MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-fourth Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1929

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Private and Special Laws

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-Fourth Legislature

1929

CHAP. 55

Chapter 54.

An Act to Amend the Charter of the Maine Central Institute.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

- P. & S. L., 1866, c. 17, sec. 2; P. & S. L., 1889, c. 501, sec. 2; relating to trustees, amended. Section two of chapter seventeen of the private and special laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, as amended, by section two of chapter five hundred and one of the private and special laws of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, is hereby amended by striking out the entire section two as amended and by inserting the following so that said section two shall read as follows:
- 'Sec. 2. Term of office of trustees; how elected. The said board of trustees shall be divided into five classes of not more than five persons each. The term of office of the first class shall expire at the time of the annual meeting of said board of trustees in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-one, the term of office of the second class shall expire at the time of the annual meeting of said board of trustees in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-two, the term of office of the third class shall expire at the time of the annual meeting of said board of trustees in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-three, the term of office of the fourth class shall expire at the time of the annual meeting of said board of trustees in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-four and the term of office of the fifth class shall expire at the time of the annual meeting of said board of trustees in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-five, and beginning at the time of the annual meeting of the board of trustees in the year nineteen hundred and thirty-one, five persons shall annually be chosen as members of said board of trustees to hold office for the term of five years. The said five classes shall be elected by the trustees at the annual meeting of the trustees of Maine Central Institute in nineteen hundred and thirty.'

Approved March 15, 1929.

Chapter 55.

An Act Relating to the Millinocket Municipal Court.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

P. & S. L., 1909, c. 393, sec. 1; relating to Millinocket municipal court, amended. Section one of chapter three hundred and ninety-three of the private and special laws of nineteen hundred and nine is hereby amended by inserting after the second paragraph of said section the following paragraph:

'If the judge and recorder are both necessarily absent, the judge may designate some trial justice in said county to perform the duties of the recorder; and if said judge shall not so designate a trial justice, the recorder may designate one. Said trial justice shall have authority to exercise all the powers of the recorder as given in the act;' so that said section as amended, shall read as follows:

'Sec. r. Trial justice may perform duties of recorder. A municipal court is hereby established in and for the towns of Millinocket, East Millinocket, Medway, the Indian townships, and all the territory lying north thereof within the limits of Penobscot county, to be denominated and styled as the Millinocket municipal court, which shall be a court of record and have a seal; said court shall consist of one judge who shall reside during his continuance in said office in said town of Millinocket, who shall be an attorney at law in good standing, or a trial justice who shall have been in active practice for at least seven years, who shall be appointed, qualified and hold his office as provided in the constitution, and who shall be ex-officio a justice of the peace for the state, and have and exercise a concurrent authority and jurisdiction throughout the county of Penobscot, and such authority and jurisdiction additional thereto as is hereinafter conferred upon him by this act.

The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council, may appoint a recorder of said court, who at the time of his appointment, shall be a resident of Millinocket, duly qualified, who shall keep the records of said court when requested to do so by the judge; and in case of absence from the court room, or sickness of the judge, or when the office of judge shall be vacant, the recorder shall have and exercise all the powers of the judge, and perform all the duties required of the judge by this act, and shall be empowered to sign and issue all processes and papers, and do all acts as fully and with the same effect as the judge could do were he acting in the premises; and the signature of the recorder as such shall be sufficient evidence of his right to act instead of the judge, without any recital of the provision of this act hereinbefore authorizing him to act. When the office of judge is vacant, the recorder shall be entitled to a salary at the same rate as the judge's salary during said vacancy only. He shall be ex-officio a justice of the peace throughout the state.

If the judge and recorder are both necessarily absent, the judge may designate some trial justice in said county to perform the duties of the recorder; and if said judge shall not so designate a trial justice, the recorder may designate one. Said trial justice shall have authority to exercise all the powers of the recorder as given in the act.

Both judge and recorder shall hold their offices for four years.'

Approved March 19, 1929.