

ACTS AND RESOLVES

of the

FIFTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1879.

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PUBLIC LAWS

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taken from said parent fish and cause the same to be properly cared CHAP. 127. for and hatched, and when hatched and in proper condition, to be returned to a suitable place for such young fish in the original waters from which the parent fish were taken, and to cause said parent fish to be returned to safe locations in the waters from which they were taken, under a penalty of not less than fifty Penalty for nor more than five hundred dollars for each offense. But the provisions of this section shall not apply to cases in which the parent fish are taken in the manner and at the time and place permitted by law for the capture of such fish for food; nor shall it Further excepapply to any operations in fish-culture conducted for public purposes by permission of the commissioners of fisheries of this State, who may affix such conditions to their permits as they may see fit, but requiring in no case less than twenty-five per cent. of the young fish to be returned, as provided in this section.

Approved February 27, 1879.

Chapter 127.

An Act to amend chapter fifty, section twelve of the Public Laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, for the protection of Game and Birds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section twelve, of chapter fifty of the public laws of eighteen Sec. 12, ch. 50, hundred and seventy-eight, is hereby amended by striking out the 1878, amended. words "or plover," in the third line of said section, so that said section as amended shall read as follows:

'SECT. 12. No person shall kill or have in his possession, except alive, or expose for sale, any wood duck, dusky duck, commonly called black duck, or other sea duck, between the first day of May and the first day of September; or kill, sell or have Provision for in possession, except alive, any ruffled grouse, commonly called other birds. partridge, or woodcock, between the first day of December and the first day of September following; or kill, sell, or have in possession, except alive, any quail or pinnated grouse, commonly called prairie chicken, between the first day of January and the first day of September, or plover, between the first day of Mav and the first day of August, following, under a penalty of not less than Penalty for five nor more than ten dollars for each bird so killed, or had in possession, or exposed for sale.

Approved February 27, 1879.

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Certain birds not to be killed between May 1 and Sept. 1.

violations.

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violation of foregoing pro-visions. Exception.