

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SIXTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1895.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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1895.

PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1895.

Chapter 270.

An Act for the protection of fish in all the tributaries to Royals' River in the town of Gray.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

SECT. 1. No person shall fish for or take fish of any kind from any of the tributaries to Royals' river, in the town of Gray, in the county of Cumberland, for a term of two years from the date of this act.

No fish to be taken in tributaries, for two years.

SECT. 2. Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be punished by a fine of ten dollars for each offense, and one dollar additional for each fish taken, to be recovered by complaint before any trial justice or municipal court in said county, one-half to the use of the prosecutor and one-half to the county.

—penalty.

Approved March 25, 1895.

Chapter 271.

An Act to incorporate the Phillips Trust and Banking Company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

SECT. 1. F. E. Timberlake, J. E. Thompson, E. M. Robinson, J. H. Byron, J. W. Butterfield, M. H. Kenniston, H. S. Wing, Fremont Scamman, J. W. Carleton, F. H. Wilbur, Harry P. Dill, James Smith, W. H. Bangs, William T. Bangs, C. M. Davis, Joel Wilbur and Mason Parker, or such of them as may by vote accept this charter, with their associates, successors and assigns are hereby made a body corporate and politic, to be known as the Phillips Trust and Banking Company, and as such shall be possessed of all the powers, privileges and immunities and subject to all the duties and obligations conferred on corporations by law.

Corporators.

Corporate name.

SECT. 2. The corporation hereby created shall be located at Phillips, Franklin county, Maine.

—location.

SECT. 3. The purposes of said corporation and the business which it may perform, are : first, to receive on deposit, money, coin, bank notes, evidences of debt, accounts of indi-

—purposes.

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viduals, companies, corporations, municipalities and states, allowing interest thereon, if agreed, or as the by-laws of said corporation may provide; second, to borrow money, to loan money on credits or real estate or personal security, and to negotiate loans and sales for others; third, to own and maintain safe deposit vaults, with boxes, safes, and other facilities therein to be rented to other parties for the safe keeping of moneys, securities, stocks, jewelry, plate, valuable papers and documents, and other property susceptible of being deposited therein, and may receive on deposit for safe keeping, property of any kind entrusted to it for that purpose; fourth, to act as agent for issuing, registering and countersigning certificates, bonds, stocks, and all evidences of debt or ownership in property; fifth, to hold by grant, assignment, transfer, devise or bequest, any real or personal property or trusts duly created, and to execute trusts of every description; sixth, to act as assignee, receiver, executor, and no surety shall be necessary upon the bond of the corporation, unless the court or officer approving such bond shall require it; seventh, to do in general all the business that may lawfully be done by a trust and banking company, but said corporation shall not have the power or authority to establish branches.

Capital stock.

SECT. 4. The capital stock of said corporation shall not be less than fifty thousand dollars, divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, with the right to increase the said capital stock at any time by a vote of the shareholders to any amount not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars. Said corporation shall not commence business as a trust or banking company, until stock to the amount of at least fifty thousand dollars shall have been subscribed and paid in, in cash.

Shall not
make loan on
its capital
stock.

SECT. 5. Said corporation shall not make any loan or discount on the security of the shares of its own capital stock, nor be the purchaser or holder of any such shares unless necessary to prevent loss upon a debt previously contracted in good faith; and all stock so acquired shall within six months from the time of its acquisition be disposed of at public or private sale.

Board of
trustees.

SECT. 6. All the corporate powers of this corporation shall be exercised by a board of trustees, who shall be residents of this state, whose number and term of office shall be determined by a vote of the shareholders at the first meeting

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held by the incorporators and at each annual meeting thereafter. The affairs and powers of the corporation may, at the option of the shareholders, be entrusted to an executive board of five members, to be, by vote of the shareholders, elected from the full board of trustees. The trustees of said corporation shall be sworn to the proper discharge of their duties, and they shall hold office until others are elected and qualified in their stead. If a trustee or director dies, resigns, or becomes disqualified for any cause, the remaining trustees or directors may appoint a person to fill the vacancy until the next annual meeting of the corporation. The oath of office of such trustee or director shall be taken within thirty days of his election, or his office shall become vacant. The clerk of such corporation shall, within ten days, notify such trustees or directors of their election, and within thirty days shall publish the list of all persons who have taken the oath of office as trustees or directors.

—number, and term of office.
—executive board.

—oath, to be taken within thirty days after election.

SECT. 7. The board of trustees or directors of said corporation shall constitute the board of investment of said corporation. Said trustees or directors shall keep in a separate book, specially provided for the purpose, a record of all loans and investments of every description made by said institution substantially in the order of time when such loans or investments are made, which shall show that such loans or investments have been made with the approval of the investment committee of said corporation, which shall indicate such particulars respecting such loans or investments as the bank examiner shall direct. This book shall be submitted to the trustees or directors and to the bank examiner whenever requested. Such loans or investments shall be classified in the book as the bank examiner may direct. No loan shall be made to an officer or director of said banking or trust company except by the unanimous approval of the executive board in writing, and said corporation shall have no authority to hire money or to give notes unless by vote of the said board duly recorded.

Trustees, shall constitute board of investment.

—loans shall be classified.

SECT. 8. No person shall be eligible to the position of a director or trustee of said corporation who is not the actual owner of ten shares of the stock.

Trustee, or director, must own at least ten shares of stock.

SECT. 9. Said corporation, after beginning to receive deposits, shall, at all times, have on hand in lawful money,

Reserve fund.

CHAP. 271 as a reserve, not less than fifteen per cent of the aggregate amount of its deposits which are subject to withdrawal on demand, provided, that in lieu of lawful money, two-thirds of said fifteen per cent may consist of balances payable on demand, due from any national or state bank.

Trust funds, shall constitute a special deposit.

SECT. 10. All the property or money held in trust by this corporation shall constitute a special deposit and the accounts thereof and of said trust department shall be kept separate, and such funds and the investment or loans of them shall be especially appropriated to the security and payment of such deposits, and not be subject to any other liabilities of the corporation; and for the purpose of securing the observance of this proviso, said corporation shall have a trust department in which all business pertaining to such trust property shall be kept separate and distinct from its general business.

Administrators, etc., may deposit with.

SECT. 11. An administrator, executor, assignee, guardian or trustee, any court of law or equity, including courts of probate and insolvency, officers and treasurers of towns, cities, counties and savings banks of the state of Maine may deposit any moneys, bonds, stocks, evidences of debt or of ownership in property, or any personal property, with said corporation, and any of said courts may direct any person deriving authority from them to so deposit the same.

Responsibility of shareholders.

SECT. 12. Each shareholder of this corporation shall be individually responsible for all contracts, debts and engagements of said corporation to a sum equal to the amount of the par value of the shares owned by him, in addition to the amount invested in said shares.

Guaranty fund of ten per cent.

SECT. 13. Such corporation shall set apart as a guaranty fund not less than ten per cent of its net earnings in each and every year until such fund with the accumulated interest thereon, shall amount to one-fourth of the capital stock of said corporation.

Taxation of shares.

SECT. 14. The shares of said corporation shall be subject to taxation in the same manner and rate as are the shares of national banks.

Shall be subject to examination, by bank examiner.

SECT. 15. Said corporation shall be subject to examination by the bank examiner, who shall visit it at least once in every year, and as much oftener as he may deem expedient. At such visits he shall have free access to its vaults, books

and papers, and shall thoroughly inspect and examine all the affairs of said corporation, and make such inquiries as may be necessary to ascertain its condition and ability to fulfill all its engagements. If upon examination of said corporation the examiner is of the opinion that its investments are not in accordance with law, or said corporation is insolvent, or its condition is such as to render its further proceedings hazardous to the public or to those having funds in its custody, or is of the opinion that it has exceeded its powers or failed to comply with any of the rules or restrictions provided by law, he shall have such authority and take such action as is provided for in the case of savings banks by chapter forty-seven of the revised statutes. He shall preserve in a permanent form a full record of his proceedings, including a statement of the condition of said corporation. A copy of such statement shall be published by said corporation immediately after the annual examination of the same in some newspaper published where said corporation is established. If no paper is published in the town where said corporation is established, then it shall be published in a newspaper printed in the nearest city or town. The necessary expenses of the bank examiner while engaged in making such examination shall be paid by said corporation.

—shall make record of proceedings, and publish statement.

SECT. 16. Any five of the corporators named in this act may call the first meeting of this corporation by mailing a written notice, signed by all, postage paid, to each of the other corporators, seven days at least before the day of the meeting, naming the time, place and purpose of such meeting, and at such meeting the necessary officers may be chosen, by-laws adopted and any other corporate business transacted.

First meeting, how called.

SECT. 17. This act shall take effect when approved.