

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

ENACTED BY THE

Seventy-Seventh Legislature

1915

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**PUBLIC LAWS**  
OF THE  
**STATE OF MAINE**

As Passed by the Seventy-Seventh Legislature

**1915**

[supplied from page 1 of volume]

## CHAP. 223

—notice,  
published  
and filed.

take effect until the Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game shall have caused notice of such proposed open season to be published once in a newspaper printed in the county in which the land on which the open season for beaver is declared is located, and said commissioners shall also file copy of said notice of open season with the clerk of the town or plantation in which such land is located, or if the land is in an unorganized place, with the clerk of courts for the county in which the land is located.

—abuse of  
open season.

Whenever during a special open season on beaver as is contemplated by this section it shall appear to the Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game that the privileges of such open season are being abused in any place, said Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game may suspend the open season and declare it close season for beaver on such land for such time as they may designate.

Unlawful to  
take beaver,  
except as  
herein  
provided.

It shall be unlawful to take any beaver anywhere in the State at any time except during such open season as may be declared by the Commissioners of Inland Fisheries and Game in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Penalty for  
violation.

Whoever takes any beaver in violation of any of the provisions of this section shall be subject to a penalty of twenty-five dollars and costs for each beaver taken, caught or killed in violation of any provision of this section. It shall also be unlawful, under the same penalty, for any person to have in possession at any time, any beaver, or part thereof, taken in violation of any provision of this section.'

Approved March 29, 1915.

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### Chapter 223.

An Act to Amend Section Sixty-three of Chapter Fifteen of the Revised Statutes, as Amended by Chapter Seventy-three of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred Seven, as Further Amended by Chapters Sixty-two and One Hundred Sixteen of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred Nine, and as Further Amended by Chapter Fifty-seven of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred Thirteen, Relating to the Tuition of Pupils in Secondary Schools.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

Ch. 15, Sec.  
63, R. S., as  
amended,  
further  
amended.

Section sixty-three of chapter fifteen of the Revised Statutes, as amended by chapter seventy-three of the Public Laws of nineteen hundred seven, as amended by chapters sixty-two and one hundred sixteen of the Public Laws of nineteen hundred nine, as amended by chapter fifty-seven of the Public Laws of nineteen hundred thirteen, is hereby further amended by insert-

ing after the word "scholarship" in the thirtieth line thereof the following: 'Any youth who otherwise meets the requirements of this section with reference to admission to secondary schools shall be entitled to the payment of his tuition, as herein provided, in any high school of the B or C class for such part of the course of such high school as may be approved as equivalent in grade to the corresponding years of a standard secondary course,' so that said section as amended shall read as follows:

'Section 63. Any youth who resides with a parent or guardian in any town which does not support and maintain a standard secondary school, may attend any approved secondary school to which he may gain entrance by permission of those having charge thereof, provided the said youth shall attend a school or schools whose courses are approved by the State Superintendent of Schools, and in such case the tuition of said youth, not to exceed thirty dollars annually for any one youth, shall be paid by the town in which he resides as aforesaid, and said tuition so paid, shall be made a part of the high school fund of the town receiving the same; and towns shall raise annually, as other school moneys are raised, a sum sufficient to pay such tuition charges, provided, however, that no youth shall be entitled to free tuition under the provisions of this section unless he shall have satisfactorily passed an examination in common school branches, said examination having been given under the direction of the superintendent of schools of the town wherein such youth resides, on papers procured from the State Superintendent of Public Schools, or unless such youth shall have satisfactorily completed a standard common school course of study which has been approved by the State Superintendent of Public Schools; except that any youth who has satisfactorily completed the course of a B or C class high school, as provided by chapter seventy-one of the Public Laws of nineteen hundred nine, shall be entitled to his free tuition as hereinbefore provided for the completion of the four years of a standard secondary course without the examination herein prescribed, provided, further, that such free tuition privilege shall continue only so long as said youth shall maintain a satisfactory standard of deportment and scholarship. Any youth who otherwise meets the requirements of this section with reference to admission to secondary schools shall be entitled to the payment of his tuition, as herein provided, in any high school of the B or C class for such part of the course of such high school as may be approved as equivalent in grade to the corresponding

CHAP. 223

—addi-  
tional.

A youth re-  
siding in a  
town not  
supporting  
secondary  
school shall  
attend  
school else-  
where at  
expense  
of town.

—courses of  
school at-  
tended shall  
have been  
approved by  
State Supt.

Conditions  
under which  
free tuition  
may be  
allowed.

—excep-  
tion.

Youth must  
maintain  
satisfac-  
tory stand-  
ard to re-  
ceive free  
tuition.

Any youth  
otherwise  
meeting re-  
quire-  
ments.

CHAP. 224 years of a standard secondary course. It shall be the duty of  
 —certifi- superintendents of schools to issue certificates of free tuition  
 cates of privilege to persons who may be entitled to free tuition under  
 free tuition the provisions of this section.'

Approved March 30, 1915.

### Chapter 224.

An Act to Amend Section One of Chapter Forty-four of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred Seven, Relating to the Ages between Which Persons May be Admitted to the Maine School for Feeble Minded.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

Ch. 44, Sec.  
1, P. L. 1907,  
amended.

Section one of chapter forty-four of the Public Laws of nineteen hundred seven is hereby amended by striking out all of said section and substituting therefor the following:

Ages of ad-  
mission to  
Maine  
School for  
Feeble  
Minded.

'Section I. The State shall establish and maintain a school for the care and education of idiotic and feeble minded males, between the ages of six years and forty years, and females, between the ages of six years and forty-five years, except that idiotic and feeble minded state paupers of either sex may be admitted after the above stated ages, which said school shall be known as the Maine School for Feeble Minded.'

—except-  
tion.

Approved March 30, 1915.

### Chapter 225.

An Act Additional to Chapter Thirty-two of the Revised Statutes, as Amended by Chapter Two Hundred Six of the Public Laws of Nineteen Hundred Thirteen, Prohibiting Fishing in Booker Brook, in Levant, in the County of Penobscot.

*Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:*

Booker  
brook closed  
to fishing.

No person shall fish for, take, catch or kill any kind of fish at any time in Booker brook, in Levant, in the county of Penobscot; nor shall any person have in possession at any time any kind of fish taken in said brook. Whoever violates any provision of this act shall pay a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than thirty dollars and costs of prosecution for each offense; and in addition thereto one dollar for each fish taken, caught, killed or had in possession in violation of any provision of this act.

—penalty.

Approved March 30, 1915.