

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

ENACTED BY THE

Seventy-Seventh Legislature

1915

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PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-Seventh Legislature

1915

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same within fourteen days from date thereof. The officer shall receive from the county treasury two dollars for executing said warrant, together with his legal fees for travel, and the owner or keeper aforesaid shall be ordered to pay the costs of such supplementary proceedings.'

CHAP. 167

—fee for
executing
warrant.

Approved March 23, 1915.

Chapter 167.

An Act to Amend Section Nine of Chapter Eighty-three of the Revised Statutes, Relating to the Place for Bringing Actions upon Non-negotiable Chuses in Action by Assignees.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section nine of chapter eighty-three of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended by adding thereto the following: 'Provided, however, that suits by the assignee of a non-negotiable chose in action, when brought in the Supreme Judicial or a superior, municipal, or police court, shall be commenced in the county in which the original creditor might have maintained his action; and when brought before a trial justice, the writ shall be made returnable before a magistrate who would have had jurisdiction had the chose in action not been assigned,' so that said section shall read as follows:

Ch. 83, Sec.
9, R. S.,
amended.
—additional.

'Section 9. Personal and transitory actions, except process of foreign attachment, and except as provided in the seven following sections, shall be brought, when the parties live in the State, in the county where any plaintiff or defendant lives; and when no plaintiff lives in the State, in the county where any defendant lives; and when not so brought, they shall, on motion or inspection by the court, be abated and the defendant allowed double costs. When the plaintiff and defendant live in different counties at the commencement of any such action, except process of foreign attachment, and during its pendency one party moves into the same county with the other, it may on motion of either, be transferred to the county where both then live, if the court thinks that justice will thereby be promoted; and be tried, as if originally commenced and entered therein. Provided, however, that suits by the assignee of a non-negotiable chose in action, when brought in the Supreme Judicial or a superior, municipal, or police court, shall be commenced in the county in which the original creditor might have maintained his action; and when brought before a trial justice, the writ shall be made returnable before a magistrate who would have had jurisdiction had the chose in action not been assigned.'

Personal
and transi-
tory ac-
tions, when
and where
to be com-
menced.

—transfer
from one
county to
another.

—proviso.