

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES
OF THE
SEVENTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE
1907.

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1907.

CHAP. 21**Chapter 21.**

An Act to amend Section fifty, Chapter ninety-three of the Revised Statutes of the State of Maine, relating to Liens.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 50,
chapter 93,
R. S.,
amended.

Section fifty of chapter ninety-three of the revised statutes is hereby amended by adding after the word "cordwood" in the second line 'or pulp-wood or any wood used in the manufacture of pulp,' and by striking out that portion of the section after the word "attachment" in the sixth line, so that the section as amended, shall read as follows:

Lien on
hemlock
bark, cord-
wood and
pulpwood.

'Section 50. Whoever labors at cutting, peeling or hauling hemlock bark or cutting, yarding or hauling cordwood or pulp-wood or any wood used in the manufacture of pulp-wood, or at cooking for persons engaged in such labor, has a lien thereon for the amount due for his personal service and the service performed by his team, which takes precedence of all other claims and continues for thirty days after the contract is completed and may be enforced by attachment.'

Approved February 19, 1907.

Chapter 22.

An Act to amend Section thirty and Section thirty-two of Chapter thirty-nine of the Revised Statutes, Section five of Chapter thirty-eight of the Public Laws of nineteen hundred and five, and Section six of Chapter sixty-eight of the Public Laws of nineteen hundred and five, relating to the jurisdiction of Municipal and Police Courts and Trial Justices.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Sections 30
and 32,
chapter 39,
R. S., and
section 5,
chapter 38,
public laws
1905, and
section 6,
chapter 68,
public laws
1905,
amended.

Section I. Sections thirty and thirty-two of chapter thirty-nine of the revised statutes, and section five of chapter thirty-eight of the public laws of nineteen hundred and five, and section six of chapter sixty-eight of the public laws of nineteen hundred and five, are hereby amended by adding thereto the following clause: 'Municipal and police courts and trial justices are hereby vested with original jurisdiction concurrent with the supreme judicial and superior courts, to try, and upon conviction, to punish, for offenses against the provisions of this act'; so that as amended, said sections shall read as follows:

Chapter thirty-nine, revised statutes:

Penalty for
violation of
sections 16,
17, 19 and 21,
R. S.

'Section 30. Whoever sells, offers or exposes for sale or for distribution, in the state, any commercial fertilizer without complying with the requirements of sections sixteen, seventeen, nineteen and twenty-one, or any fertilizer which contains substan-

tially a smaller percentage of constituents than are certified to be contained, or any concentrated commercial feeding stuffs as defined in section twenty-four without complying with the requirements of section twenty-two, or any feeding stuff which contains substantially a smaller percentage of constituents than are certified to be contained, or any agricultural seeds without complying with the requirements of sections twenty-seven and twenty-eight, or whoever, with intention to deceive, wrongly marks or labels any package or bag containing garden or vegetable seeds or any other agricultural seeds, not including those of trees, shrubs or ornamental plants, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars for the first offense and not exceeding two hundred dollars for each subsequent offense.'

'Municipal and police courts and trial justices are hereby vested with original jurisdiction concurrent with the supreme judicial and superior courts, to try, and, upon conviction, to punish, for offenses against the provisions of this act.'

Municipal and police courts and trial justices shall have jurisdiction.

'Section 32. Whoever adulterates any whole or ground grain with milling or manufactured offals or with any foreign substance whatever, or any bran or middlings made from the several grains with any foreign substance whatever, for the purpose of sale, unless the true composition, mixture or adulteration thereof is plainly marked or indicated upon the packages containing the same, or in which it is offered for sale; or whoever sells or offers for sale any whole or ground grain, bran or middlings which have been so adulterated, unless the true composition, mixture, or adulteration is plainly marked or indicated upon the package containing the same, or in which it is offered for sale, shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars for the first offense, and not exceeding two hundred dollars for each subsequent offense. Municipal and police courts and trial justices are hereby vested with original jurisdiction concurrent with the supreme judicial and superior courts, to try, and, upon conviction, to punish, for offenses against the provisions of this act.'

Adulterations of grain, penalty.

Chapter thirty-eight of the public laws of nineteen hundred and five:

—municipal and police courts and trial justices shall have jurisdiction.

Chapter 38, public laws 1905.

'Section 5. Any person who violates any provision of the four preceding sections shall be punished for the first offense by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and for the second offense by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars. Municipal and police courts and trial justices are hereby vested with the original jurisdiction concurrent with the supreme judicial and superior courts, to try and upon conviction, to punish for the offenses against the provisions of this act.'

Penalty for violation of this act.

Chapter sixty-eight of the public laws of nineteen hundred and five:

Chapter 68, public laws 1905.

CHAP. 23

Penalty for
adulterating
articles
of food.

'Section 6. Whoever adulterates or misbrands any article of food as defined in this act, or whoever sells, offers or exposes for sale any adulterated or misbranded article of food, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars for the first offense, and not exceeding two hundred dollars for each subsequent offense. Municipal and police courts and trial justices are hereby vested with original jurisdiction concurrent with the supreme judicial and superior courts, to try, and if upon conviction, to punish for offenses against the provisions of this act.'

Section 2. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved February 21, 1907.

Chapter 23.

An Act to amend Section one of Chapter one hundred and twenty-eight of the Revised Statutes, relating to Domestic Animals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1,
chapter 128,
R. S.,
amended.

Section one of chapter one hundred and twenty-eight of the revised statutes is hereby amended by inserting after the word "thereby" in the third line and before the word "shall" in the fourth line the words, 'or steals or entices away or confines or harbors such animal for the purpose of obtaining a reward or for any other illegal purpose,' and by inserting after the words "five hundred dollars" in the fifth line the words 'and not less than twenty dollars,' so that said section as amended, shall read as follows:

Maliciously
killing or
injuring
domestic
animals.

'Section 1. Whoever wilfully or maliciously kills, wounds, maims, disfigures or poisons any domestic animal or exposes any poisonous substance with intent that the life of such animal shall be destroyed thereby or steals or entices away or confines or harbors such animal for the purpose of obtaining a reward or for any other illegal purpose shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than four years or by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and not less than twenty dollars.'

Approved February 21, 1907.