MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

AS PASSED BY THE

Eighty-first Legislature

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1923

Published by the Secretary of State, in accordance with the Resolves of the Legislature approved June 28, 1820, March 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Eighty-First Legislature

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[supplied from page 1 of volume]

Cumberland and Kennebec, as jailer, master or keeper of the jail in each county, for receiving and committing prisoners therein and for the service of all criminal processes and the performance of all duties relating to the enforcement of all criminal laws. All actual and necessary expenses for travel and hotel bills within their respective counties and such necessary incidental expenses as are just and proper incurred in the performance of their public duties, including all necessary expenses for aid in keeping the jails, shall be allowed by the respective boards of county commissioners of said counties and paid from the county treasuries.'

Approved March 21, 1923.

Chapter 75.

An Act to Amend Paragraph IX of Section Six of Chapter Ten of the Revised Statutes, as Amended by Chapter One Hundred Five of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred Nineteen, as Further Amended by Chapter One Hundred Nineteen of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred Twenty-one, Relating to Exemption from Taxation of the Estates of War Veterans.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

R. S., c. 10, sec. 6, par. IX; 1919, c. 105; 1921, c. 119; relating to exemption from taxation of estates of war veterans. Paragraph IX of section six of chapter ten of the revised statutes, as amended by chapter one hundred five of the public laws of nineteen hundred nineteen, as further amended by chapter one hundred nineteen of the public laws of nineteen hundred twenty-one is hereby further amended as follows: by inserting after the word "pension" in the seventh line of said paragraph IX the following: 'the polls of all disabled veterans of the World War, namely, soldiers, sailors, and marines, who are receiving compensation or vocational training from the United States government on account of disabilities incurred in or aggravated by service in the World War,' so that said paragraph, as amended, shall read as follows:

'Disabled war veterans receiving compensation or vocational training, exempt from poll tax. IX. The polls and the estates of persons who by reason of age, infirmity or poverty, are in the judgment of the assessors unable to contribute toward the public charges; the polls of all soldiers and sailors who served in the army or navy of the United States in the war of eighteen hundred sixty-one and five, and were honorably discharged from such service; the polls of all soldiers, sailors and marines who receive state pension; the polls of all disabled veterans of the World War, namely, soldiers, sailors, and marines, who are receiving compensation or vocational training from the United States government on account of disabilities incurred in or aggravated by service in the World War; and the estates to the value of five thousand dollars of all soldiers, sailors

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and marines, or the widows of soldiers, sailors, or marines, who served in the war of eighteen hundred sixty-one and five, the war with Spain or the World War, and were honorably discharged, who shall have reached the age of seventy years; provided, however, that any such soldier, sailor or marine, or widow of such soldier, sailor or marine, who desires to pay said tax may, on or before the first day of April in each year, notify in writing the assessors of the city, town or plantation in which he or she resides of his or her desire to pay said tax, whereupon said assessors shall assess said tax against said soldier, sailor or marine, or widow of said soldier, sailor or marine, and said soldier, sailor or marine, or widow of said soldier, sailor or marine, shall be legally holden to pay said tax; and provided further, that no property conveyed to such soldier, sailor or marine, or widow of such soldier, sailor or marine, for the purpose of obtaining exemption from taxation under this section shall be so exempt, and any attempt to obtain such exemption by means of such fraudulent conveyance shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars.

Approved March 22, 1923.

Chapter 76.

An Act to Amend Section Fifty-two of Chapter Two Hundred and Nineteen of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred and Seventeen, as Amended by Chapter One Hundred and Ninety-six of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred and Nineteeen, Relating to the Setting of Traps in Organized or Incorporated Places.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

P. L., 1917, c. 219, sec. 52; 1919, c. 196; relating to visiting traps set in organized places, amended. Section fifty-two of chapter two hundred and nineteen of the public laws of nineteen hundred and seventeen, as amended by chapter one hundred and ninety-six of the public laws of nineteen hundred and nineteen, is hereby amended by striking out all of said section, and by substituting therefor the following section:

'Sec. 52. Consent of owner of land required in all cases; trapping of beaver not excepted; fine increased. Any person setting a trap in any organized or incorporated place shall visit said trap, or cause the same to be visited, at least once in every twenty-four hours, and remove therefrom or cause to be removed, any animal found caught therein. No person shall set a trap or traps in any organized or incorporated place without first obtaining the written consent of the owner or occupant of the land on which said trap or traps are to be set. Whoever violates any provision of this section shall pay a fine of not less than ten, nor more than one hundred dollars and costs for each offense.'

Approved March 22, 1923.