

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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ACTS AND RESOLVES

PASSED BY THE

TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

A. D. 1846.

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Published by the Secretary of State, agreeably to Resolves of June 28, 1820, February 26, 1840,  
and March 16, 1842.

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*Augusta:*

WILLIAM T. JOHNSON,.....PRINTER TO THE STATE.

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1846.

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PRIVATE AND SPECIAL LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

1846.

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**CHAP. 357.** Remick, Theodore Taylor, Jacob W. Stinchfield, Aaron W. Huntress, James H. Bowler, John Burnham and William R. Ayer, their associates, successors and assigns, are hereby constituted a corporation, by the name of the trustees of Lincoln High School; and by this name may sue and be sued; have a common seal; make any by-laws, not repugnant to the laws of this state, which they may deem expedient for the management of their affairs; fill all vacancies occurring in their number; take and hold any estate, real or personal, which they may now possess or may receive hereafter by donation or otherwise, the annual income of which not to exceed two thousand dollars; said income to be faithfully applied to promote the cause of education; and the trustees aforesaid shall have all the powers and privileges incident to similar corporations.

[Approved July 29, 1846.]

### Chapter 357.

An Act respecting lumber in the Mattawamkeag river.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows :*

Logs, masts or spars to be run through Slew-gunda, not to exceed forty feet in length.

Penalty for offending against said provisions.

How recovered.

Timber also forfeited.

That no person or persons after the first day of November next, shall draw or put into the Mattawamkeag river, or its tributary streams, for the purpose of being run through a place called Slew-gunda any log, mast or spar or other timber, exceeding forty feet in length, and any person or persons offending against the provisions aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay a fine of twenty dollars for each log, mast, spar or other piece of timber, exceeding the length aforesaid, by him or them drawn or put into the river or streams aforesaid, to be recovered by complaint before a justice of the peace, one half to the use of the complainant, the other half to the use of the state, and such person or persons shall also forfeit to the complainant the log, mast, spar or other piece of timber, to be recovered by the same complaint.

[Approved July 29, 1846.]