

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-fifth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1931

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PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-fifth Legislature

1931

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Chapter 80.

AN ACT to Give Municipal Courts Jurisdiction of Certain Offenses.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Sec. 1. Jurisdiction of municipal courts in certain cases. The offenses of assault, assault and battery, and larceny, when the alleged value of the things taken does not exceed one hundred dollars, shall, when such offenses are not of a high and aggravated nature, constitute misdemeanors; and municipal courts shall have jurisdiction to punish such offenses by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 2. Inconsistent laws repealed. All acts or parts of acts, either of the general laws or private and special laws, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved March 20, 1931.

Chapter 81.

AN ACT Relative to Corporations Without Capital Stock.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 70, sec. 3; relative to organization and powers, amended. Section three of chapter seventy of the revised statutes is hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

‘Any corporation, organized under this section, may vote by a majority vote, at a meeting of its members at which at least twenty-five per cent are present, to change its name and adopt a new one; such notice of the intention to change the name to be given in the call for the meeting; and when the proceedings of such meeting relating to such change of name, certified by the clerk or secretary thereof, are returned to the office of the secretary of state to be recorded by him, the name shall be deemed changed; and the corporation, under its new name, has the same rights, powers and privileges, and is subject to the same duties, obligations and liabilities as before, and shall hold and be entitled to the same property and property rights as it held under its former name, and may sue or be sued by its new name; but no action brought against it by its former name shall be defeated on that account. A certificate of the change of the name of such corporation shall be filed by the clerk or secretary of the corporation in the registry of deeds in the county in which the corporation has its location, within twenty days after the proceedings of the meeting are returned to the office of the sec-

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retary of state. No fee shall be required therefor by the secretary of state but the registry of deeds shall receive for recording such certificate the fee of fifty cents.'

So that said section when amended shall read as follows:

'**Sec. 3. Organization and powers.** When assembled pursuant to the warrant, they may organize themselves into a corporation, adopt a corporate name, and they, their associates and successors may have continual succession; have a common seal; elect all necessary officers; adopt by-laws, not inconsistent with law, and enforce the same by suitable penalties; have the same rights and be under the same liabilities, as other corporations, in prosecuting and defending suits at law; and enjoy all other rights, privileges, and immunities of a legal corporation. Any corporation organized under this section, may vote by a majority vote, at a meeting of its members at which at least twenty-five per cent are present, to change its name and adopt a new one; such notice of the intention to change the name to be given in the call for the meeting; and when the proceedings of such meeting relating to such change of name, certified by the clerk or secretary thereof, are returned to the office of the secretary of state to be recorded by him, the name shall be deemed changed; and the corporation, under its new name, has the same rights, powers and privileges, and is subject to the same duties, obligations and liabilities as before, and shall hold and be entitled to the same property and property rights as it held under its former name, and may sue or be sued by its new name; but no action brought against it by its former name shall be defeated on that account. A certificate of the change of the name of such corporation shall be filed by the clerk or secretary of the corporation in the registry of deeds in the county in which the corporation has its location, within twenty days after the proceedings of the meeting are returned to the office of the secretary of state. No fee shall be required therefor by the secretary of state but the registry of deeds shall receive for recording such certificate the fee of fifty cents.'

Approved March 20, 1931.

Chapter 82.

AN ACT Relating to Fee for Game and Fur Farming Licenses.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 38, sec. 9; relating to fee for game and fur farming licenses, amended. Section nine of chapter thirty-eight of the revised statutes is hereby amended by striking out the word "ten" in the sixth line of the