MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SEVENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1913

Including Acts and Resolves of the Special Session held in 1912.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820, February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

AUGUSTA KENNEBEC JOURNAL PRINT 1913

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-Sixth Legislature

1913

Снар. 158

town clerk shall file affidavit in a separate book.

—further proceedings. made by a person who was required by law to furnish information for the original record, or, at the discretion of the town clerk, by one or more credible persons having knowledge of the case. The town clerk shall file such affidavit and record it in a separate book to be kept for that purpose, with the name and residence of any deponent and the date of such record, and shall thereupon draw a line through the incorrect statements in the original record without erasing them, and shall then enter the facts required to amend the record; and forthwith, if a copy of the record has been sent to the state registrar of vital statistics, shall forward to the registrar a certified copy of the corrected record upon blanks to be provided by said registrar; and the registrar shall thereupon amend the record in his office and state in the margin thereof his authority therefor. ence to the record of the affidavit shall be made by the clerk on the margin of the original record. If the clerk furnishes a copy of such record, he shall certify to the facts contained therein as amended, and shall state in addition that the certificate is issued under the provisions of this section, a copy of which shall be printed on every such certificate. Such affidavit, or a certified copy of the record of any other city or town or of a written statement made at the time by any person since deceased who was required by law to furnish evidence thereof, may, at the discretion of the clerk, be made the basis for the record of a birth, marriage or death not previously recorded. and such copy of a record may also be made the basis for completing the record of a birth, marriage, or death which does not contain all the required facts.

Oath may be administered by town clerk or assistant. Section 2. An oath which is required by the provisions of this chapter may be administered by the clerk or assistant clerk of a city or town, and they shall receive no fee for so doing. The clerk shall receive from his town for receiving and recording an affidavit and forwarding a copy thereof under the provisions of section one a fee of fifty cents.

Approved April 1, 1913.

Chapter 158.

An Act to Amend Section Thirty-two of Chapter Twenty-seven of the Revised Statutes, Relating to the Care and Support of Paupers.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section thirty-two of chapter twenty-seven of the revised statutes is hereby amended by adding thereto the following words: 'And whenever any person for whose support the state is liable shall be in need of immediate relief, the governor and

Section 32 of chapter 27, R. S., amended. If state is liable the pauper may be removed to a state institution.

council may order such person to be removed to any town with- Chap. 158 in the state or placed in the care of any state institution without formal commitment, and such orders shall be carried out by the overseers of the poor of the town required by law to provide relief for such person, or by any official designated by the governor and council. The expenses of such removal shall be paid by the state from the appropriation for support of paupers, provided that no such person or pauper shall be removed into any town, other than a town required by law to provide relief for such person or pauper, without the consent of the overseers of the poor of the town into which it is proposed to move said person or pauper,' so that said section as amended shall read as follows:

'Section 32. Whenever towns that are compelled to care for and furnish relief to state paupers in unincorporated places, for reasons of economy desire to remove the same into their own town, their overseers of the poor may make a written request, stating their reasons to the governor and council, who shall examine the same, and if in their judgment such state paupers would thereby be supported with less expense to the state, may permit in writing such transfer to be made. ever state paupers are thus transferred and maintained in a town for such purposes, they do not become paupers of such town by reason of residence therein, while so maintained. whenever any person for whose support the state is liable shall be in need of immediate relief, the governor and council may order such person to be removed to any town within the state or placed in the care of any state institution without formal commitment, and such orders shall be carried out by the overseers of the poor of the town required by law to provide relief for such person, or by any official designated by the governor and council. The expenses of such removal shall be paid by the state from the appropriation for support of paupers; provided that no such person or pauper shall be removed into any town, other than a town required by law to provide relief for such person or pauper, without the consent of the overseers of the poor of the town into which it is proposed to move said person or pauper.

Approved April 1, 1913.

Expenses of removal,

On request of relieving town gov-ernor and council may permit removal.

-removed paupers gain no resi-dence.

-if state is liable, the pauper may be removed to a state institution.

of removal, -proviso.