties, shall have, upon complaint, original and concurrent jurisdiction with the superior courts.

Approved March 30, 1931.

Chapter 123.

AN ACT Relating to Salmon Pond Sanctuary.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Salmon pond sanctuary described. Section ninety of chapter thirtyeight of the revised statutes is hereby amended by striking out the eighth paragraph of said section and inserting in place thereof the following paragraph:

'Salmon pond: That territory lying within a distance of one-quarter of a mile of Salmon pond, which pond is situated in the town of Guilford, in the county of Piscataquis, said pond being the source of water supply for the Dover and Foxcroft Water District. Also all the lands now owned by said Dover and Foxcroft Water District in lots three, and four, range seven, which lie outside of the above one-quarter of a mile limit.'

Approved March 30, 1931.

Chapter 124.

AN ACT Relating to Pauper Settlements.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 33, sec. 3; relating to pauper settlements, amended. Section three of chapter thirty-three of the revised statutes is hereby amended by striking out the whole of said section and substituting in place thereof the following:

'Sec. 3. Settlements remain; living beyond limits of state causes loss of settlement. Settlements acquired under existing laws, remain until new ones are acquired or until lost under the provisions of this section. Former settlements are defeated by the acquisition of new ones. Whenever a person having a pauper settlement in a town, has lived, or shall live, for five consecutive years in any unincorporated place or places in the state, or five consecutive years outside of the town in which he has a settlement after August one, nineteen hundred twenty-six, without receiving pauper supplies from any source within the state, he and those who derive their settlement from him lose their settlement in such town, and

96

POLLUTION OF INLAND WATERS.

CHAP. 125

97

whenever a person having a pauper settlement in any town in the state shall after April twenty-nine, eighteen hundred ninety-three, live for five consecutive years beyond the limits of the state without receiving pauper supplies from any source within the state, he and those who derive their settlement from him shall lose their settlement in such town. A person in the military or naval service of the United States shall be deemed to be a resident of the town in which he was a resident at the time of his enlistment or induction.'

Approved March 30, 1931.

Chapter 125.

AN ACT Relating to Certain Pollution of Certain Inland Waters.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. Pollution of inland waters forbidden. No person or corporation shall deposit in inland waters, or on the banks thereof, in such manner that same shall fall or be washed into such waters any slabs, edgings, sawdust, chips, bark, mill waste, shavings or fibrous materials created in the manufacture of lumber or other wood products, or so deposit any oil regardless of its source.

Sec. 2. Permit may be issued to so deposit. If any person, firm or corporation believes it to be necessary in the prosecution of its business to deposit some or all of the materials mentioned in section one in some inland water, or on the banks thereof, where such depositing is now prohibited, such person, firm or corporation may make application to the commissioner of inland fisheries and game and the commissioner of health who shall give notice thereon and hold a hearing, and shall have authority to issue such permit as they deem advisable and necessary, or to deny such petition.

Sec. 3. Exceptions. The provisions of this act, shall not apply to the following rivers, and their branches: Salmon Falls river, Mousam river, Saco river, Presumpscot river, Androscoggin river, Kennebec river, Penobscot river, St. Croix river and St. John river, and Fish river.

Sec. 4. Repealing clause. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved March 30, 1931.

4