## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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#### ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

### FIFTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

### STATE OF MAINE.

1877.

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## PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

# STATE OF MAINE.

1877.

146

Chap. 199 that money received from a policy of life insurance on the life of a deceased person now does by law.

Directors may invest money.

When no applications are made to borrow the money in the treasury, at any monthly meeting of the directors they may invest such money as they may deem for the best interests of the association.

Minors may hold shares. -exemption from attachment.

Minors may hold shares by trustees, and at least two shares of each shareholder shall be exempt from attachment and execution.

Approved February 8, 1877.

#### Chapter 199.

An act to repeal chapter one hundred and forty-six of the Public Laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-six, relating to ways, and revive the provisions of section thirty-nine of chapter eighteen of the Revised Statutes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Ch 146, public laws 1876, repealed.

Sec. 39, ch. 18, R. S., revived.

If judgment of commissioners is reversed, no further proceed

If indement is affirmed, shall carry into effect judgment of appellate court.

Costs.

Compensation of commttee.

Chapter one hundred and forty-six of the public laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-six, relating to ways, is hereby repealed; and all the provisions of section thirty-nine of chapter eighteen of the revised statutes are hereby revived, so that said section, as revived, shall read as follows:

If the judgment of the commissioners in favor 'SECT. 39. of laying out or altering a way, as prayed for, is wholly reversed on an appeal, they shall proceed no further; and in all cases when the judgment of the commissioners shall be reversed on appeal, no petition praying for substantially the same thing shall be entertained by them for two years there-If their judgment is affirmed in whole or in part, they shall carry into effect the judgment of the appellate court; and in all cases they shall carry into full effect the judgment of the appellate court in the same manner as if made by themselves; and the party appealing or prosecuting shall pay the costs incurred since the appeal, if so adjudged by the appellate court, which may allow costs in such cases to the prevailing party, to be paid out of the county treasury. compensation of the committee to be the same as commissioners would have for like services, to be allowed by the The costs allowed the prevailing party, and the fees

of the committee, are to be collected as provided in section CHAP. 200 three; provided, however, that this act shall not apply to any case where the judgment has been reversed on account of informality in the proceedings.'

Approved February 8, 1877.

#### Chapter 200.

An act additional to chapter thirty of the Revised Statutes, relating to mischievous

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

SECT. 1. Every owner or keeper of a dog shall annually Dogs shall be cause it to be registered, described, and licensed for one annually registered and licensed year, in the office of the city or town clerk wherein he resides, by paying therefor, to said clerk, the sum of twenty cents; and shall cause it to wear around its neck a collar distinctly marked with the owner's name and registered number, and shall pay into the treasury of the city or town, for such license, one dollar for a male dog and two dollars for a female dog.

SECT. 2. The treasurer of the town shall keep an accurate Town Treasurers and separate account of all money received and paid out

to keep separate account of money received and paid out under this

under the provisions of this act. Whoever keeps a dog contrary to the provisions Penalty for viola-

of this act shall forfeit ten dollars, to be recovered on complaint, to the use of the city or town wherein the dog is kept, and any person may, and every police officer and constable Duty of officers. shall kill, or cause to be destroyed, all dogs going at large, and not licensed and collared according to the provisions of this act; and such officers, when not otherwise paid for their services, shall receive from the city or town treasury, fifty cents for each dog so destroyed.

SECT. 4. Whoever wrongfully removes the collar from, Penalty for reor steals a dog licensed and collared as aforesaid, shall be moving collar or stealing dog. punished by a fine not exceeding twenty dollars; and whoever wrongfully kills, maims, entices or carries away such a Liability for dog, shall be liable to the owner for its value.

Whoever suffers loss by reason of the worrying, Damage to other maiming or killing of his sheep, lambs or other domestic remedy for.

killing, &c.