

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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PUBLIC ACTS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

PASSED BY THE

FIFTEENTH LEGISLATURE,

AT ITS SESSION, HELD IN JANUARY, 1835.

Published agreeably to the Resolve of June 28, 1820.

AUGUSTA:

WILLIAM J. CONDON.....PRINTER TO THE STATE.

1835.

Chapter 176.

AN ACT to regulate the sale of Oats.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Legislature assembled, That from and after the passage of this Act, the standard weight of all Oats offered for sale in this State shall be, and hereby is established at thirty-five pounds per bushel; and that whenever any Oats shall hereafter be offered for sale and either the buyer or seller shall require it, said Oats shall be sold by weight by the standard aforesaid.

Standard weight of Oats to be 35 pounds per bushel.

[Approved by the Governor, March 19, 1835.]

Chapter 177.

AN ADDITIONAL ACT regulating Divorces.

SECT. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Legislature assembled, That a divorce from the bonds of matrimony may be decreed, where the consent of one of the parties to the marriage was obtained by fraud, on the application of the party whose consent was so obtained. Provided, if it shall appear that such party cohabited with the other party as man and wife after he or she had knowledge of such fraud, no divorce shall be decreed.*

Divorce may be decreed where consent is obtained by fraud.

Proviso.

SECT. 2. *Be it further enacted, That, when a divorce shall be decreed for the cause aforesaid, the Court may order and enforce the same provisions in favor of the libellant out of the estate of the libellee, as is provided by the fifth section of the Act to which this is additional in the case of divorce for the cause of adultery. And when the wife shall apply for a divorce for the cause above mentioned, and a divorce shall be decreed, she shall be entitled to her dower to be assigned to her in the lands of her husband in the same manner, as if he were naturally dead.*

Court may enforce same provisions as in case of adultery.

[Approved by the Governor, March 21, 1835.]