

ACTS AND RESOLVES

PASSED BY THE

TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

A. D. 1848.

Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820, February 26, 1840, and March 16, 1842.

Augusta: WILLIAM T. JOHNSON, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

1848.

PUBLIC LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

1848.

Снар. 58.

When new execution may be issued. or destroyed, and to proceed in said action in the same manner as if the original writ had been preserved.

SECT. 2. When it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of either of the justices of any court in this state, by the affidavit of a creditor, his attorney or otherwise, that any execution issued from the office of the clerk of such court, has been accidentally lost or destroyed, which execution was unsatisfied in whole or in part, it shall be the duty of said justice of said court to direct the clerk thereof, to issue a new execution, for the amount ascertained to be due, in the same manner as if the execution so lost or destroyed had been duly returned, unsatisfied in whole or in part.

[Approved August 8, 1848.]

Chapter 58.

An act for the regulation of bowling alleys.,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

That the mayor and aldermen of the several cities, selectmen of towns, and the assessors of plantations, in this state, are hereby authorized and empowered to impose upon all bowling alleys within their corporate limits, such conditions and restrictions, not inconsistent with the constitution of this state, as in their opinion the public interest may require.

[Approved August 8, 1848.]

Chapter 59.

An act to authorize certain persons to prosecute and defend suits.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

In any action which is now or hereafter may be pending in the supreme judicial court, district court, or before any judgeof a municipal court, or any justice of the peace, in favor of or against any sheriff, deputy sheriff, coroner or constable, to enforce any right, or for any act done in virtue of any precept directed to either of said officers, in case of the death of any

Power of mayor and aldermen, selectmen and assessors.

In case of the death of a sheriff, deputy sheriff, coroner or con-

stable, pending an action in fa-

vor of or against

such officer, the party for whom he acted may

prosecute and defend said suit

in his own name,

such officer, and no administration granted upon his estate, at CHAP. 60. the expiration of three months thereafter, the party for whose interest the said officer acted, shall have the right to prosecute and defend said suit to final judgment and execution in his own name, by entering his own appearance and giving such security for costs as the court or justice may direct.

[Approved August 8, 1848.]

Chapter 60.

An act relating to certain bankrupt defendants.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

In any action where the defendant shall plead and rely upon Costs against plaintiff, when his certificate of discharge in bankruptcy as a matter of defense, and where the said certificate was obtained after the commencement of the suit, such defendant shall recover no costs against the plaintiff till after the said certificate shall be obtained, pleaded and produced in court.

[Approved August 8, 1848.]

Chapter 61.

An act giving further remedies to tenants in common.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

SECT. 1. Whenever any joint tenant or tenant in common Co-tenant may shall take and receive the whole of the rents, profits or income tion of special of the joint estate, or more than his share of the same, without cover his share. the consent of his co-tenant, and shall refuse, within a reasonable time after demand, to deliver and pay to such co-tenant his share of such rents, profits or income, or of the just proceeds of the same, the said co-tenant, so deprived of his share as aforesaid, may have and maintain an action of special assumpsit to recover his said share against the tenant withholding the same.

Sect. 2. The like action may, in the same manner, be had Two or more cotenants may join and maintained against any two or more co-tenants, jointly, as plaintifferent

maintain an ac-

recovered.