

ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

ENACTED BY THE

Seventy-Seventh Legislature

1915

Published by the Secretary of State.

AUGUSTA KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT 1915

PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-Seventh Legislature

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tide waters in Lermond's Cove, in Rockland, in said county of CHAP. Knox, so as to connect its present termini. When constructed across said cove, said road shall be constructed with all necessary draws, maintained and operated at the expense of said corporation, so that all kinds of navigation may be able to reach all of the riparian property around said cove.'

Section 2. Said corporation is hereby authorized to purchase, or consolidate with the Rockport railroad, and said Rockport railroad is authorized to make such sale or consolidation, the terms thereof to be such as said companies may agree upon, and when made, shall vest said Limerock Railroad with all the franchises, rights and powers, and subject it to all the liabilities of said Rockport Railroad. Said Limerock Railroad Company is authorized to make contracts for the transportation of limerock and other freight over any road with which it may be connected, and by consent of such road to transport limerock and other freight over the same.

Approved March 15, 1915.

Chapter 69.

An Act to Amend Sections Three and Ten of the Private and Special Laws of Eighteen Hundred Ninety-five, Relating to the Bangor Municipal Court.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section 1. Section three of chapter two hundred eleven of the Private and Special Laws of eighteen hundred ninety-five, as amended by chapter three hundred ninety-two of the Private and Special Laws of nineteen hundred five, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

'Section 3. Said court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the Supreme Judicial court in the county of Penobscot of larceny from the person, and of all larcenies as described in the Revised Statutes, sections one, six, seven and ten of chapter one hundred twenty-one, when the value of the property is not alleged to exceed one hundred dollars; and of the offenses described in sections one and four of chapter one hundred twenty-seven, when the value of the property is not alleged to exceed one hundred dollars; and of the offenses described in section four of chapter one hundred thirty-three, when they are not of a high and aggravated nature; and of the offenses described in sections one, eight and ten of chapter one hundred twenty-eight, when the damage or injury done is not alleged to exceed one hundred dollars, and on conviction of any or all

Ch. 211, Sec. 3, P. & S., Laws 1895, further amended.

Bangor municipal court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with Supreme Judicial court as herein provided.

-may purchase or consolidate with Rockport railroad.

69

CHAP. 69 the aforesaid crimes and misdemeanors, may punish by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail, not exceeding six months; and of the offenses relating to gambling in sections one and two of chapter one hundred twenty-six, and of the offenses described in sections seventy-four and eighty of chapter fifty-two, relating to punishment for intoxication of certain railroad employees, and for disorderly conduct in public conveyances, and of offenses described in section six of chapter one hundred twenty-five, and may punish for said offenses as provided by law.'

> Section 2. Section ten of said chapter two hundred eleven of the Private and Special Laws of eighteen hundred ninetyfive is hereby amended so that said section shall read as follows: 'Section 10. Said court may adjourn from time to time, but shall be considered in constant session for the trial of criminal offenses; and for the transaction of civil business shall be held on the first and third Mondays of each month at ten o'clock in the forenoon, except the month of August, provided, however, that said court shall be held on every Monday of each month. for the entry and trial of actions for forcible entry and detainer, and judgment in such actions may be entered on the day when the same are defaulted or heard and determined; and whenever the judge is absent, or temporarily unable to attend. at any term of said court, the clerk may enter new actions, returnable at that term, receive and file pleas, motions and other papers cognizable by said court, and enter up judgment in all defaulted actions including forcible entry and detainer and may, then, by proclamation, adjourn the court to a day certain or to the next term; provided, however, that said court shall not, during the month of August, be open for the trial of any civil action, except that of forcible entry and detainer, and during the month of August of each year, the clerk of said court is hereby empowered and authorized to hear and determine and render judgment in all actions of forcible entry and In case of the more permanent disability of the judge detainer. or his being interested in any suit or in the case of his continued absence, or vacancy in his office, the clerk shall notify any justice of the Supreme Judicial court, who shall designate a trial justice in said county, who upon being duly sworn, may hold said court during the continuance of such vacancy or absence, or until such disability is removed, or try any suit in which said judge may be interested.'

> > Approved March 15, 1915.

Ch. 211, Sec. 10 P. & S. Laws 1895, amended,

—adjournment of court.

-time of holding meetings.

-power of clerk in judge's absence.

-proviso.

-trial justice may hold court during disability of judge.