

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

ENACTED BY THE

Seventy-Seventh Legislature

1915

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PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-Seventh Legislature

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a reasonable time to perform the duties herein imposed upon them, then the Commissioner of Agriculture shall order such city, town or plantation to proceed to destroy the above named insects in accordance with methods to be prescribed by him and to spend such an amount in the above named work as he shall deem necessary.

CHAP. 219

When municipal officers fails to act, Commissioner shall order insects destroyed.

If any city, town or plantation shall fail to comply with the directions of said commissioner in the performance of said work and the expenditure of such money within the time specified by him, then the Commissioner of Agriculture shall cause the said work to be done and shall charge the actual expense of the same to said city or town; such amount to be collected as a state tax and credited to this appropriation.

—actual expense, how paid.

Whenever a city, town or plantation is notified by the Commissioner of Agriculture of the presence of the brown-tail moth or San Jose scale, the mayor of each city, the selectmen of each town and the assessors of each plantation shall notify each owner of real estate located therein, requiring him to destroy the above named insects in his orchard and shade trees within a specified time. If the owner fails to destroy the above named insects before the specified time, then the city, town or plantation subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Agriculture, shall destroy them, and shall assess upon such aforesaid real estate the actual cost of so doing, to an amount, however, not exceeding one per cent of the assessed valuation of the above named property. The amount so assessed shall be collected in the form of a tax.

Municipal officers shall notify owners of real estate to destroy insects.

—if owner fails to comply with order.

—amount assessed, how collected.

It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Agriculture to disseminate information concerning the brown-tail and gypsy moths, San Jose scale, and other injurious insects.

Cities and towns may raise the sums necessary to carry out the provisions of this section in the same manner in which money is raised for other necessary municipal purposes.'

Approved March 29, 1915.

Chapter 219.

An Act to Protect Agricultural and Horticultural Societies Against Fraud.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Whoever shall gain admission to the grounds or buildings of any Agricultural or Horticultural society during the holding of an exhibition, otherwise than by the regular entrance provided, for the purpose of defrauding such society out of the regular entrance fee to such grounds or buildings; or who by fraud,

Penalty for defrauding Agricultural or Horticultural societies by unlawful entrance to grounds.

CHAP. 220 misrepresentation or otherwise unlawfully obtains such admission; and any person obtaining any premium or gratuity offered by such society by fraud or misrepresentation, shall be deemed guilty of larceny from such society, and on conviction shall be punished in accordance with the statutes made and provided in such cases.

—punishment.

Approved March 29, 1915.

Chapter 220.

An Act Relating to the Appointment of Non-resident Guardians.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Non-resident guardian shall appoint agent in the State.

Any guardian who is appointed in, but resides out of, this State shall not enter upon the duties of his trust until he shall, by writing filed and recorded in the registry of probate for the county in which he is appointed, have appointed an agent residing in this State, and, by such writing, shall have agreed that the service of any legal process against him as such guardian, or that the service of any such process against him in his individual capacity in any action founded upon or arising out of any of his acts or omissions as such guardian shall, if made on said agent, have like effect as if made on himself personally within the State, and such service shall have such effect. The bond of a non-resident guardian shall not be approved until such appointment, with the acceptance in writing of the person appointed, is so filed. If any agent appointed under this section dies or removes from the State before the final settlement of the accounts of his principal, another appointment shall be made, filed and recorded as above provided, and the powers of an agent appointed under the provisions of this section shall not be revoked prior to the final settlement of the estate unless another appointment shall be made as herein provided. The name and address of such agent shall be endorsed by the agent upon every account of the guardian before same is allowed. Neglect or refusal by a guardian to comply with any provision of this section shall be cause for removal.

—agreement in writing.

—bond.

—if necessary another agent shall be appointed.

—name and address of agent, where to appear.

—cause for removal.

Approved March 29, 1915.