

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty - Third Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1927

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PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-third Legislature

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warning signs or signals to be erected at or near such point. For the purposes of this act, a way joining a through way at an angle, whether or not it crosses the same, shall be deemed to intersect it, and the word "way" unless the context otherwise requires, shall include a through or other way.

Sec. 2. Penalties for violations. Any person who violates the provisions of this act, and any person who removes, destroys, damages or defaces any sign, or signal erected by or under the direction of the state highway commission as herein provided shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars or more than fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than sixty days or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court for each such offense.

Approved April 12, 1927.

Chapter 139.

An Act Relating to Continuous Roads Through Three or More Towns.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

P. L., 1917, c. 154; 1919, c. 157; relating to construction of highways through three or more towns; new section added. Chapter one hundred and fifty-four of the public laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen as amended by chapter one hundred and fifty-seven of the public laws of nineteen hundred and nineteen is hereby further amended by adding the following section:

'Sec. 7. Special provision for towns where it is impossible to form an association of towns. Any town or towns which are so located with reference to the state boundary or to adjoining towns that it is impossible to form an association of towns as contemplated in this act for the building of state aid highways may apply for and receive the benefits of this act for the building of a state aid highway on any location extending across said town or towns.'

Approved April 12, 1927.

Chapter 140.

An Act Relating to Smelts.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

P. L., 1917, c. 219, sec. 26; as amended; relating to smelt fishing, further

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amended. Section twenty-six of chapter two hundred and nineteen of the public laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, as amended by chapter two hundred and forty-four of the public laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, and by chapter one hundred and ninety-six of the public laws of nineteen hundred and nineteen, and by chapter two hundred and eighteen of the public laws of nineteen hundred and twenty-one, and by chapters thirty-two and one hundred and thirty-two of the public laws of nineteen hundred and twenty-three, and by chapter eighty-six of the public laws of nineteen hundred and twenty-five, is hereby amended by striking out all of said section and by substituting therefor the following section:

‘Sec. 26. Smelts may be taken in Sebago lake with a dip net for food purposes; permit from commissioner of inland fisheries and game to be obtained; penalty increased. It shall be lawful, however, to take smelts in all the inland waters of the state above tide waters with a dip-net in the usual and ordinary way, and to catch them through the ice in the day time with single hook and line, at any time, in waters open to ice fishing, but they shall not be taken for sale, or sold at any time, except for bait for fishing in this state.

Provided, however, that it shall be lawful to take smelts, with single hook and line, in the day time, in Sebago lake, for sale within the state, during January, February and March of each year, but they shall not be taken with a dip-net in any of the tributaries to Sebago lake except for food purposes in the family of the person taking the same or to be sold only for bait for fishing within this state; and provided, further, that no family shall take or have in possession in any one day, more than one peck of said smelts by means of a dip-net in said waters, and then only under permit issued by the department of inland fisheries and game on application duly approved by an inland fish and game warden or deputy inland fish and game warden; and provided, further, that it shall be unlawful to take smelts at any time in Swan lake, or in any of the tributaries to said lake, in the county of Waldo, in any manner except with single hook and line; and provided, further, that it shall be unlawful to take any smelts at any time during the spawning season from either of the three tributaries flowing into the head of Bryant pond, or Lake Christopher, so called, in the town of Woodstock, in the county of Oxford. Provided, further, that it shall be lawful to take minnows and other fish usually used for bait for fishing, in all the inland waters of the state, and to sell the same for bait for fishing only in this state; and provided, further, that it shall be lawful to catch white fish with single hook and line at any time, in all the inland waters of the state, but they shall not be taken at night with set lines; and provided, further, that white fish and cusk may be taken, by means of nets, for food purposes only in the family of the per-

son taking the same, in such waters as the commissioner of inland fisheries and game may deem advisable, and under such conditions, rules and regulations as he may establish; and provided, further, that it shall be lawful to catch cusk at any time in waters open to ice fishing with not more than five set lines to each family when fishing through the ice and when under the immediate personal supervision of the person fishing; and provided, further, that it shall be lawful to take suckers with spears, in all the inland waters of the state, during April and May of each year. Provided, further, that the commissioner of inland fisheries and game may grant special permits to take white perch in the inland waters of the state for the purpose of science, propagation or dissemination or for the purpose of ridding any inland waters of white perch, whenever, after investigation, he deems it advisable. Whoever violates any provision of this section shall pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs for each offense.'

Approved April 12, 1927.

Chapter 141.

An Act Relating to the Registration of Undertakers.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 19, sec. 25 to 35; relating to registration of undertakers, repealed. Sections twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four and thirty-five of chapter nineteen of the revised statutes are hereby amended by striking out all of said sections, and inserting in place thereof the following:

'Sec. 25. Business of undertaker and practice of embalming regulated; age, educational and practical qualifications; course in school of embalming required. Any person wishing to become an undertaker, or an embalmer of dead human bodies for burial, or to engage in the business of preparing dead human bodies for transportation or cremation, as a regular or permanent business or profession, shall be at least twenty-one years of age, with not less than a high school education, or its equivalent, shall have practiced embalming, caring for and preparing for burial dead human bodies, for at least two years, under the direction and supervision of a licensed or registered undertaker, or embalmer, and shall have taken and completed the prescribed course of study of some school, or college, of embalming, the standing and requirements of which shall be approved by the board of embalming examiners. Such person shall also present to said board a certificate, or diploma, certifying that he, or she, has taken and successfully passed the required examination of said school, or college, of embalming, and shall have an intelligent comprehension of such rudi-