MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-fifth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1931

Published by the Secretary of State, in conjunction with the Revisor of Statutes in accordance with the Resolves of the Legislature, approved June 28, 1820, March 18, 1840, March 16, 1842, and an Act of August 6, 1930.

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-fifth Legislature

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states. Provided, further, that any certificate granted under this or any preceding law may for sufficient cause be revoked and annulled. Nothing in this section relative to revocation of teachers' certificates shall be retroactive. Any teacher whose certificate has been revoked shall be granted a hearing on request before a committee,—one member to be selected by the department of education, the second by the teacher involved, and the third by the other two members. The hearings before this committee may be public at their discretion and their decision shall be final.'

Approved March 16, 1931.

Chapter 39.

AN ACT Relating to Prosecutions and Violations of the Liquor Law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 137, sec. 20; relating to indictment when necessary; jurisdiction; bail; amended. Section twenty of chapter one hundred thirty-seven of the revised statutes is hereby amended by striking out the following words at the beginning of said section, "Prosecution for manufacturing liquors in violation of law, for keeping drinking-houses and tippling-shops and for being common sellers of intoxicating liquors, shall be by indictment; but in all other" and by inserting before the word "Prosecutions" in the third line the word 'In,' so that said section shall read as follows:

'Sec. 20. Judges of municipal and police courts and trial justices to have original and concurrent jurisdiction with superior court except when otherwise provided. In prosecutions under this chapter, except when otherwise expressly provided, judges of municipal and police courts and trial justices have by complaint, jurisdiction, original and concurrent with the superior court. All prosecutions in the superior court shall be by indictment. Said magistrates, in cases not within their jurisdiction, may examine and hold to bail. And in appeals from any judgment or sentence before such magistrate, the penal sum in every recognizance shall be not less than five hundred dollars. No recognizance, before such magistrate or court, shall be in a sum less than five hundred dollars. And in no case shall the penal sum of the recognizance be reduced after being fixed by the court.'

Approved March 16, 1931.