MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

PASSED BY THE

THIRTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

1855.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820, February 26, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

STEVENS & BLAINE, PRINTERS TO THE STATE, $\frac{1855}{.}$

RESOLVES

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE.

1855.

Chapter 256.

Снар. 256.

Resolve to provide for the shingling of the Mattawamkeag bridge.

Resolved. That the land agent be authorized to expend a sum Mattawamkeag not exceeding six hundred dollars, for the purpose of shingling the shingling of. Mattawamkeag bridge, across the Mattawamkeag river near its mouth.

[Approved March 16, 1855.]

Chapter 257.

Resolve directing the printing of certain documents.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the secretary of state, Secretary of prior to the commencement of each session of the legislature, or as the printing of certain docusoon thereafter as practicable, to cause to be printed for the use of ments. the legislature, of the reports of the treasurer, and of the land agent, two thousand five hundred copies each; of the reports of the adjutant general, and of the warden of the state prison, one thousand copies each; of the trustees and superintendent of the insane hospital, of the bank commissioners, and of the list of stockholders of banks and other corporations, one thousand five hundred copies each; of the report of the superintendent of common schools, five thousand copies: and of the report of the trustees and superintendent of the reform school, three thousand copies; and of such other documents as the governor may think proper to lay before the legislature, such number of copies as he may direct. And in case the printers to the state cannot execute the printing of each and all of these documents, with the exception of the list of stockholders of banks and corporations, it shall be their duty to notify the secretary of state of the fact, and the secretary of state is thereupon authorized to employ other parties to execute the printing within the time above specified. The resolve approved March twenty-second, eighteen hundred and Resolve of March thirty-six, directing the printing of certain documents, and all other repealed. acts or resolves relating to the same subject, are hereby repealed.

[Approved March 16, 1855.]

Chapter 258.

Resolve concerning the special acts and resolves of this state.

Resolved, That the governor, by the advice and consent of the Special acts and council, is hereby authorized to appoint a competent and skillful resolves, appointment of, to examine, &c.

Спар. 259.

person to examine the special acts and resolves of this state, from the origin of the government to and including the present year, and report to the next legislature:

First, The number of each class, which is of sufficient interest and importance to the public to require and repay publication.

Second, The number of volumes they would occupy, distinguishing resolves from special acts, with an index to each.

Third, The whole expense of collating, printing and binding the same, and preparing suitable indices.

[Approved March 16, 1855.]

Chapter 259.

Resolve for the repair of the road in township numbered nine, in the fifth range.

Road, in No. 9, R. 5, repair of. Resolved, That the land agent is hereby authorized to expend the sum of two hundred dollars in repairing the road across township numbered nine, in the fifth range, west from the east line of the state. Provided, the proprietors of one-fourth of said township shall expend on said road the sum of one hundred dollars, before the first day of August next.

Proviso.

[Approved March 16, 1855.]

Chapter 260.

Resolves relating to the veto of the French spoliation bill.

French spoliabill, in relation Resolved, That the recent veto by the president of these United States of the French spoliation bill, so called, has created a general and well founded disappointment and dissatisfaction throughout this state; and that the reasons given by the president for this arbitrary act, are extraordinary and wholly insufficient.

Resolved, That the obligation of the general government to make indemnity for the French spoliation, (in part provided for by said bill,) has been repeatedly examined and demonstrated in congress, and ought to be faithfully performed.

Resolved, That our senators in congress be instructed, and our representatives requested, to endeavor, in every practicable way, to secure the payment of the claims of the citizens of these United States, on account of said French spoliations.