

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SEVENTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1903.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28,
1820, February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1903.

Chapter 221.

An Act to amend Chapter ninety-six of the Public Laws of eighteen hundred ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to prevent Incompetent Persons from conducting the business of a pharmacist."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1. Section two of chapter ninety-six of the public laws of eighteen hundred ninety-nine is hereby amended by striking out the whole of said section and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 2, of chapter 96, public laws of 1899, amended.

'Section 2. A board of commissioners of pharmacy, consisting of three suitable persons, shall be appointed and may be removed for cause by the governor, with the advice and consent of the council. The terms of office of said commissioners shall be so arranged that one member of said board shall be appointed annually for a term of three years from the first day of December in each year. Vacancies caused by death, resignation, removal or inability to perform the duties of the office, shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term. The Maine Pharmaceutical Association may, at its annual meeting each year, nominate six members of said association, whose names shall be forthwith certified by the president and secretary of said association to the governor, and members of said commission, appointed during any year, shall be selected from the persons whose names are so certified for said year, unless in the opinion of the governor said persons are manifestly unsuitable or incompetent. The compensation of said commissioners of pharmacy shall be five dollars per day, for time actually employed in performance of their official duties, and they shall be paid all necessary expenses incurred therein.'

Commissioners of pharmacy, appointment of.

—tenure.

—vacancies, how filled.

—compensation.

Section 2. Section four of said chapter ninety-six of the public laws of eighteen hundred ninety-nine is hereby amended by striking out said section four and inserting in place thereof the following:

Section 4, of chapter 96, public laws of 1899, amended.

'Section 4. The board shall keep a record of the names of all persons examined and registered thereunder, and a record of all moneys received and disbursed by said board, a duplicate of which records shall always be open to inspection in the office of the secretary of state. Said board shall annually in December make to the governor and council a report stating the condition of pharmacy in the state, with a full and complete record of all its official acts during the year and of the receipts and disbursements of the board to the last day of the preceding month. Said accounts shall be audited by the governor and council, and when

Shall keep record of persons examined and money received.

—report annually.

—accounts shall be audited by

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governor and
council.

so audited and allowed by them, said board shall pay any and all balance shown by said accounts to be in its hands and possession, to the treasurer of state on or before the first day of January annually.'

Section 3. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved March 28, 1903.

Chapter 222.

An Act to license Foreign Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Trustees to receive and dispose of Personal Property.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Foreign
executors,
adminis-
trators,
guardians or
trustees may
be licensed.

Section 1. Any executor, administrator, guardian or trustee duly appointed in another state or in a foreign country and duly qualified and acting, who may be entitled to any personal estate in this state, may file an authenticated copy of his appointment in the probate court for any county in which there is real property of his trust or, if there is no such real property, in any county in which there is personal estate of his trust or to which he may be entitled, and may upon petition to said court, after notice to all persons interested, be licensed to collect and receive such personal estate or to sell by public or private sale, or otherwise to dispose of, and to transfer and convey, shares in a corporation or other personal property, if the court finds that there is no executor, administrator, guardian or trustee appointed in this state who is authorized so to collect and receive such personal estate or to dispose of such shares or other personal property, and that such foreign executor, administrator, guardian or trustee will be liable to account for such personal estate or for the proceeds thereof in the state or country in which he was appointed; and that no person resident in this state and interested as a creditor or otherwise objects to the granting of such license or appears to be prejudiced thereby; but no such license shall be granted to a foreign executor or administrator until the expiration of six months after the death of his testator or intestate.

—to collect
and receive
personal
property.

—if no
executor, etc.,
is appointed
in this state.

Section 2. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved March 28, 1903.