

ACTS AND RESOLVES

OF THE

FIFTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1875.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820, February 28, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

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1875.

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE. 1875.

SCHOOL MONEY .--- CONTESTED ELECTIONS.

Chapter S.

An act to amend chapter one hundred and sixty-six of the public laws of eighteen hundred and seventy-four, relating to school money.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legis*lature assembled*, as*follows :

Chapter one hundred and sixty-six, section seven, of the public Sec. 7, ch. 166, laws 1874, amendlaws of eighteen hundred and seventy-four, is hereby amended by ment of. striking out the word "ten," in the third line, and substituting therefor the word 'twenty,' and striking out the word "ten," in the fourth line, and substituting therefor the word 'twenty,' so that said section shall read as follows:

'SECT. 1. The assessors and superintending school committee, Apportionment of or supervisors of towns, cities and plantations, may annually apportion twenty per centum of all money required to be raised several towns, &c. by the fifth section of the revised statutes, and twenty per centum of all money received from the state for schools, except money received under the free high school act, among the districts in the several towns, cities and plantations, in such manner as in their judgment shall give to the smaller districts, as nearly as may be, an equal opportunity of enjoying the benefits of common school education with the larger districts.

Approved February 12, 1875.

CHAP 8.

school money among the smaller distriots in the

Chapter 9.

An act additional to "an act in relation to contested elections."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

SECT. 1. Notice of intention to contest the right of any person Contested elecclaiming to be elected to a seat in the house of representatives, with a statement of the reasons for so doing, may be served on served. such person by the contestant at any time subsequent to the election, and shall be at least fifteen days prior to the organization of said house; and all testimony deemed necessary by either party shall be by depositions taken in accordance with the statute, or by Testimony, how parole evidence, and presented to said body within three days from the commencement of the session; and in all cases where this law is not strictly complied with, except in extreme cases where injustice would be done if a continuance was not allowed, the party neglecting shall be denied a postponement, and the Party denied a committee on elections shall proceed to determine such cases by case of neglect. the testimony before them.

tions, notice by contestant, how and when

taken and presented.

2