

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES
OF THE
SIXTIETH LEGISLATURE

OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.

1881.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
February 18, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

AUGUSTA :
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1881.

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1881.

CHAP. 17.**Chapter 17.**

An act amending section sixty-five, of chapter forty-nine of the Revised Statutes, in relation to Accident Insurance Policies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Sec. 65, ch. 49, R. S., amended.

Section sixty-five of chapter forty-nine of the revised statutes, is hereby amended by adding after the word "life," in the first line thereof, the words 'and accident,' so that said section as amended shall read as follows :

Policies exempt from attachment.

'SECT. 65. All life and accident policies, and the money due thereon are exempt from attachment, and from all claims of creditors, during the life of the insured, when the annual cash premium paid does not exceed one hundred and fifty dollars ; but when it exceeds that sum, and the premium was paid by the debtor, his creditors have a lien on the policies for such sum over one hundred and fifty dollars per year, as the debtor has paid for two years, subject to any pledge or assignment thereof made in good faith.'

Approved February 17, 1881.

Chapter 18.

An act to amend chapter eighty-six, section thirteen, of the Revised Statutes relating to Trustees' costs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Section thirteen of chapter eighty-six of the revised statutes is hereby amended, so as to read as follows :

Trustee who comes into court is entitled to costs.

'SECT. 13. If any supposed trustee comes into court at the first term and submits himself to examination, on oath, after having in writing declared that at the time of the service of the trustee process upon him, he had not any goods, effects or credits of the principal in his possession, he shall be entitled to his costs, as in civil actions where issue is joined for trial ; and if adjudged a trustee, may deduct his costs from the goods, effects and credits in his hands, and he shall be chargeable for the balance only to be paid on the execution. If such goods, effects and credits are not of sufficient value to discharge the costs taxed in his favor, he shall have judgment and execution against the plaintiff for the balance

—how paid.