

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SEVENTIETH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1901.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.
1901.

CHAP. 275

chapter three hundred and thirty of the public laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, is hereby further amended by striking out all of said section five and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

How subpoena
may be
served.

'Section 5. The subpoena may be served by any officer qualified to serve civil process in said county by giving to the debtor in hand a certified copy of the petition and subpoena, which said service shall be at least twenty-four hours before the time of said disclosure for every twenty miles travel from his home or place of abode at the time of service to the place of disclosure.'

Approved March 22, 1901.

Chapter 275.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the Practice of Medicine and Surgery."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 8,
chapter 170,
public laws,
1895, amended.

Section 1. Section eight of chapter one hundred and seventy of the public laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-five is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

All applicants
shall be
examined for
registration.

'Section 8. On and after the passage of this act, the board shall examine all applicants for registration as licensed physicians or surgeons. Each applicant shall, at least seven days before the date of his examination, present to the secretary of the board an application under oath or affirmation, giving satisfactory proof of being twenty-one years of age, of having good moral character and of being a graduate of some reputable medical school or college having power to confer degrees in medicine, and in good standing, and maintaining a standard of preliminary education and of medical instruction approved by the board. He shall also present such other facts as the board in its blank application may require, and must pay the fees herein provided. Examinations shall be in whole or in part in writing and shall be of an elementary and practical character. They shall embrace the general subjects of anatomy, physiology, pathology, materia medica and therapeutics, surgery, the principles and practice of medicine, and obstetrics, or such branches thereof as the board may deem necessary for the applicant to possess. The board is also hereby authorized to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary for reciprocity of licensure with the boards of other states which maintain a standard of

—qualifica-
tions of
applicants.

—how exam-
inations shall
be made, and
what they
shall
embrace.

—board may
make rules
for recipro-
city of
licensure

education at least equal to their own; but no such rules shall become operative until they have been approved by a justice of the supreme judicial court.'

Section 2. Section ten of said act is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

'Section 10. This act shall not apply to commissioned officers of the United States army, navy or marine hospital service, or to a physician or surgeon who is called from another state to treat a particular case and who does not otherwise practice in this state, nor to prohibit gratuitous service or the rendering of assistance in emergency cases, nor to midwives who lay no claim to the title of physician or doctor.'

Approved March 22, 1901.

CHAP. 276

with boards
of other
states.

Section 10
amended.

Act shall not
apply to
certain offi-
cers and
physicians.

Chapter 276.

An Act to amend Section two, Chapter three hundred and fifteen of the Public Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-seven relating to Dead Human Bodies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section two, chapter three hundred and fifteen, of the public laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-seven is hereby amended by inserting after the word "bodies" in the fourth line thereof, the words 'required to be buried at public expense' so that said section shall read as follows:

'Section 2. All public officers, agents and servants of any and every county, city, town and other municipality, and of any and every almshouse, prison, morgue, hospital or any other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense, are hereby, required to notify immediately the said board of distribution, or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board, or its duly authorized officer or agent, whenever any such body or bodies come into his or their possession, charge, or control, and shall, without fee or reward, deliver such body or bodies to said board, or its duly authorized officer or agent, and permit and suffer the said board or its agents, or the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by it or them, who comply with the provisions of this act, to take and remove any, and all such bodies to be used within this state for the advancement of medical education; but no such notice need be given and no such body shall be delivered, if any person, satisfying the authorities in charge of said body that he or she is a member

Section 2,
chapter 315,
public laws
1897, amended

Board of
distribution
shall be
notified of
deaths occur-
ring in alms-
houses,
prisons, etc.

—notice need
not be given
if body is
claimed by
family.