

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES
OF THE
SEVENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.

1911

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of
June 28, 1820, February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842

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PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-fifth
Legislature

1911

CHAP. 278

tenure of office of such officers and agents and define their several powers and duties, and shall have power to remove the same, and shall perform all other duties and obligations as may be contained in the by-laws.

May receive gift, grant or bequest, etc.

Section 3. Said corporation shall have the power to take and hold for its purposes by gift, grant, and bequest, purchase, lease or otherwise any estate, real or personal or both, the annual income of which shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars, and to sell and convey any estate, real or personal or both which the interest of said corporation may require to be sold or conveyed. The title and management of all property of said corporation shall be vested in the board of trustees in trust for the corporation.

—title and management of property, how vested.

May establish courses of study and schools.

Section 4. Said corporation shall have the power to establish courses of study, departments and schools as it may elect in any town or city in the state of Maine, to appoint teachers, instructors and directors in its various schools and departments, and shall have power to remove the same with pleasure, and also shall have power to confer such degrees in the various courses and departments as are usually granted by institutions of like nature.

First meeting, how called.

Section 5. The first meeting of said corporation for the purpose of organization may be called by any one of the corporators by written notice to each other corporator, stating the time and place of said meeting.

Approved March 30, 1911.

Chapter 278.

An Act to abolish the office of Recorder of the Western Hancock Municipal Court.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section 3, chapter 613, special laws, 1893, as amended by chapter 314, special laws, 1895, repealed.

Chapter 613 further amended.

Section 1. Section three of chapter six hundred and thirteen of the private and special laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by chapter three hundred and fourteen of the private and special laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-five, is hereby repealed.

Section 2. Said chapter six hundred and thirteen of private and special laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-three is further amended by striking out in the eleventh line of section two, the thirty-first line of section eight, the second line of section ten, and in the fifteenth line of section sixteen, the words "or recorder."

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Section 3. Section twenty-one of said chapter six hundred and thirteen is hereby repealed.

Section 21, repealed.

Section 4. Trial justices residing within the county of Hancock shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction as though the western Hancock municipal court had never been established.

Jurisdiction of trial justices.

Approved March 30, 1911.

Chapter 279.

An Act to establish the Yorkshire Municipal Court.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section 1. A municipal court is hereby established in and for the towns of North Berwick, Berwick, South Berwick, Kittery, Eliot and York, in the county of York and state of Maine, said towns constituting a municipal district, to be denominated and styled "The Yorkshire Municipal Court," which shall be a court of record and have a seal. Said court shall consist of one judge who shall be, at the time of his appointment, a duly qualified resident within the said municipal district, and a member of the bar in York county, and shall reside, during his continuance in said office, within the limits of the said municipal district, and who shall be appointed, qualified and hold his office as provided in the constitution. And he shall be ex-officio, a justice of the peace for the state and have and exercise a concurrent authority and jurisdiction with trial justices over all matters and things by law within their jurisdiction throughout the county of York, and such authority and jurisdiction additional thereto as is hereinafter conferred upon him by this act.

Municipal court established.

—court, how denominated.

—judge, qualification of.

—appointment of judge.

—concurrent jurisdiction with trial justices.

The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council, shall appoint a recorder of said court, who at the time of his appointment shall be a member of the York county bar in good standing and a duly qualified resident within the aforesaid municipal district. He shall keep the records of said court when requested so to do by the judge, and in case of the absence from the court room, or sickness of the judge, or when the office of judge shall be vacant, the recorder shall have and exercise all the powers of judge, and perform all the duties required of the judge by this act, and shall be empowered to sign and issue all processes and papers and do all acts as fully and with the same effect as the judge could do were he acting in the premises, and the signature of the recorder as such shall

—recorder, appointment of.

—recorder shall keep records.

—recorder shall act in absence of judge.