

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

SIXTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1883.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

AUGUSTA :
SPRAGUE & SON, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.
1883.

PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1883.

Chapter 295.

An Act to incorporate the Town of Brookton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Town of Brookton, incorporated.

SECT. 1. The plantation hitherto known by the name of Jackson Brook, in the county of Washington, and being township number nine, range three, be and hereby is incorporated into a town, by the name of Brookton, and the inhabitants of said town are hereby vested with all the powers, privileges and immunities which the inhabitants of towns within this state do or may enjoy.

First meeting, how called.

SECT. 2. Any justice of the peace, within said county, is hereby empowered to issue his warrant to some inhabitant of said town, directing him to notify the inhabitants thereof to meet at such time and place as he shall appoint, to choose such officers, and transact such business as other towns are empowered to do at their annual town meetings.

SECT. 3. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved March 2, 1883.

Chapter 296.

An Act to amend "An Act to incorporate the City of Gardiner."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Common council abolished.

SECT. 1. At any special meeting of the legal voters or at any annual election for the choice of mayor, aldermen and common council, the qualified electors in each ward may, by ballot, vote to abolish the co-ordinate branch of the city government, styled the common council, and said common council shall be abolished when and only when a majority of all ballots cast in all the wards at such election shall be in favor of such abolition, and such abolition shall take effect at the end of the municipal year in which said vote is taken.

Election of an alderman at large provided for.

SECT. 2. At the annual election for the choice of mayor and other officers, after the abolition of the common council, should said body be abolished, the qualified electors in each ward shall, in addition to voting for their ward officers and

mayor, vote for an alderman at large, and it shall take a majority of all ballots cast in the city to elect such alderman at large, and his duties and obligations shall be the same as those of the other members of the board of aldermen.

SECT. 3. Should the common council be abolished by a majority vote at any special or annual meeting as above provided, then all powers, rights and privileges granted, and all duties and obligations imposed by said charter and subsequent amendments upon said common council, shall thereafter be exercised and performed solely by the board of aldermen.

Duties of aldermen.

SECT. 4. Should the common council be abolished in accordance with the provisions of this act, no alderman shall be eligible to any office within the gift of the city that has a salary attached to it.

Qualification of aldermen.

SECT. 5. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved March 2, 1883.

Chapter 297.

An Act to authorize Joel G. Gay, and others, to build and maintain a Dyke at Back Bay, over tide waters, in the town of Millbridge.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

SECT. 1. Joel G. Gay, Henry M. Leighton, Bartlett W. Brown, William W. Blood, their associates, successors, heirs and assigns, are hereby authorized to build and maintain a good and sufficient dyke, at Back Bay, in the town of Millbridge, to commence at a point on the west side of Grain Point, so called, and to extend over tide waters across the creek there situated, to the land of Alonzo Fickett, in shore, of the site of the old dyke, formerly built across said creek by the grantees of the said Gay and others.

Joel G. Gay et als authorized to build dyke in Millbridge.

SECT. 2. The persons named in section one may organize under this act by any one of their number giving to each of said persons a notice, in writing, of the time and place of meeting, at least three days before the same is to be held, and may make such by-laws, not repugnant to the laws of the state, as may be necessary to carry out the objects of this act.

Meeting for organization, how called.

Approved March 2, 1883.