

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SIXTY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

1895.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

AUGUSTA:
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1895.

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.

1895.

board have been observed. It is further provided, that a certificate of death giving heart failure as the only cause of death shall not be deemed sufficient upon which to issue a burial permit, and such certificate must be returned to the physician who made it for the proper correction and definition. If the body of a deceased person is brought into this state from without for burial, and if it is accompanied by a permit issued by the legally constituted authorities of the state from which it was brought, such permit shall be received as sufficient authority upon which the clerk of the town in which said body is to be buried shall issue a permit for burial; but if it is not accompanied by such permit, then the person or persons in charge of it shall apply for a burial permit to the clerk of the town in which it is to be buried, and the clerk of the town shall issue such permit when furnished with satisfactory information.

—heart failure not deemed sufficient cause for burial permit.

‘SECT. 23. The provisions of this act shall be enforced, and violation hereof shall be punished, as provided by section sixteen of chapter one hundred and eighteen of the public laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-one, unless otherwise provided for by law.

Violations, how punished.

‘SECT. 24. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed.’

Inconsistent acts, repealed.

Approved March 26, 1895.

Chapter 155.

An Act to amend clause two, section eighty-seven of chapter eleven of the Revised Statutes, relating to Examination of Teachers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Clause two, section eighty-seven of chapter eleven of the revised statutes as amended by chapter thirty-two of the public laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-one, is hereby amended by inserting after the word “arithmetic” in the fourth line, the words ‘civil government,’ and after the word “physiology” in the fifth line the words ‘with special reference to the effects of alcoholic drinks, stimulants, and narcotics upon the human system;’ so that said section as amended, shall read as follows: II. ‘On

Clause 2, Sec. 87, ch. 11, R. S., amended.

CHAP. 156

Instructors of youth.

—examination of.

satisfactory evidence that a candidate possesses a good moral character and a temper and disposition suitable to be an instructor of youth, they shall examine him in reading, spelling, English grammar, geography, history, arithmetic, civil government, bookkeeping and physiology with special reference to the effects of alcoholic drinks, stimulants and narcotics upon the human system; and the elements of the natural sciences, especially as applied to agriculture, and such other branches as they desire to introduce into public schools, and particularly into the school for which he is examined; also as to his capacity for the government thereof.'

Approved March 26, 1895.

Chapter 156.

An Act to amend section six of chapter thirty-five of the Revised Statutes, relating to Intelligence Offices.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Sec. 6, ch. 35,
R. S.,
amended.

Section six of chapter thirty-five of the revised statutes of this state is hereby amended by adding thereto the following words: 'The keeper of an intelligence office shall not retain any sum of money in excess of one dollar from a person seeking employment through the agency of such intelligence office, unless employment of the kind sought for is actually furnished. The keeper of a licensed intelligence office shall cause two copies of this act printed in type of sufficient size to be legible and easily read, to be conspicuously posted in each room used or occupied for the purposes of such intelligence office. Whoever violates the provisions of this act shall have the license revoked, and shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty dollars for each offense,' so that said section as amended, shall read as follows :

Municipal
officers may
license intelli-
gence officers.

'SECT. 6. The municipal officers of any town may, on payment of one dollar each, grant licenses to suitable persons for one year, unless sooner revoked after notice and for cause, to keep offices for the purpose of obtaining employment for domestics, servants or other laborers, except seamen, or of giving information relating thereto, or of doing the usual business of intelligence offices; whoever keeps such an office,