

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

## SIXTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1891.

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Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,  
February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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AUGUSTA:  
BURLEIGH & FLYNT, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.  
1891.

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PUBLIC LAWS  
OF THE  
STATE OF MAINE.

1891.

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who may apply for them, to be posted up at the expense of such owners. Any person viciously or wantonly tearing down, destroying or defacing any such notices, shall on conviction therefor, be punished by a fine of five dollars.

CHAP. 101

—penalty for  
destroying  
notices.

SECT. 18. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed, but none of the penalties proposed by this act shall be considered as substitutes for or as repealing the provisions of existing laws, making persons guilty of acts of trespass or liable for civil damages to persons injured by such acts.

Inconsistent  
acts, repealed.

Approved March 25, 1891.

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### Chapter 101.

An Act to amend section sixty-five of chapter seventy of the Revised Statutes, as amended by chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the Public Laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, relating to Insolvency Proceedings.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:*

SECT. 1. Section sixty-five of chapter seventy of the revised statutes, as amended by chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the public laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, is hereby further amended, so that said section sixty-five as amended, shall read as follows:

Sec. 65, ch. 80,  
R. S., as  
amended by ch.  
325, Public  
Laws of 1885,  
further  
amended.

SECT. 65. The fees of all officers, the compensation of assignees, and of judges and registers of probate, under this chapter, shall be established by the supreme judicial court, and shall be paid out of the estates if there are sufficient assets; if there are not sufficient assets for the payment of the fees, costs, and expenses of the insolvency proceedings, the person upon whose petition the warrant is issued shall pay the same, and the court of insolvency, after such notice as is required in the service of civil process in the supreme judicial court, and a hearing thereon, may issue an execution against him to compel payment to the register, in all cases where the debtor has been denied or refused a discharge, or where the proceedings have been dismissed for any cause, or where the debtor at the expiration of four months from the commencement of the proceedings, does not, after thirty days' notice in writing, by the court, to him or his attorney

Fees shall be  
established by  
S. J. Court.

—how paid.

CHAP. 102

of record, use due diligence in the prosecution of his insolvency proceedings. Said executions shall be under the seal of the court issuing the same, bear the teste of the judge, be signed by the register, issued in the name of the assignee, and shall be for the full amount of all unpaid fees, costs, and expenses, in the proceedings, due the officers, assignee, judge and register, and shall run against the body.'

SECT. 2. This act shall apply to all cases now pending.

Approved March 25, 1891.

### Chapter 102.

An Act to provide for the Printing and Distributing Ballots at the Public Expense and to Regulate Voting for State and City Elections.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :*

Ballots used in elections shall be furnished at public expense.

—printing and distribution of, how paid for.

—terms explained.

SECT. 1. All ballots cast in elections for national, state, district and county officers in cities, towns and plantations, after the first day of September in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and all ballots cast in municipal elections in cities after that date, shall be printed and distributed at public expense, as hereinafter provided. The printing of the ballots and cards of instructions to voters, shall in municipal elections in cities be paid for by the several cities respectively, and in all other elections the printing of the ballots and cards of instruction, and the delivery of them to the several cities and towns, shall be paid for by the state. The distribution of the ballots to the voters shall be paid for by the cities, towns and plantations respectively. The term state election, as used in this act, shall apply to any election held for the choice of a national, state, district or county officer, whether for a full term or for the filling of a vacancy, and the term state officer shall apply to any person to be chosen by the qualified voters at such an election. The term city election shall apply to any municipal election so held in a city, and the term city officer shall apply to any person to be chosen by the qualified voters at such an election.

Who may nominate candidates for public office.

SECT. 2. Any convention of delegates, and any caucus or meeting of qualified voters, as hereinafter defined, and individual voters to the number and in the manner hereinafter