

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES
OF THE
SEVENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.

1911

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-fifth
Legislature

1911

CHAP. 197

tions of scire facias on judgments and recognizances not exceeding five hundred dollars; of bastardy trials, and of all other civil actions at law not exclusively cognizable by municipal and police courts and trial justices, where the damages demanded do not exceed five hundred dollars, except for complaints for flowage, real actions and actions of trespass quare clausum; and concurrent original jurisdiction of actions of trespass quare clausum, libels for divorce and of proceedings in habeas corpus; and of all other civil actions at law where the damages exceed five hundred dollars, except complaints for flowage and real actions.'

Approved March 31, 1911.

Chapter 197.

An Act to consolidate the management of State institutions for the Insane and Feeble Minded.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section 1,
chapter 144,
R. S., and
part of section 2,
chapter 144,
public laws
1907, re-
pealed.

Section 1. Section one of chapter one hundred and forty-four of the revised statutes relative to insane hospitals and the first two paragraphs of section two of chapter one hundred and forty-four of the public laws of nineteen hundred and seven, relative to the Maine school for feeble minded, are hereby repealed and the offices of trustees of said institutions, created by said sections, are hereby declared vacant.

Trustees of
insane hos-
pitals and
Maine school
for feeble
minded, num-
ber and ten-
ure of office.

Section 2. The governor shall with the advice and consent of the council appoint one board of seven trustees of said institutions, all of whom shall be inhabitants of this state, and one of whom shall be a woman. The woman first appointed shall serve for five years, and the terms of the other trustees first appointed shall be fixed as follows: two for three years; two for two years and two for one year, respectively. All trustees thereafter appointed shall serve for four years, except that any appointment made to fill a vacancy shall be for the unexpired term; provided, however, that any trustee appointed under the provisions of this act may be removed at any time by the governor and council.

—vacancy,
how filled.

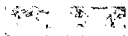
—proviso.

Shall be
known as
"Hospital
Trustees."

Section 3. Said board shall be known as "Hospital Trustees." They shall have the government of the Maine insane hospital at Augusta, the Eastern Maine insane hospital at Bangor, and the Maine school for feeble minded at Pownal.

Powers and
duties of
trustees.

Section 4. Said board of "Hospital Trustees" shall perform all the duties required, and have all the powers given by statute



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to the trustees of insane hospitals and to the trustees of the school for the feeble minded.

Section 5. Said hospital trustees shall receive five dollars per day and actual expenses when employed. Compensation.

Section 6. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. Inconsistent acts repealed.

Approved March 31, 1911.

Chapter 198.

An Act relating to the Compensation of Justices of the Supreme Judicial or Superior Court.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section 1. Section one of chapter one hundred and thirty-two of the public laws of nineteen hundred and nine is hereby amended by adding thereto the following: 'Provided however that such justice shall within one year after attaining the age of seventy years and serving as such justice for at least ten consecutive years, cease to serve as such justice,' so that said section shall read as follows: Section 1, chapter 132, public laws 1909, amended.

'Section 1. Any justice of the supreme judicial court or superior court who, having attained the age of seventy years and having served as such justice for at least ten consecutive years, resigns his said office or ceases to serve at the expiration of any term thereof, shall during the remainder of his life receive an amount equal to one-half of the salary which is by law payable to him at the time of such resignation or termination of service; to be paid by the state in the same manner as the salaries of justices of said court are paid. The provisions of this act shall apply to present and former justices of said courts. Provided, however, that such justice shall within one year after attaining the age of seventy years and serving as such justice for at least ten consecutive years cease to serve as such justice.' Compensation of justices of S. J. and superior courts upon retirement. —proviso.

Section 2. Any justice of the supreme judicial court or superior court who, having attained the age of seventy years and having served as such justice for at least ten consecutive years, continues to serve as such justice for more than one year, shall waive his right to the compensation hereinbefore mentioned and shall make no claim therefor at the close of his term of service as such justice, whether such term of service is ended by resignation or by expiration of the term for which he is appointed. Waiver of right heretofore mentioned.

Section 3. This act shall take effect September first, nineteen hundred and eleven. When this act shall take effect.

Approved March 31, 1911.