

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

ENACTED BY THE

Seventy-Seventh Legislature

1915

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PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-Seventh  
Legislature

1915

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CHAP. 6 the Revised Statutes and the amendments thereof and additions thereto, authorizing cities and towns to acquire and maintain public parks and squares.

—may appropriate money and issue bonds.

Section 3. For park purposes, the said town is hereby authorized in addition to such sums as may be appropriated and raised from year to year by taxation, to, from time to time, issue its bonds in sums not exceeding in all five thousand dollars, on such terms and conditions as the town shall determine.

Approved February 25, 1915.

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**Chapter 6.**

An Act to Incorporate the Englishmen's River Dyke Company.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

Persons named herein created a body corporate.

Section 1. C. H. Schoppe, Frank R. Welsh, W. B. Watts, Edgar C. Watts, Clarence G. Stearns, J. H. Schoppe, C. H. Kilton, F. S. Ames and other owners of salt marshes and fresh meadows on Englishmen's River Stream, so called in the town of Roque Bluffs, in the county of Washington, and their associates, successors and assigns, are hereby created a body corporate by the name of the Englishmen's River Dyke Company, for the purpose of building, erecting and maintaining a good and sufficient dyke or dam and water sluices in said Englishmen's River Stream on or near the location of the present dyke, to shut out the salt water and dyke the marshes and fresh meadows above, and for this purpose said corporation shall have the right to purchase or to take and hold so much of the marsh as may be necessary on which to construct the dyke and water sluices, and in case of dispute as to the price to be paid therefor, said corporation shall pay such damages as shall be ascertained and determined by the county commissioners for said county in the same manner and under same conditions and limitations as are by law provided in case of damages by the laying out of highways; and, further, said corporation shall have all the rights and privileges, and be subject to all the duties and liabilities of such corporations, as defined by the laws of this State.

—purpose.

—may acquire as much of marsh as is necessary.

—damages to be fixed by county commissioners.

—first meeting of corporation.

Section 2. Any three persons named in the first section of this act may fix the time of holding the first meeting of this corporation and give notice thereof to their associates. At this meeting the corporation shall be organized, officers chosen and such by-laws adopted, not repugnant to the laws of the State, as may be necessary to carry out the objects of this act.

Section 3. All persons whose land is benefited by said dyke shall pay their proportional part, according to the number of acres owned by them and the value thereof, of the expenses of building, rebuilding and keeping in repair said dyke and of all other necessary expenses of said corporation; and the said corporation shall have a lien on all land so benefited for the payment of such expenses.

CHAP. 7

Land owners benefited shall pay proportional part.

Approved February 25, 1915.

### Chapter 7.

An Act to Prevent the Pollution of the Water of Wilson Lake.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

Section 1. No person, firm, association, club or corporation shall hereafter build, use, or occupy any structure upon or near the shores of Wilson lake or any of its direct tributaries, in the town of Wilton, for such purposes or in such manner that the sewage or drainage therefrom shall enter the waters of said pond, or any of its direct tributaries, or pollute the same.

The building or occupancy of structures on shores of Wilson lake regulated.

Section 2. No person shall hereafter throw the body of any dead animal or other offensive material into the waters of said pond or any of its direct tributaries, or leave the same upon the pond when frozen; nor shall any sewage, drainage, refuse, or polluting matter, of such kind and amount as, either by itself or in connection with other matter, will tend to corrupt or impair the purity of the waters of said pond or any of its direct tributaries, or tend to render them injurious to health, be discharged into said pond or any of its direct tributaries, or deposited therein or thereon. But nothing herein shall prohibit the cultivation and use of the soil in the ordinary methods of agriculture, if no human excrement or foul or decaying matter is used thereon within three hundred feet of high water of the shores of said pond.

Offensive material shall not be thrown into the lake.

--cultivation of soil provided for

Section 3. Whoever violates any of the provisions of the foregoing sections shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year. The Supreme Judicial court shall have jurisdiction in equity to enjoin, prevent, or restrain any violation of the foregoing provisions.

Punishment for violation.

Approved February 25, 1915.