

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES
OF THE
SEVENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.

1911

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of
June 28, 1820, February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

As Passed by the Seventy-fifth
Legislature

1911

Chapter 126.

An Act defining and limiting the expenses of Supreme Judicial and Superior Court Stenographers.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Supreme judicial and superior court stenographers shall be reimbursed for their expenses only when in attendance at court away from home, such reimbursement to be made by the county in which the court is held, a detailed statement of such expenses, actually and reasonably incurred, to be approved by the justice presiding at such court.

Expenses of court stenographers, how paid.

Approved March 29, 1911.

Chapter 127.

An Act to amend Section one hundred and thirty-four, Chapter forty-nine of the Revised Statutes of Maine, relating to Fraternal Beneficiary Associations.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section one hundred and thirty-four of chapter forty-nine of the revised statutes of Maine is hereby amended by adding after the word "members" in line seventeen of said section the following words: 'Provided, that if after the issuance of the original certificate the member shall become dependent upon an incorporated charitable institution, or upon the subordinate lodge of which he is a member, he shall have the privilege with the consent of the society, to make such institution or such subordinate lodge, his beneficiary,' so that said section as amended shall read as follows:

Section 134, chapter 49, R. S., amended.

'Section 134. A fraternal beneficiary association is hereby defined to be any corporation, society or voluntary association, formed or organized and carried on for the sole benefit of its members and their beneficiaries, and not for profit. Each association shall have a lodge system, with ritualistic form of work and representative form of government, and shall make provision for the payment of benefits in case of death, and may make provision for the payment of benefits in the case of sickness, temporary or permanent physical disability, either as the result of disease, accident or old age, provided the period in life at which payment of physical disability benefits on account of old age commences, shall not be under seventy years, subject to their compliance with its constitution and laws. The fund from which the payment of such benefits shall be made, and the fund from which the expenses of such association shall be de-

Term "beneficiary association," defined.

—shall have lodge system, ritual, and make provision for payment of benefits.

—fund for payments of benefits.