

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SIXTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1893.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

AUGUSTA :
BURLEIGH & FLYNT, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.
1893.

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.

1893.

demur. If the party suing the writ maintains the issue on his part, his damages shall be assessed, and a judgment rendered that he recover the same with costs, and that a peremptory writ of mandamus be granted; otherwise the party making the return shall recover costs. No action shall be maintained for a false return to a writ of mandamus. After judgment and decree that the peremptory writ be granted, the justice of said court before whom the proceedings are pending, shall forthwith certify to the chief justice for decision, all exceptions which may be filed and allowed to any rulings, findings or decrees made at any stage of the proceedings. The excepting party shall, within fifteen days thereafter, forward to the chief justice his written argument upon such exceptions and shall, within said fifteen days, furnish the adverse party, or his attorney, with a copy of such argument; the adverse party shall, within fifteen days after receipt of such copy forward his written argument in reply to the chief justice; and thereupon the justices of said court shall consider said cause immediately, and decide thereon and transmit their decision to the clerk of the county where the petition is pending, and final judgment shall be entered accordingly. If the judgment is in favor of the petitioner, the peremptory writ of mandamus shall thereupon be issued.'

—judgment and peremptory writ.

—costs.

—no action for false return.

—exceptions shall be certified to chief justice.

—proceedings.

—when peremptory writ shall issue.

SECT. 3. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved March 28, 1893.

Chapter 262.

An Act to amend Section thirty-nine of Chapter sixty-seven of the Revised Statutes, relating to change of names of persons.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section thirty-nine of chapter sixty-seven of the revised statutes is hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

Sec. 39, ch. 67, R. S., amended.

‘SECT. 39. If a person desires to have his name changed, he may petition the judge of probate in the county where he resides; or, if he is a minor, his legal custodian may petition in his behalf, and the judge, after due notice, may change the name of such person, and shall make and preserve a record thereof.’

Name, how changed.

—minors must petition by guardian.

Approved March 28, 1893.