

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SEVENTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1903.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28,
1820, February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1903.

nursery stock, or persons selling nursery stock as thus defined, who shall transport such stock or cause it to be transported within the state, the same not having attached to each box or package an unexpired official certificate of inspection or an affidavit of fumigation, which shall meet the requirements specified in section one of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be subject to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars for each offense.

Section 3. Should any person in the state suspect the presence of San Jose scale or other injurious insects or diseases preying upon trees, shrubs or vines in his possession or within his knowledge he shall forthwith notify the commissioner of agriculture to that effect; and it shall be the duty of said commissioner of agriculture to cause the said trees, shrubs or vines to be inspected by a competent entomologist, who shall forthwith make a report of the results of his inspection and file the same with the commissioner of agriculture at Augusta. If dangerous insects or injurious diseases are found by the entomologist the commissioner of agriculture shall publish the report of the same, and see that the best known treatment is applied to such trees, shrubs or vines for the destruction of the insects or diseases with which the same may be infested. And for the above purposes the commissioner of agriculture or his employes shall have authority to enter private or public grounds and treat any trees, shrubs or vines that may be infested with dangerous insects or injurious diseases.

Suspected presence of injurious insects shall be reported to commissioner of agriculture,

—duty of commissioner of agriculture,

—may enter private or public grounds to treat trees.

Section 4. In case of violations of this act it shall be the duty of the commissioner of agriculture to enforce the penalties set down in section two of this act.

Enforcement of penalties.

Section 5. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved March 18, 1903.

Chapter 113.

An Act to regulate Costs in the taking of lands or other property for public uses.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1. In all proceedings for the estimation of damages for the taking of lands or other property, under any general or special law, if the owner of the land, after an award made by the county commissioners enters an appeal therefrom and fails to obtain a final judgment for an amount greater than the

Appellant subject to costs, when judgment is not greater than award.

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amount of the said award with interest thereon to the date of said judgment, he shall be subject to costs accruing after the date of said first award, and the amount thereof may be applied in reduction of the sum required to be paid by said judgment.

Section 2. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved March 19, 1903.

Chapter 114.

An Act to amend Section six of Chapter three of the Public Laws of eighteen hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend Section six of Chapter one hundred fifty-six of the Public Laws of eighteen hundred ninety-five entitled 'An Act to amend Section six of Chapter thirty-five of the Revised Statutes,' relating to Intelligence Offices.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 6 of chapter 3, public laws of 1899, amended.

Section 1. Section six of chapter three of the public laws of eighteen hundred ninety-nine is hereby amended by striking out in the second line thereof the words "one dollar each" and inserting in place thereof the words 'the sum of five dollars each into the town treasury;' and by striking out in the tenth line thereof the words, "in excess of one dollar;" and by inserting in the thirteenth line thereof after the word "furnished," the words 'No license shall be granted to a person who is directly or indirectly engaged or interested in the sale of intoxicating liquors,' so that said section as amended, shall read as follows:

Intelligence offices may be licensed by municipal officers.

'Section 6. The municipal officers of any town may on payment of the sum of five dollars each into the town treasury grant licenses to suitable persons for one year, unless sooner revoked after notice and for cause, to keep offices for the purposes of obtaining employment for domestics, servants, or other laborers, except seamen, or of giving information relating thereto, or of doing the usual business of intelligence offices; whoever keeps such an office, without a license, forfeits not exceeding fifty dollars for every day that it is so kept. The keeper of an intelligence office shall not retain any sum of money received from any person seeking employment through the agency of such intelligence office, unless employment of the kind sought for is actually furnished.

—penalty for keeping intelligence office without license.

—license shall not be granted to persons engaged in sale of intoxicants.

No license shall be granted to a person who is directly or indirectly engaged in or interested in the sale of intoxicating liquors. The keeper of a licensed intelligence office shall cause two copies of this act, printed in type of sufficient size to be legible and easily read, to be conspicuously posted in each room