

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-first Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1923

Published by the Secretary of State, in accordance with the Resolves of the Legislature approved June 28, 1820, March 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-First Legislature

1923

[supplied from page 1 of volume]

Chapter 162.

An Act to Amend Section Seventeen of Chapter One Hundred and Twenty-seven of the Revised Statutes, as Amended by Chapter Sixty-two of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred and Twenty-one, Prohibiting the Manufacture of Intoxicating Liquors.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 127, sec. 17; P. L., 1921, c. 62; relating to manufacturing intoxicating liquors, amended. Section seventeen of the revised statutes, as amended by chapter sixty-two of the public laws of nineteen hundred and twenty-one, is hereby amended by striking out the words, "two months and fined one thousand dollars," in the fifth and sixth lines thereof, and inserting in place thereof the following words, 'not less than two months nor more than six months, and fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and costs of prosecution, and in default of payment of fine and costs be imprisoned for not less than sixty days nor more than six months additional,' and by adding to said section the following: 'Alcohol may be used in the manufacture of flavoring extracts and syrups, Jamaica ginger not included, provided such extracts and syrups contain no more alcohol than is necessary for extraction, solution and preservation, and measure up to the standards prescribed and published by commissioner of internal revenue and are unfit for use as beverages or for intoxicating beverage purposes,' so that said section, as amended, shall read as follows:

'Sec. 17. Penalty increased; alcohol may be used in manufacture of flavoring extracts, except Jamaica ginger. Whoever manufactures or attempts to manufacture any intoxicating liquors, except cider, and whoever has in his possession any wort or mash fit for distillation or for the production of distilled spirits, or has in his possession any worm, still or other device for the purpose of manufacturing intoxicating liquors, shall be imprisoned for not less than two months nor more than six months and fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and costs of prosecution, and in default of payment of fine and costs be imprisoned for not less than sixty days nor more than six months additional; and said wort, mash, worm, still or other device shall be seized by any officer having authority to seize intoxicating liquors and shall be declared forfeited by the court or magistrate having cognizance of the case, and ordered destroyed. Alcohol may be used in the manufacture of flavoring extracts and syrups, Jamaica ginger not included, provided such extracts and syrups contain no more alcohol than is necessary for extraction, solution and preservation, and measure up to the standards prescribed and published by commissioner of internal revenue and are unfit for use as beverages or for intoxicating beverage purposes.'

Approved April 4, 1923.