

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the
LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY
at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library
<http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib>



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied
(searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

ACTS AND RESOLVES

PASSED BY THE

FORTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1862.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820,
February 26, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

AUGUSTA:
STEVENS & SAYWARD, PRINTERS TO THE STATE.
1862.

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1862.

CHAP. 100. paper ; and the inspector general may require returns of his deputies as often as he sees fit.

Acts inconsistent, repealed. SECT. 6. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

[Approved March 14, 1862.]

Chapter 100.

An act to amend chapter eighty-six of the revised statutes, entitled trustee process.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Chap. 86, Sec. 55 of R. S., amended.
Amount of wages exempt, &c.

The sixth specification of section fifty-five of chapter eighty-six of the revised statutes, is hereby amended by adding to the end thereof the following words: and not exceeding twenty dollars of the amount due to him as wages for his personal labor ; and this shall not be exempt in any suit, for necessaries furnished him or his family.

[Approved March 15, 1862.]

Chapter 101.

An act in relation to state agents.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :

Agent or officer of state not to exceed appropriations.

—unless directed by the governor.

That no agent, or officer of the state, or of any department thereof, whose duty it may be to expend money under an appropriation by the legislature, and who shall exceed in his expenditure said appropriation, shall have any claim for reimbursement therefor ; nor shall his account for such excess be audited or allowed, unless such excess of expenditure shall have been previously specifically directed and authorized in writing by the governor. This act shall not be construed as conferring by implication upon the governor any greater power than he now has.

[Approved March 15, 1862.]