

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES
OF THE
FIFTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.

1872.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
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1872.

PUBLIC LAWS
OF THE
STATE OF MAINE.
1872.

CHAP. 64.

warrant if he shall find said liquors, or shall have reason to believe such person has concealed them about his or her person, to arrest such person or persons and have him or them forthwith before such magistrate for trial. If the name of the person keeping such liquors is unknown to the complainant, he shall so allege in his complaint, and such magistrate shall thereupon issue his warrant as provided in the first clause of this section. If upon trial, the court upon the evidence adduced shall be of the opinion that the liquors were so as aforesaid kept and intended for unlawful sale by the person or persons named in said complaint, or by any other person or persons with his or their knowledge or consent, he or they shall be found guilty thereof, and sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs of prosecution, and in default of payment thereof to be imprisoned thirty days in the county jail, or instead of such fine shall be imprisoned in the county jail three months.'

Approved February 29, 1872.

Chapter 64.

An act to abolish solitary imprisonment in the state prison.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Solitary imprisonment abolished except for prison discipline.

Solitary imprisonment in the state prison is hereby abolished excepting for prison discipline.

Approved February 29, 1872.

Chapter 65.

An act additional to chapter twelve of the revised statutes respecting reserved lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Location of lots reserved for public uses by a committee appointed by the supreme judicial court.

SECT. 1. When in the grant of any townships or parts of townships certain portions are reserved for public uses, and such portions have not been located in severalty prior to the incorporation of same into a town, the supreme judicial court in the county where the land lies, on application of the assessors of the town, may appoint three disinterested persons of the county, and issue its warrant under seal of the court to them, requiring them as soon as may be to locate such reserved portion according to the terms of the grant, and if the use or purpose of the reservation is prescribed in the grant, they shall set off and locate the lots

accordingly, designating the use or purpose for which each lot is so reserved and located.

CHAP. 66.

SECT. 2. Said committee, before acting under such warrant, shall be sworn to the faithful discharge of the duty assigned them, before a justice of the peace; and a certificate thereof shall be indorsed on the warrant.

Committee to be sworn.

SECT. 3. They shall also give notice of their appointment, and of the time and place of their meeting, to execute the same, by publishing the same in some newspaper in the state to be designated by the court, and by posting up written notifications in two or more public places in the same town, at least thirty days next prior to their making such location.

Notice of appointment and meeting.

SECT. 4. They shall make return of said warrant and their doings thereon, under their hands to the next supreme judicial court in the county, after having completed the service; which being accepted by the court, and recorded in the registry of deeds, of the same county within six months, shall be a legal assignment and location of such reserved proportions, for the uses designated; and thereafter the lands so set off and located, shall be under the care and oversight of the trustees of the ministerial and school funds of the town, with all the powers and subject to the duties prescribed in the act to which this is additional including the power to sell and convey the same.

Return of the doings of the committee.

SECT. 5. This act shall take effect when approved.

Approved February 29, 1872.

Chapter 66.

An act for the encouragement of the growth of forest trees.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

That any landholder in this state who shall plant or set apart any cleared lands or lands from which the primitive forest shall have been removed for the growth and production of forest trees within ten years after the passage of this act, and shall successfully grow and cultivate the same for three years, the trees being not less in numbers than two thousand on each acre and well distributed over the same, then on application of the owner or occupant of such lands to the assessors of the town in which the same is situated and is so successfully cultivated or set apart to forest trees, and at the same time of such application shall file with said assessors a correct plat of such lands with description of their location, and setting forth all the facts in relation to the growth

Planted forest trees to be exempt from taxation.