

RESOLVES

OF THE

FIFTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

PASSED AT THE SESSION

WHACH COMMENCED ON THE FIFTH DAY OF JANUARY, AND ENDED ON THE TWENTX-EIGHTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, ONE THOUSAND RIGHT HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE.

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PUBLISHED AGREEARLY TO THE RESOLVE OF THE 20TH OF JUNE, 1820.

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Portland :

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RESOLVES.

JANUARY SESSION, 1825.

CHAPTER I.

Resolve relating to the allowance of the Massachusetts Claims now pending before the Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That the Senators in Congress from this State, be instructed, and the Representatives requested, to adopt all suitable and proper measures, at the present session, to obtain the allowance of the Massachusetts Claims now pending before Congress; that the justice of the claims being admitted by the President of the United States in his message, and by the committee of Congress in their Report, it is due to the parties in interest, that these claims be now adjusted; and, from the enlightened liberality of our National Legislature, we have the fullest confidence that they will be brought to a speedy and equitable Resolved, That the Governor be, and he is hereby redecision. quested, to transmit copies of the foregoing Resolution to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress, with a request that they would communicate the same to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, in such manner as they may deem expedient.

[This Resolve passed January 10, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

In consequence of the inconveniences resulting from the situation and extent of the second Division of the Militia of this State, the Council have unanimously advised to the formation of a new Division, to be denominated the eighth Division. An order has thereupon been issued for carrying this arrangement into effect. I lay before the Legislature a copy of the proceedings, to the end that the office of Major-General of said new Division may be filled agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution. ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, JANUARY 10, 1825.

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I lay before the Legislature a communication received from the Directors of the American Asylum for the education of the Deaf and Dumb, established at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut. The Directors suggest a wish that some plan may be digested and adopted, whereby the Deaf and Dumb of the neighbouring States may be educated at that Institution, on such principles that each may have a due share in the enjoyment of the funds granted by Congress for the instruction of this unfortunate class of the community. They further intimate a willingness that each State, making application, should have the same benefit from the national grant, as though the Asylum were located within its own territory. Accompanying this communication, are several copies of the last annual report of the Directors, from which information may be derived of the character and present state of that Institution.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, JANUARY 8, 1825.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN SENATE, January 11, 1825.

The Committee, to whom was referred the Governor's Message respecting the Deaf and Dumb, having considered the same, examined the accompanying document, and availed themselves of such further evidence as has been furnished to them, ask leave to report in part :

That great advantages are manifest in the instruction of a considerable number of pupils at the same school; that the proposals made in behalf of the Asylum at Hartford, to educate there the Deaf and Dumb of the neighbouring States, appear just and liberal; and to your Committee it seems worth the consideration of the Legislature, to ascertain whether the advantages tendered, if placed on secure footing, will not be more effectual than any provision which can be made at an equal, or even greater expense, within the State.

Two Commissioners have been appointed from each of the States of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont, to meet and confer on the subject, in behalf of their several States; and for the purpose of obtaining and laying before the Legislature the proper and requisite information, your Committee are of opinion, that the appointment of a like number, on their part, one by the Senate and one by the House of Representatives, would at this time be expedient; for which purpose a resolve is herewith respectfully submitted. By order,

JOSIAH STEBBINS.

CHAPTER II.

Resolve providing for the appointment of Commissioners to confer with the Directors of the American Asylum, and Commissioners of other States, respecting the education of the Deaf and Dumb.

Resolved, That two Commissioners be appointed by the Governor, with advice of Council, to confer with the Directors of the American Asylum, at Hartford, and also with such Commissioners appointed by other States as may meet for the purpose, on the subject of making provision for the education of the Deaf and Dumb at the Asylum; and to ascertain what accommodations, instructions and employments are provided at that Institution; at what ages pupils may be admitted; and whether equal terms and privileges may be there allowed and secured for the indigent Deaf and Dumb of this State; to report at the present session of the Legislature.

[This Resolve passed January 13, 1825.]

CHAPTER III.

Resolve for purchasing Greenleaf's Reports.

Resolved, That the Secretary of State, be, and he is hereby authorized to purchase three hundred and twenty-five copies of the second volume of Greenleaf's Reports of the decisions of the Supreme Judicial Court of the State of Maine, and to distribute one copy thereof to each town and organized plantation within the State; one copy to each of the Judges of the Supreme Judicial Court, Court of Common Pleas, and of Probate; one copy to the Attorney General, and one copy to each Clerk of the Courts, in the several counties in this State, for the use of their respective counties: *Provided* said Reports can be obtained for a sum not exceeding two dollars and twenty five cents per volume. And the sum of seven hundred and thirty one dollars and twenty five cents is hereby appropriated for that purpose; and the Governor, upon satisfactory evidence being exhibited to him that said Reports have been deposited in the Secretary's office, for the use of the State, is hereby authorized and requested, with advice of Council, to draw his. warrant on the Treasury accordingly.

[This Resolve passed January 13, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

The Governor of Georgia having requested that the enclosed Resolution of the Legislature of that State may be made known to the Legislature of Maine, I communicate the same to the two branches for their information.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, JANUARY 15, 1825.

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CHAPTER IV.

Resolve for the admission of Nathaniel M. Lowney, to practice law in the Court of Common Pleas, and for other purposes.

Upon petition of Nathaniel M. Lowney: *Resolved*, for reasons set forth in said Lowney's petition, That the Justices of the said Court of Common Pleas, be, and they are hereby authorized to admit said Lowney to practice law as an Attorney therein, he paying the duty required by law, and continuing his study of the law for the term of ten months from the first day of January, 1825, in the office of a Counsellor at Law in this State.

PUBLIC LANDS.

And be it further resolved, That the Supreme Judicial Court, be, and they are hereby authorized to admit the said Lowney to practice as an Attorney in said Court, whenever he shall have practiced in the said Court of Common Pleas for the term of two years: *Provided*, he shall comply with the requisitions of law, and the rules of the Supreme Judicial Court in other respects. [This Resolve passed January 15, 1825.]

STATE OE MAINE.

IN SENATE, January 18, 1825.

The Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred so much of the Governor's Message as relates to depredations committed upon the public lands, have had the same under consideration, and **REPORT**:

That from the documents accompanying the message, and other sources of information, it is evident that very great quantities of timber upon lands belonging to this State, and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and also upon lands granted by that Commonwealth, near the line heretofore recognized as the dividing line between the United States and the British Province of New Brunswick, have been cut and carried down the river St. Johns by British subjects, and thence transported to Great Britain.

The principal scene of these depredations is upon the Aroostook and Madaweska, many miles within the territory and jurisdiction of this State, and far West of the line settled by the Treaty of 1783, as claimed by the Government of the United States. These depredations are still continued upon a large scale, and the value of the timber annually taken from our territory is so great as to render it the duty of the Government to adopt some efficient measures to obtain satisfaction for the past, and to prevent further destruction of its property. But what is more interesting to this State and to the United States, than the value of the timber, is, the adjustment and settlement of the boundary line between this State and the Province of New Brunswick, which is the appropriate business of the National Government to effect.

The Committee are well satisfied, although they have not legal evidence of the fact, that the persons who have taken the timber, and who are now employed in cutting it within the line as claimed by this State and the United States are furnished with permits and licenses from the Government of the Province of New Brunswick; that it is the policy of that government, availing itself of the controversy respecting our North Eastern boundary, to strengthen their claim to the disputed territory, by allowing the timber thereon to be cut under its authority, and by placing settlers upon portions of it, to whom that government proffer very liberal encouragement.

When it is considered that should the pretensions of the British Government in regard to our North Eastern boundary be acceded to, this State will lose a quarter or a third of its territory and jurisdiction, and all participation in the waters of the St. Johns and its important branches, it behoves this State, as well as the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to adopt the most efficient measures to prevent further encroachments upon this territory, and to urge upon the National Government the necessity and importance of bringing to a speedy and favorable termination, the negotiation on this interesting subject, which has been so long protracted.

The territory upon which most of the depredations have been and are committing, is situate from 60 to 100 miles from any settlements by our citizens and where legal process cannot be expected to produce much effect either to obtain satisfaction for the past, or to deter the depredators from pursuing a business which proves profitable to them and satisfactory to their employers.

To authorize the employment of a military force to expel the depredators from our territory would be unavailing, unless it be continued to prevent their return to the work of destruction.— The expense of adopting and carrying into effect such a measure, would not only be very great, but might involve the National Government, and our citizens near the line, in serious difficulties, and it is questionable whether it ought to be adopted without the concurrence of Massachusetts, and until the result of the pending negociation shall be known.

With these views of this important and highly interesting subject, your Committee respectfully submit the accompanying Resolve. JONAS PARLIN, Jr. Chairman.

CHAPTER V.

Resolve respecting depredations on the Public Lands.

Resolved, That the Governor be authorized and requested to correspond with the Governor of the Province of New Brunswick, relative to the depredations which have been committed by British subjects upon the timber on the Public Lands of this State, west of the boundary line between this State and the Province of New Brunswick, as heretofore recognized; and to ascertain whether that Government have authorized any persons to cut timber upon these lands, or to settle thereon.

Be it further Resolved, That the Land Agent for this State be instructed, in conjunction with such person as may be designated on the part of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in case such person should be designated, and if no person shall be so designated, then without such conjunction, forthwith to take effectual measures to ascertain the extent of the depredations committed on the lands belonging to this State and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, or on the lands belonging to thisState; by whom the same have been committed, and under what authority, if any, such depredations have been committed; and all other facts necessary to bring the offenders to justice.

Be it further Resolved, That the Attorney General of this State, in conjunction with such person or persons as may be authorized on the part of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, be instructed forthwith to commence any actions or prosecutions, against any persons found trespassing on the lands jointly owned by this State and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, that all such persons may be brought to justice, as speedily as may be; the expenses of which prosecutions, the Legislature of Massachusetts concurring, to be borne equally by this State and the said Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Be it further Resolved, That the Governor be requested to communicate to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts all the information he now has, or may obtain, relative to depredations upon the public lands in this State, with a copy of this Resolve, and to request the co-operation of Massachusetts in such measures as will protect the property of both States, and bring to a speedy issue the pending negotiation relative to the North-Eastern boundary of the United States.

Be it further Resolved, That the Governor be requested to forward to each of the Senators and Representatives in Congress from this State, a copy of the Report of the Committee on that part of the Governor's Message relative to depredations on the public lands, and of these Resolves, with such of the accompanying documents as he may think proper, and request them to take the necessary measures to obtain an early adjustment of our North-Eastern boundary.

[This Resolve passed January 24, 1825.]

CHAPTER VI.

Resolve for the admission of Daniel Clarke to practice Law in the Court of Common Pleas, and for other purposes.

On petition of Daniel Clarke:

Resolved, For reasons set forth in said Clarke's petition, That the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas are hereby authorized to admit said Clarke to practice Law as an Attorney therein; he paying the duty required by law.

And be it further Resolved, That the Supreme Judicial Court be, and they are hereby, authorized to admit the said Clarke to practice as an Attorney in said Court, whenever he shall have practised in the said Court of Common Pleas for the term of two years: Provided, he shall comply with the requisitions of law, and the rules of said Supreme Judicial Court, in other respects. [This Resolve passed January 27, 1825.]

CHAPTER VII.

Resolve in aid of the Gardiner Lyceum.

Resolved, That there be paid out of the Treasury of the State, to the Treasurer of the Gardiner Lyceum, the sum of one thousand dollars, annually, for three years ; and the Governor, with advice of Council, is authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the same.

[This Resolve passed January 27, 1825.]

STATE OF MAINE.

JANUARY 21, 1825.

The Joint Committee of both Houses of the Legislature, to whom was referred so much of the Governor's Message as relates to the testifying to General Lafayette the high estimation in which he is held by the people of this State; and also, the expediency of authorizing the Governor to extend to him an invitation to visit the same, have had the subjects under consideration, and now respectfully

REPORT:

That, with no ordinary sensations of pleasure and gratitude, the Legislature of the State of Maine have heard announced the arrival of General Lafayette in the United States of America. If the most exalted private worth and virtue have proportionate

claims to respect and veneration, the truly illustrious individual, whose visit to this free and happy country has been officially announced to this Legislature, must excite these emotions, in a pre-eminent degree, in the breasts of all who have had opportunity to become acquainted with his character.

When, to all the virtues which can ennoble the private individual, we behold united a constant, uniform, rational and ardent love of liberty, shall it be said that the free and independent citizens of the United States can express too strong an admiration of the man in whose character they are so happily and strongly blended, that all the blandishments and fascinations of a Court could not tarnish, nor all the persecutions of anarchy obliteratethem.

Such is the character of Lafayette. Virtuous and unsophisticated, we see him, in the dawn of manhood, unseduced by the allurements of a refined, but despotic Court, and rising superior to the prejudices, which for ages had chained the mind to the machinery of regal power, come and devote on the altar of liberty a splendid fortune, a vigorous intellect, and a willing and heroic heart.

At this period of his life, witnessing in his actions, all that was fabled of the heroic ages, it might have been supposed that he was actuated by the spirit of chivalry, had not the whole of his after life afforded unequivocal testimony that love of liberty was in him a deep rooted principle, and not the impulse of romantic feeling—a principle, which prosperity could not strengthen, nor adversity unsettle. Unappalled by the danger which threatened, and unsubdued by the gloom which enshrouded the cause he had espoused, at the side of the immortal Washington and his other illustrious compatriots, he steadily pressed forward to the accomplishment of his object, nor rested till a permanent independence had been acquired for the country of his adoption.

Following his glorious, because virtuous career, we behold him now attempting in his native country to restrain arbitrary power, and introduce the principles of rational liberty, and the blessings of a free Constitution. And when Anarchy, like a mighty torrent, breaking over all barriers, swept before it every vestige of law and order and Freedom, Lafayette, true to his principles, is seen opposing himself, though unavailingly, to its resistless course, and baring his breast to the tremendous shock.

Do we behold him at the head of armies? It is as the champion of order, of free government, of rational liberty. Do we listen to his voice in the Senate? It is raised in the same noble cause, and for the same magnanimous purpose. Is he incarcerated within the walls of a dungeon? It is as the victim of tyranny. Oppression, in all its Protean forms, trembled when Lafayette was free; and only felt at ease, when assured that his manly limbs were loaded with the chains of slavery. His spirit, tyranny could not fetter. His soul, oppression could not subdue.

But, in contemplating the character of our Nation's distinguished Guest, there is a fact of which this Legislature can never lose sight. If it be asked, where is that nation whose freedom his efforts contributed so largely to achieve? Will not every heart within these walls most joyfully and gratefully respond, that Nation is the United States of America? And who can say, that without his wealth, which he so cheerfully devoted, his influence, which he so unremittingly and perseveringly exerted, and his blood, which he so freely and lavishly shed, we should now be legislating in this Assembly calmly and unrestrained, to promote the interests of a free, happy and sovereign State?

To the bosom of this highly favored nation—a people, who, for almost half a century have enjoyed the rich blessings of independence, unexampled happiness and prosperity, has a gracious Providence directed the steps of the great, the virtuous Lafayette—the unwavering friend of the rights and liberties of man—the last surviving general officer of our glorious revolution. He comes, indeed, bowed down by age and persecution; but he comes with a heart still glowing with the love of rational liberty. He comes to witness the full fruition of his earliest and constant hopes; and we rejoice to add, to share the justice and munificence of a free, great, and magnanimous people.

Your Committee would therefore respectfully submit the following Resolutions.

> JAMES CAMPBELL, STEPHEN PARSONS, JAMES W. RIPLEY, ROBERT P. DUNLAP, JOSEPH PRIME, SAMUEL FESSENDEN, TIMOTHY BOUTELLE, DANIEL GOODENOW, EBENEZER WILLIAMS, PARKER McCOBB, JOSEPH TREAT, J. C. TALBOT.

CHAPTER VIII.

Resolves relating to General Lafavette.

Resolved, That, with the strongest and most sincere emotions of joy and gratitude, this Legislature have heard announced the arrival of General Lafayette in the United States of America. Resolved, That this Legislature most sincerely accord with the feelings, which have been expressed toward him by our fellow citizens of those States which he has visited, and most cordially approve the act of gratitude and justice done him by the present Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to extend to General Lafayette, in the name of the people of the State of Maine, a respectful request, that he will visit this State before he shall leave the United States; and that the Governor be authorized to draw on the Treasurer of this State, his warrant for such sum as shall be necessary to defray any expense of such visit, should General Lafayette comply with such request.

[These Resolves passed unanimously January 27, 1825.]

CHAPTER IX.

Resolve relating to the Printing for the State.

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be authorized to contract for the Printing necessary to be done for the State for one year, on such terms as he may judge most advantageous to the State; the accounts to be laid before the next Legislature for allowance. [This Resolve passed January 28, 1825.]

CHAPTER X.

Resolve in favor of Foxcroft Academy.

Resolved, That there be, and hereby is granted one half township of land, (the whole township being six miles square,) to be assigned and laid out from any unappropriated lands belonging to this State, the same to be vested in the Trustees of Foxcroft Academy, established in the town of Foxcroft, and county of Penobscot, and their successors forever, for the use, benefit and purpose of supporting said Academy, (subject, however, to the reservation contained in the eighth section of an Act, entitled "an Act to promote the sale and settlement of public lands," passed the twenty-fifth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty four,) to be by them holden in their corporate capacity, with full power and authority to settle, divide and manage the same half township, or any part thereof, or to sell, convey and dispose of the same, in any way and manner, that shall best promote the welfare of said Academy; the same to be laid out under the direction of the land agent for this State, and a plan thereof to be returned into the office of the Secretary of State.

[This Resolve passed February 5, 1825.]

CHAPTER XI.

Resolve for the relief of William Rice.

Resolved, for reasons set forth in the petition of William Rice, 'That the Agent to superintend and manage the sale and settlement of the public land be authorized and directed to convey to William Rice or his assigns, the tract of land contracted for on the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and twenty four, to be sold to said Rice, upon the said Rice's paying, or causing to be paid the third and fourth payments mentioned in said contract; and that said agent shall remit to said Rice the first and second payments secured by said contract, provided said Rice or his assigns erect a saw and grist mill and keep the same in repair, according to the terms of his contract.

[This Resolve passed February 5, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

The Governor of New Jersey having requested that the enclosed Resolution of the Legislature of that State may be laid before the Legislature of Maine, I communicate the same to the two branches for their information.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, } FEBRUARY 7, 1825.

CHAPTER XII.

Resolve establishing the times for holding the Courts of Probate, in the Courty of Penobscot.

Resolved, That the Probate Court, in the county of Penobscot, shall hereafter be holden at the Probate office in Bangor, [in] and for said county, on the last Tuesdays of each month in the year, till further order of the legislature, beginning on the last Tuesday of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five; and all suits, matters and things now pending in said Court shall be continued, have day, and be heard, on the day last aforesaid. Be it further Resolved, That in case of the sickness or absence of the Judge of said Court, the same Court, at any of its aforementioned times, may be adjourned by the said Judge, or the Register thereof, by posting, seasonably, an advertisement in writing, in said Probate office. Be it further Resolved, 'That the second resolve in the resolutions passed the twenty eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

[This Resolve passed February 7, 1825.]

CHAPTER XIII.

Resolve on the petition of the Selectmen of the town of Otisfield.

On petition of the Selectmen of the town of Otisfield, in the county of Cumberland, representing that the doings of the said town, in some respects, have not been according to law, for several years past: *Resolved*, That the doings of said town, so far as relates to any errors or omissions on the part of the Assessors of said town, in the discharge of their duties, in any year previous to the present political year; and so far as relates to any omissions or informality in administering the oaths of office to any of the officers of said town, in any of the years aforesaid, be, and the same are hereby confirmed and made valid in law. [*This Resolve passed February* 7, 1825.]

CHAPTER XIV.

Resolve authorizing the Land Agent of the State to expend a certain sum in building bridges over Passadumkeag and other streams.

Resolved, That the Land Agent of this State, be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate and expend a

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sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, out of any monies in his hands, which may have arisen, or shall arise from the sale of public lands, on Penobscot river, for the purpose of building bridges across the Passadumkeag and other small streams, on the State road, leading through numbers one and two, river townships, east of Penobscot river, and also of connecting said road with the Baskaheagan road, so called; and the Land Agent is required to cause said bridges to be erected as soon as practicable.

[This Resolve passed February 7, 1825.]

CHAPTER XV.

Resolve granting compensation to Joseph Emery, the third.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Joseph Emery, the third, the sum of twentyone dollars; and the Governor, with the advice of Council, be requested to draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the same, [This Resolve passed February 10, 1825.]

CHAPTER XVI.

· Resolve granting compensation to Reuel Weston.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Reuel Weston, the sum of forty dollars, in consideration of a wound received while doing duty in the Militia, [This Resolve passed February 10, 1825.]

CHAPTER XVII.

Resolve relating to the Kennebec Road.

Resolved, That the Governor, with the advice of Council, be, and he hereby is authorized to appoint some suitable person as Agent, in behalf of this State, for the purpose of opening or causing to be cleared and made passable, the road called the Kennebec road, north of the million acres, in the county of Somerset, so far as the same extends through the public lands; and the said Agent is hereby authorized, for the purpose aforesaid, under the direction of the Governor and Council, to expend such sum or sums of money, not exceeding four hundred dollars, as they may from time to time, deem necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

[This Resolve passed February 10, 1825.]

CHAPTER XVIII.

Resolve granting a pension to Timothy Hall, Jun.

Resolved, That the sum of four dollars per month, be paid to Timothy Hall, Jun. of Litchfield, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty five, and to continue during the pleasure of the Legislature, not however to exceed the term of three years.

[This Resolve passed February 10, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

Previous to the recent execution at Castine, upon the application of the Sheriff of the county of Hancock, a military company was ordered out by the Major General of the third Division to act as a guard on that occasion. The Roll of those who performed the duty has been transmitted to me and is herewith laid before the Legislature.

From inquiry into the case, I am fully satisfied that the services of this company were necessary, and would, therefore, suggest the propriety of making provision for their payment.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, } FEBRUARY 14, 1825.

CHAPTER XIX.

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Resolve relating to the Island of Matinicus.

Resolved, That the Land Agent of this State, be, and he hereby is authorized and directed to release by deed or deeds, to James Hall and others, possessing land on the Island of Matinicus, all the right, title or interest, which said State hath in said land, they paying to said agent, a reasonable compensation for all the trouble and expense he shall necessarily incur in so doing: *Provided*, That such release shall in no wise effect [affect] the rights or claims of any persons claiming under any title not derived from the State, or by possession merely, against each other, but all such claimants, may pursue their legal remedy as if no such conveyance had been made.

[This Resolve passed February 14, 1825.]

CHAPTER XX.

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Resolve authorizing Nancy Swett, Administratrix of the estate of John Swett, deceased, to convey certain real estate.

Resolevd, For reasons set forth in the petition of the said Nancy, That she be, and hereby is authorized and empowered, to convey by Deed to Martin Mower, of Georgetown, in the county of Lincoln, his heirs or assigns, two certain tracts of land, lying in Starks, in the county of Somerset : One tract containing about one hundred acres, and the other containing about forty five acres; it being the same land conveyed by the said Mower, to the said John Swett, in his life time, in March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty three.

[This Resolve passed February 16, 1925.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

The Adjutant General having reported the resignation of Major General Blossom, of the sixth Division, and the same having been accepted, I now make known to the two branches of the Legislature, that the office of Major General of the sixth Division of the Militia of this State is vacant.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, FEBRUARY 17, 1825.

CHAPTER XXI.

Resolve for the admission of Ephraim H. Lombard, to practice law in the Court of Common Pleas.

Resolved, on the petition of Ephraim H. Lombard, for reasons set forth in said Lombard's petition, That the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, be, and they are hereby authorized to admit said Lombard to practice law, as an Attorney in said Court, in this State; he paying the duty required by law : *Provided*, The said Lombard shall continue the study of law, with some coursellor at law, until the first day of April next.

[This Resolve passed February 19, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

Some important alterations having been made in the arrangement of the second and eighth Divisions of the Militia of this State, I have thought it proper that the same be communicated to the two branches of the Legislature for their information. The Secretary will, therefore, lay before you a copy of the doings of the Council, advising to the arrangement above mentioned.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, FEBRUARY 19, 1925.

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

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To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I transmit for the information of the two branches of the Legislature, a Report this day received from the Commissioners appointed under the Resolve of the 13th ult. " to confer with the Directors of the American Asylum, and Commissioners of other States, respecting the education of the deaf and dumb."

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, } FEBRUARY 3, 1825.

To the Honorable the Senate, and the Honorable the House of Representatives of the State of Maine:

WE, the undersigned, having been appointed, pursuant to a Resolve of the Legislature of the 13th January instant, Commissioners to confer with the Directors of the American Asylum at Hartford, and Commissioners of other States, on the subject of making provision for the education of the Deaf and Dumb at the Asylum, respectfully REPORT:

That on accepting our appointment, we immediately repaired to the City of Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, for the purposes expressed in said resolve. Pursuant to a previous arrangement, the Commissioners assembled on the 25th instant, consisting of the Hon. James Fowler and Hon. John Mills, from Massachusetts; the Rev. Jonathan Nye and Salma Hale, Esq. from New Hampshire; Horace Everett, Esq. from Vermont, and the undersigned from Maine. We were there met by a Committee of the Directors of the Asylum, who invited us to a conference on the interesting subjects connected with our mission. Our object, and that of the other Commissioners, was to obtain all useful information relating to the Institution; its funds, its government, the modes of instruction and employment adopted, the requisite term of instruction at the Asylum, and the conditions on which education could be obtained; and in fine, information on every particular which would throw light on the subject, and present to the Legislature the true character of the Institution, and the nature of the advantages to be there enjoyed by that unfortunate class of persons for whose benefit it was established. This information was to be obtained from two sources: 1st, Documentary statements and accounts of the officers of the Asylum. 2d. Our own personal observation, as to the mode of instruction and employment, accompanied with the necessary explanations of the Instructors, as to the progress of improvement, and numerous incidental circumstances.

It was early ascertained that the appointment of Commismissioners by the several States was a source of satisfaction to the Directors, and when made known to the pupils excited among them a most lively and grateful sense of the kind attention paid to them, and the warm interest so extensively felt for their peculiar privations and misfortunes.

With these views on the part of the Commissioners, and with a most liberal disposition on the part of the Directors, we entered into a particular examination of facts, the result of which we now proceed to state to the Legislature.

The Institution was founded and the business of instruction commenced, in the year 1817. In aid of the establishment

twenty-two thousand seven hundred and sixty-seven dollars and eighty-three cents were raised by donations from individuals; and a further sum of two thousand seven hundred and thirtyseven dollars and fifty-three cents, by contributions in various churches in Connecticut. In March, 1819, a grant was made by Congress to the Asylum, then bearing the name of the Connecticut Asylum, of a tract of land to contain thirty-six sections, equal to twenty-three thousand and forty acres, which was afterwards located by an agent, in five different places in the State of Alabama, in a manner highly advantageous to the interests of the Institution.

The funds of the Institution have been principally derived from these lands, and from the accounts and statements submitted to us, appear now to consist of the following particulars, viz. Lands unsold, 7.850 acres, estimated to be worth, at

this time, four dollars per acre, Furniture of the Asylum, as lately appraised, Beal estate in Hartford, occupied by the Asylum, good, Bonds secured by mortgage, nominal amount 82,116 46 Of which there will probably be a loss of 20,000 00 Leaving L

Making the whole amount,

215,963 39

The present actual income from the above funds, is estimated to be five thousand two hundred dollars-derived from the bank stock and bonds considered safe, and bonds secured by mortgage. Of the latter, a portion does not bear interest, and another portion cannot be collected, but the amount thus situated cannot now be precisely ascertained, the bonds being in the hands of an Agent in Alabama. The furniture and the real estate in Hartford, amounting to thirty six thousand nine hundred and eighty seven dollars and six cents, being necessarily occupied by the Asylum, will never be a source of income. But it is presumed that the unsold lands will be disposed of, and the bonds and mortgages be converted into money, by payment or re-sale of the lands, and that the productive funds will, at a time not far distant, amount to about one hundred and seventy five thousand dollars---allowing something to be expended for additional furniture and real estate in Hartford, for the accommodation of an increased number of pupils. The present number of pupils is sixty five, and the average number for the last three years has been sixty four,

During the last three years, the annual average re- ceipts for boarding, tuition, &c. of pupils has a-	Contraction (
mounted to	
And during said term the annual average expenditure	
for the support of the institution, has been	11,946 13
And during said term the price of tuition, bedding,	
washing and allkinds of expense, except for cloth-	
ing and medical assistance has been annually for	
each pupil,	150 00
The salaries of the officers of the Asylum are es	tablished as
follows, viz.	
Salary of Mr. Gallaudet, the Principal,	1,200 00
" Mr. Clerc,	1,200 00
" Mr Turner,	1,000 00
" Mr. Peet,	800 00
Mr. Brinsmade, where the structure of the	700 00
"Overseer of shops,	400 00
" Chairman of Directing Committee,	200 00
" Commissioner of Funds,	50 00

The price of boarding is per week, 175, which it is said would not be varied by the increase or diminution of the number of pupils. We were furnished by the Treasurer with a statement of the receipts and expenditures on account of the Asylum from its foundation in 1817, to January 1st 1825, which is herewith submitted.

Having thus presented to the view of the Legislature, a brief statement respecting the origin of the Institution, and of its funds: of the manner in which they have been managed, and their amount at the present time, both productive and upproductive ; and also a view of the expenses of the Institution for the last three years; we now proceed to observe that at the request of the committee, the Commissioners repaired to the Asylum to view and examine the accommodations which have been provided. The building is spacious and airy-placed on an elevated and healthy situation, with a large dwelling house near it, which will furnish additional accommodations for the pupils when wanted, equally convenient with those in the main building. And from information, on which we can rely, we are satisfied that both buildings would easily accommodate one hundred and thirty pupils. There are also brick workshops in the rear of the main building, sufficient for the pupils when pursuing their mechanical employments, and several apartments for the purpose of bathing.

We were conducted in succession through the school rooms of the five instructors, and witnessed the mode of instruction, and the progressive improvement of the pupils, according to which they are generally classed, and placed under different instructors. In each room we witnessed the most watchful attention of the pupils to the studies before them, and were extremely gratified to see the promptitude with which they receive ideas from the instructor, and communicate their own in writing. They all seemed eager to learn what the Preceptor was desirous to teach. In each class we saw nothing but contentment and cheerfulness ; perfect regularity and respectful deportment.

After witnessing these delightful scenes for some hours, the Committee and the Commissioners dined in company with the instructors and all the pupils in one common hall. Here we saw the same order and good conduct, and were presented with a dinner, plain, good, and neatly prepared, precisely such as would have been provided for them if no company had dined at the Asylum. This course was pursued for the express purpose of enabling us to form correct conclusions, as to this branch in the management of the Institution.

From the table, the male pupils retired to the several workshops, and were immediately employed in the trades they were respectively learning. Some were engaged in cabinet work; some in carpenters and joiners work; some in coopering; some in shoe making; some in making chairs, and some in making various articles in cutlery. The specimens of work exhibited to us indicated much ingenuity and advancement in the particular branch pursued. The articles thus made, are disposed of for the benefit of the Institution ; but it is well ascertained that the product of the labour is not sufficient to defray the incidental expenses in pursuing it; still it is regularly pursued for five hours each day, (with certain intervals,) and it forms not only a healthy exercise, but a very useful part of education; qualifying them, when they go into the world, to gain a livelihood by their ingenuity and industry. While the male pupils were thus employed, the females, when they retired from table, repaired to their sitting room, and we saw them, under the superintendance of a Matron, occupied in needle work of various kinds, both useful and ornamental. In the intervals allowed for relaxation, both males and females have their own healthy and amusing exercises; but they are never together except in the school rooms and dining hall. Near the close of the day we were invited by the Principal to his room, and there found all the pupils assembled to attend the devotions of the evening. He wrote a text on a slate in full view of them; and then by signs explained it, and urged on them the performance of the duties it inculcated. He then by signs addressed the throne of Grace, and continued in prayer for some minutes; during which all were fixed in profound attention and seriousness. In this manner we closed the day.

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At present there are five instructors, including the Principal; but it is evident that as the number of pupils shall increase, an additional number of Instructors will be required. It is admitted There are now in the Asythat six could instruct an hundred. lum sixty-five pupils, and one hundred and twenty-eight have been admitted since its establishment. Not more than twentyeight of that number, have been able through their parents, guardians or friends, to defray the expenses of their education; the States to which they belong having defrayed them. By the rules of the Institution, pupils are not admissible under ten years of age, nor after thirty years of age. But notwithstanding the limits above mentioned, it is the decided opinion of the Principal, and others most capable of judging, that it can seldom, if ever, be advisable to send a pupil for instruction under fourteen years of age ; although peculiar circumstances may form an exception.

There are two vacations in each year; one of four weeks in the Spring: and one of four weeks in the Fall. But the sum annually paid at the Asylum is not affected by these vacations; it is not *increased* by the residence of the pupil there during the vacation, nor lessened by his absences during term time.

It is the opinion of the Principal, and one which seems to be well founded, that a pupil must reside at the Asylum at least four years, to render his education of any essential service to him as a mechanic, or in the articles of reading and writing; and in a religious and moral point of view; and that a residence and continued instruction there, for one or two years more, would amply repay the additional expense. The objections which have often been made to so long a term, seem not to be supported by good and solid reasons. For although a student completes his course of study at a College in four years, yet it should be remembered that he has, for years before his admission, been receiving those instructions necessary to qualify him for such admission; has been the object of constant care and attention, and blessed with a thousand facilities for acquiring knowledge and enriching his mind, which are denied to the poor unfortunate deaf and dumb pupil. He enters the Asylum in perfect ignorance; his mind is a blank ; he has every thing to learn, and the avenues to learning are few and narrow, and are only gradually discernable by the glimmerings of mental twilight.-This striking difference btween the two cases should never be forgotten. It may be proper also in this place to remark, that although the salaries of the Instructors may appear to be higher than necessary, yet the fact seems clearly to be otherwise; there is in this particular, also, a striking difference between the Instructors in the Asylum and those of a similar grade in our Colleges. For

the *latter* situation, a good scholar, learned in the branch he is employed to teach, is sufficiently qualified; but for the *former* situation the instructor must be *specially* educated, at no small expense, and for some years; and this species of education is superadded to his *general* education as a scholar.

Having become acquainted with the foregoing facts, in the manner before mentioned, the Commissioners informed the Committee of the Directors, that they were prepared to receive such proposals from them, as they should be inclined to offer. We were soon after furnished with a written communication under the signature of the President of the Institution, which is annexed to this Report, and to which we would refer as constituting a part of it. The Commissioners, with a view of ascertaining how far the proposals contained in the communication, might be considered as favorable, and founded on such principles as would probably meet the expectations and acceptance of the States they respectively represented, made the following statements ; Thus—

	Concentration of Managements
Funds which pay in part said expense,	5,200 00
	12,265 00
Contingencies,	800 00
Salaries for one year,	5,550 00
65 pupils, at \$1–75 cts. each per week,	\$5,915 00

7,065 00

The above balance of \$7,065, being divided by 65, the number of Students, will leave to be paid by each pupil annually, (allowing a very small fraction,) the sum of \$108 70 cents. Againsupposing the number of pupils to be one hundred :

100 pupils at \$1 75 cts. each per week,	\$9,100 00
Salaries,	6,350 00
Contingencies,	1,200 00
Funds paying part of said sum, viz.	$\begin{array}{cccc} 16,\!650 & 00 \\ 5,\!200 & 00 \end{array}$

11,450 00

The above balance of \$11,450, being divided by the number of pupils, each would be required to pay annually the sum of \$114 50 cents.

From the facts thus disclosed, the Legislature may readily estimate the fairness of the proposals, and decide on the course most proper to be pursued in relation to the subject. On our part we have it in our power to state most explicitly, and we do it with sincerity and cheerfulness ; that we are fully of the opinion, the Institution, under the Board of Directors, and the excellent Principal and other Instructors, has been, and now is governed with wisdom and integrity ; and an unceasing regard to the education of the pupils ; and a humane attention to the circumstances in which Providence has placed them. We have also the most perfect confidence in the statements and explanations which have been given us :—And in the assurances that every facility will be readily furnished for information to the States, when requested, in relation to the funds and accounts of the Institution. It will be remembered that the Asylum was founded by charitable and benevolent Individuals ; by whose care and attention only it was for a time fostered, until the grant before mentioned was made by Congress.

It was incorporated by the Legislature of Connecticut in 1816—and the next year commenced the business of instruction. It is a private Institution, and not under the care or visitatorial power of any other body.

Considering the mass of evidence which is before the public respecting the effects of Education upon the minds of the Deaf and Dumb; the development of their powers, and the blessings thus conferred upon them; blessings precious in themselves; and to them precious in a degree of which we can form no adequate conception : Considering these important and interesting facts, it cannot be necessary for us to expatiate on this subject, or present it in any other light, on this occasion, than as one demanding the gratitude, not merely of the Deaf and Dumb, but of all mankind; and demanding also the best, and most judicious exertions for extending the blessings of this species of education as far as possible; thus leading thousands of our fellow-creatures from darkness into day-from the gloom of ignorance to the light and joy of knowledge, and the countless comforts and charms of social life. And although, by the terms of the Resolve, under which we were appointed, we are not directed to report any opinion; but to collect and report facts; yet we trust we shall not be considered as disrespectful in expressing a strong hope that the Legislature will in the mode proposed, or in some other mode, adopt and pursue such measures as may be proper to insure the general bestowment of this heavenly charity upon the Deaf and Dumb in Maine.

PRENTISS MELLEN, PELEG SPRAGUE.

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JANUARY 31, 1825.

At a meeting of the Directors of the American Asylum, at Hartford, for the education and instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, held at Bennett's Hotel, on Thursday, Jan. 27, 1825—a quorum present—Hon. Nathaniel Terry in the chair :—

The committee appointed to confer with commissioners from the States of Massachusetts, New-Hampshire, Vermont, and Maine, made a report, as on file ; whereupon the following preamble and resolutions were adopted :---

WHEREAS the States of Massachusetts, New-Hampshire, Vermont, and Maine, have sent commissioners to examine into the state and condition of this Institution, as it respects its funds, and the instruction, treatment and employment, of the pupils; and to ascertain the terms and conditions upon which the Deaf and Dumb who may be sent to the Asylum by those States will be received; now, therefore, it is hereby

Resolved, That we will receive the Deaf and Dumb who may be sent to the Asylum by the States aforesaid respectively, or such of them as shall agree to our proposals, for the sum of one hundred and fifteen dollars per annum for each pupil, and for that sum to furnish such pupils with instruction, board, washing and lodging, and stationary for the school rooms, and to teach them mechanic trades, as is hereinafter specified ; and that the sum aforesaid shall be varied from year to year, as the state of the funds shall warrant—such sum to be fixed by the Directors at the commencement of each year, and to continue for one year; the year to commence on the last Wednesday of May; the money to be paid in advance semi-annually. And further

Resolved, That the Board of Directors will act in future, as they have done heretofore, upon the principle of making the charity with which they are intrusted as extensively useful as possible; and for that purpose to expend all that they have a right by law to expend, (the product of their fund,) and to distribute it with an impartial hand, extending its benefits equally, not only to the States aforesaid, but to all other States in the Union, who may send their Deaf and Dumb to the Asylum, upon the terms and conditions contained in this resolution—also to indigent individuals; so that as our fund increases, (as we may reasonably expect will be the case,) the sum to be received as aforesaid, for instruction, &c. will be lessened, from time to time, always calculating to expend, during the year, the income of the year, after reserving such sum as the Directors shall deem meet, for contingent and unforeseen expenses. And further

Resolved, That whereas it is considered important that the Deaf and Dumb should be instructed in some useful art or trade, whereby they may be enabled to support themselves by their labour, after having received their education, and therefore they will be considered subject to the direction of the Institution, who are to use their discretion in this respect, unless directions shall otherwise be given by the State, parent or guardian who shall have sent them; and they will be taught such arts or trades as shall be taught at the Asylum, and such as shall be deemed suitable and proper for them respectively.

And whereas it is necessary, not only for the good of the pupils, but for the convenience of the Asylum, that every pupil should continue at least four years, that being the least time in which they can acquire, even an ordinary education :

Resolved, That it is expected, as a general rule, that no one will be placed here for a less term than four years.

It is understood that the privilege of participating in the funds, in common with other States, accepting these propositions, and of indigent individuals, is to be considered as permanent.

Passed, NATHANIEL TERREY, President. A true copy,

Attest, DANIEL S. HOPKINS, Clerk.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN SENATE, February 17, 1825.

The Committee to whom was referred the Governor's Messages respecting the Deaf and Dumb, and also the report of the Commissioners on the same subject, ask leave to Report:

That the information communicated to the Legislature by the Governor, is substantially confirmed by the report of the Commissioners. The Directors of the American Asylum are unquestionably solicitous that the Institution should flourish, and disposed to receive into it, pupils from this State and from others.

The Committee are fully satisfied, that considering the small number of the Deaf and Dumb, the founding of an Institution for their reception in this State would not be discreet; and that the public charity which may be here bestowed for their benefit, may be more profitably employed in educating them at some institution already established; they therefore wholly approve of the decision of the Governor and Council in the exercise of the discretion entrusted to them respecting the commencement of an Asylum in Maine. The Committee have no evidence that any other similar institution affords, at present, equal advantages with those offered by the American Asylum as respects instruction in discipline, science, and the mechanic arts. The citizens of this State have cherished the liberal policy to extend, with all practicable equality the means of knowlr ţ.

edge and happiness, and the course of measures on which your Committee are now called to report, evinces the disposition to extend a due share in these means, to the indigent deaf and dumb. The Committee therefore, recommend that a suitable sum for this object be placed at the disposal of the Supreme Executive; for which purpose a Resolve is herewith submitted.

The Committee further report, that there be printed under the direction of the Secretary of State, seven hundred copies of the Report of the Commissioners, and of the Resolve above recommended; and that a copy thereof be distributed to the Selectmen of each town, and the Assessors of each plantation; also a copy to each of the members of the Legislature, and the residue as the Governor shall direct.

JOSIAH STEBBINS.

CHAPTER XXII.

Resolve for the assistance of the Deaf and Dumb.

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, in each year, for the term of four years, including the appropriation of fifteen hundred dollars, made by a resolve of the twenty-fifth of February last, be appropriated for the instruction and education of the indigent Deaf and Dumb in the State of Maine : to be expended by the Governor and Council, at their discretion, in defraying, in whole or in part, according to the needs of such as may make application, the expense of placing at the American Asylum, or such other similar institution as they may prefer, such Deaf and Dumb persons as may appear the most proper subjects for education at such institution.

[This Resolve passed February 22, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXIII.

Resolve in favor of China Academy.

Resolved, That there be and hereby is granted one half township of land, (the whole township being six miles square,) to be assigned and laid out, from any unappropriated lands belonging to this State, the same to be vested in the Trustees of China Academy, established in the town of China, and county of Kennehec, and their successors forever, for the use, benefit and purpose, of supporting said Academy, (subject however to the reservation contained in the eighth section of an act, entitled "An Act to promote the sale and settlement of public lands," passed the twenty fifth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty four,) to be by them holden in their corporate capacity, with full power and authority to settle, divide and manage the same half township, or any part thereof, or to sell, convey and dispose of the same, in any way and manner, that shall best promote the welfare of said Academy; the same to be laid out under the direction of the Land Agent, for this State, and a plan thereof to be returned into the office of the Secretary of State.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXIV.

Resolve in favor of Thomas Cobb.

Resolved, That there be paid out of the Treasury of this State to Thomas Cobb, the sum of twenty five dollars, the same being the amount paid by him, as a duty required of him as Clerk of the Courts in the county of Penobscot, previous to his removal from that office.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I lay before the Legislature a communication received from the officers of a company of Artillery in the second Brigade and fourth Division, relative to the situation of the Field Ordnance attached to said company. By law it is made the duty of the Quarter Master General to provide for each company of Artillery brass field pieces, carriages and apparatus necessary for their complete equipment for the field.

As there are no brass pieces belonging to the State of suitable calibre for the use of Artillery companies, except those already distributed, the Acting Quarter Master General will be unable to take any measures upon this application, unless he shall be authorized, by an appropriation, to meet the expense. During the last three years but one Artillery Company has been raised

within the State, although applications have been made for a number more. This company, raised on the seaboard, and within a Brigade wholly destitute of Artillery, has not yet been furnished with such pieces as the law prescribes. The subject is submitted to the two branches of the Legislature for their consideration.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, JANUARY 18, 1825.

CHAPTER XXV.

Resolve making an appropriation for the purchase of Field Ordnance.

Resolved, That a sum, not exceeding three thousand dollars, be appropriated for the purchase of brass field ordnance, of three pound calibre, for the use of Artillery Companies.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXVI.

Resolve compensating the Hon. Prentiss Mellen and Peleg Sprague, for certain services.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to the Hon. Prentiss Mellen, seventy nine dollars; and to the Hon. Peleg Sprague, eighty eight dollars and seventy five cents, for their services and expenses, as Commissioners under a Resolve of the thirteenth of January last.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXVII.

Resolve making valid certain proceedings of the town of Clinton,

On petition of Henry Johnson and others, a committee of the town of Clinton, in the county of Kennebec, representing, that in some instances, during several years, since the incorporation of said town, the town clerk has omitted to certify the record, and in others, it does not appear thereby, that the assessors, and other town officers were legally sworn ; and that the constables return on some of the warrants for town meetings are incomplete :

Resolved. For reasons set forth in said petition, That the records of said town, be, and the same are hereby confirmed and made valid in law, the omissions aforesaid notwithstanding. [This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXVIII.

Resolve for the admission of Giles H. Hawes to practice law in the Court of Common Pleas and for other purposes.

On petition of Giles H. Hawes : Resolved, For reasons set forth in said Hawes' petition, That the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, are hereby authorized to admit said Hawes, to practice law as an Attorney therein.

Be it further resolved, That the Supreme Judicial Court, be, and they hereby are authorized, to admit the said Hawes, to practice as an Attorney in said Court, whenever he shall have practiced in the said Court of Common Pleas for the term of two years : Provided, He shall comply with the requisitions of law, and the rules of said Supreme Judicial Court, in other respects. [This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

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CHAPTER XXIX.

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Resolve granting a pension to James Pomroy.

Resould, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to James Pomroy, (by reason of the loss of his arm while doing duty in the Militia,) the sum of two dollars per month, to commence on the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXX.

Resolve in favor of Heman Nye.

Resolved, That there be paid out of the Treasury of the State. to Heman Nye, as a compensation for injury sustained by a wound received while on duty in the Militia, the sum of thirtysix dollars. [This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXXI.

Resolve in favor of Plantation Number One, in Range Seven, in the County of Penobscot.

Resolved, That the Treasurer of this State be, and he hereby is, authorized and required, to remit and pay out of the Treasury thereof, to the Treasurer of Plantation Number One, seventh range, in the county of Penobscot, the sum of four dollars and five cents, it being a part of the tax apportioned to and assessed on said plantation for the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, and an excess over and above the sum which by law ought to have been assessed on said plantation.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXXII.

Resolve in favor of John Perry.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to John Perry, Esquire, of Brunswick, the sum of five dollars, it being for a like sum paid by him into the same, as a duty on a Commission of Justice of the Peace, held by him, under the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, for discharging the duties of which office, he could not by said Commission be qualified under this State.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXXIII.

Resolve authorizing the Inhabitants of Durham to prosecute a review.

On the petition of the Inhabitants of Durham, setting forth that a review had been granted them of an action against them, by the Inhabitants of Lewiston, at the Supreme Judicial Court, in and for the County of Cumberland, on the first Tuesday of May last; and that owing to mistake and accident, they omitted to sue out and prosecute the same at the ensuing term of said Court:

Resolved, for the reasons set forth in said petition, That the said Inhabitants of Durham be authorized to prosecute their action of review, at the next term of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden in and for said county of Cumberland, to final judgment: On condition, That the settlement of Caroline Gooding shall not be contested by the said Inhabitants of Durham: the costs of review to abide the future order of Court.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXXIV.

Resolve authorizing the Land Agent to convey certain Lands to Philip-Page and others.

On petition of Philip Page, Thomas Page, Caleb Page and Edmund Page :

Resolved, for reasons set forth in said petition, That the Land Agent be, and he is hereby, authorized to convey to the said Philip and Thomas and Caleb and Edmund, two hundred acres of land in township number two, north of the Bingham Purchase: *Provided*, Said Philip and Thomas and Caleb and Edmund shall, within one year from the passing of this resolve, erect a good grist mill on the Passadumkeag river, near said township, and shall clear and make a good wagon road, from said mill to said township number two: *Provided also*, That they the said Philip and Thomas and Caleb and Edmund, shall give to the Land Agent a good and sufficient bond, to keep said mill in good repair, for the term of eight years, next after the passing of this resolve.

[This Resolve passed February 23, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXXV.

Resolve respecting Etna Bridge, in the town of Etna.

Resolved, That the Court of Sessions, in and for the county of Penobscot, be, and they hereby are, authorized to expend, in building or repairing a bridge over Hopkin's Pond, in the town of Etna, on the main road leading from Dixmont to Newport, called Etna Bridge, such sum or sums of money, as they may from time to time adjudge to be necessary and proper for said purpose; and to appoint one or more agents to superintend the expenditure of such sums upon said bridge; and the said Court are hereby authorized to add to their estimates of county taxes, such sum as they may from time to time order to be expended for making and repairing said bridge: *Provided*, That the sum or sum sso appropriated shall not exceed six hundred dollars. [*This Resolve passed February* 24, 1825.]

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CHAPTER XXXVI.

Resolve in addition to a Resolve apportioning the Representatives on the several Counties, Towns, Plantations and Classes, on the first apportionment.

Resolved, That the plantation called and known by the name of Fryeburg addition, in the county of Oxford, which is not, by the resolve aforesaid, included in any class, be, and shall be included in the class with Fryeburg and Denmark; and shall be entitled accordingly to vote in that class for the choice of their representative.

[This Resolve passed February 24, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXXVII.

Resolve on petition of Tomah Loui.

On petition of Tomah Loui, one of the Passamaquoddy tribe of Indians, residing in the Indian township on Schoodic river, in the county of Washington :

Resolved, for reasons set forth in said Loui's petition, That all debts and demands due from said Loui, or his surety or sureties, to this State, for logs cut upon lands within said township, during the winter of the last year, be, and the same are hereby remitted to said Loui, or his surety or sureties; and the agent for said tribe, holding such demands, is hereby authorized and required to discharge the same, delivering to the said Loui, or his surety or sureties, without further consideration, any note, bond or account, which he may now hold against him or them for said logs, or a receipt in full for the same.

[This Resolve passed February 24, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I lay before the Legislature copies of the acccounts of Samuel Call, Esq. one of the agents of the Penobscot tribe of Indians, for services performed, in behalf of this State, in fulfilment of the existing treaty with said tribe. This account has been examined and allowed by the Council, agreeably to the provisions of the law under which said agent was appointed, but cannot be paid until an appropriation shall have been made for that purpose by the Legislature.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, FEBRUARY 8, 1825.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

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CHAPTER XXXVIII.

Resolve in favor of Samuel Call.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury, to Samuel Call, in full for his services as agent for the Penobscot tribe of Indians, the sum of two hundred, ninety-nine dollars and fifty-seven cents.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XXXIX.

Resolve in favor of Abijah W. Thayer.

Resolved, That there be paid out of the Treasury of this State to Abijah W. Thayer, three hundred and fifty dollars, in full for State Printing, for the year eighteen hundred and twenty-two. [This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XL.

Resolve in favor of William Ferguson.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to William Ferguson, as compensation for a wound received while on duty in the Militia, the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]
CHAPTER XLI.

^{*} Resolve making compensation to James Irish, Land Agent.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of the State, to James Irish, the sum of one thousand dollars and ten cents, in full for his services and expenses as Land Agent, ending on the third day of March next.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I lay before the Legislature a copy of the account of Samuel **F**. Hussey, oné of the agents of the Penobscot tribe of Indians, for articles furnished them for and on account of this State, in fulfilment of the existing treaty with said tribe.

This account has been examined and allowed by the Council, agreeably to the provisions of the law under which said agent was appointed, but has not been paid from the Treasury, as the last Legislature omitted to make the appropriation necessary to meet this expenditure. Supposing the omission to have been accidental, and considering it to be my duty to cause all the terms and conditions of said treaty to be carried into full effect, I directed the agent to procure, on my own responsibility, such sum of money as might be necessary to purchase all the articles stipulated by the treaty to be delivered to said Indians in the month of October annually, limiting the amount to twelve hundred dollars, that being the sum appropriated for the like purpose the preceding year. A copy of my instructions to the agent is herewith communicated.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, JANUARY 20, 1825.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

CHAPTER XLII.

Resolve in favor of Samuel F. Hussey.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Samuel F. Hussey, one of the agents of the Penobscot tribe of Indians, the sum of twelve hundred and five dol-

FUEL.-ATHENS.

lars and sixteen cents, it being for supplies furnished to said Indians during the past political year; and the Governor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer therefor. [This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XLIII.

Resolve authorizing the Treasurer to purchase fuel for the use of the State.

Resolved, That the Treasurer of this State be directed to purchase fuel for the Legislature and public offices; and the Governor, with the advice of Council, is hereby authorized to draw his warrant for such sums as shall be necessary for that purpose, not exceeding two hundred dollars.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XLIV.

Resolve making valid the doings of the town of Athens.

On the petition and representation of the Selectmen of the town of Athens, in the county of Somerset, setting forth that the proceedings of said town, for the political year, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, were never recorded by the Clerk of said town, for that year, who has removed from said town without leaving with the present town clerk, or with any one, any original minutes of the meetings for said year:

Resolved, for reasons set forth in said petition, That the town clerk of said town, for the time being, be, and hereby is authorized to make up the records of the doings and votes thereof, at the several town meetings during the period aforesaid, from the certificate of the major part, or all those persons who were Selectmen of said town in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three; said certificate to be verified by oath, before some Justice of the Peace, within and for the said county of Somerset, and signed and filed with the town clerk; and the records when so made, shall be valid in law, to all intents and purposes, and shall be admissible as evidence, in the same manner, as if they had been made in the usual and ordinary way; any law, usage or custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XLV.

Resolve authorizing the Court of Sessions, for the County of Washington, to borrow a certain sum of money.

On the petition of the Justices of said Court, praying that they may be authorized to borrow a certain sum of money, for the purpose of erecting County buildings:

Resolved, That, for the reasons set forth in said petition, the Court of Sessions, for the county of Washington, be, and hereby is, authorized to borrow, on the credit and responsibility of the county, a sum of money, not exceeding five thousand dollars, for the purpose of erecting public buildings, for the use of said county, if the Justices of said Court shall deem it necessary, and for the interest of the county: Provided, however, That this resolve shall be in force for two years and no longer.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XLVI.

Resolve in addition to a "Resolve apportioning the Representatives on the several Counties, Towns, Plantations and Classes, on the first apportionment."

Resolved, That the plantation numbered four, in the county of Oxford, which is not by the "Resolve apportioning the Representatives, on the several counties, towns, plantations and classes, on the first apportionment," passed the twenty-third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, included in any class, be, and shall be, included in the class with Mexico, Dixfield, Weld and Peru; and shall be entitled, accordingly, to vote in that class, for the choice of a representative.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XLVII.

Resolve providing for the security of the Public Records against fire.

Resolved, That, for the better securing of the Public Records against injury or destruction by fire, the Secretary of State be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to employ a careful person, to continue in and watch over the fires in the State House, during the session of the Legislature, and at such other times as he may think proper.

É,

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XLVIII.

Resolve relating to Burnt Island.

Resolved, That the Land Agent of this State, be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to release by deed, to William Parsons, Jun. or his assigns, all the right, title and interest, which this State hath, or is supposed to have, in the island lying southerly of the town of St. George, called Burnt Island, he or they paying to said Agent a reasonable compensation for all the trouble and expense of making and executing such release.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER XLIX.

Resolve laying a Tax on the several Counties in this State.

Resolved, That the sums annexed to the several Counties, contained in the following schedule, be, and the same are hereby granted, as a tax for each County respectively; to be apportioned, assessed, collected and applied, for the purpose of paying the debts and necessary expenses of the same :

YORK, CUMBERLAND, LINCOLN, Six thousand and seven hundred dollars.

KENNEBEC, Four thousand and eight hundred dollars.

HANCOCK, Four thousand dollars.

WASHINGTON, FOUR thousand and three hundred dollars.

OXFORD, Four thousand dollars.

SOMERSET, Two thousand dollars.

PENOBSCOT, Two thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars. [This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

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CHAPTER L.

Resolve designating the place for the meeting of the next Legislature.

Resolved, That Portland, in the county of Cumberland, be the place for the meeting of the next Legislature of this State. [This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER LI.

and the second second

Resolve on petition of Joseph Whitney.

On the petition of Joseph Whitney, praying for the consent of the Legislature of this State, to the location of certain lands within the same, agreeably to a Resolve of the General Court of Mássachusetts, passed the fourteenth day of February instant; which said lands were granted to the Trustees of Hopkins' Academy, by a Resolve of said General Court, passed the twelfth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty:

Resolved, for reasons set forth in said petition, That the Legislature of this State do consent to the location of said lands, as provided by said Resolve; and that they will accept, as an equivalent therefor, a like quantity of land of equal value, to be located and made up to this State, from lands belonging to said Commonwealth, at such time, either now or in any future division of undivided lands, as may be most convenient to this State.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I transmit a copy of a communication received from the Inspector General of Hops. His statement is corroborated by the official returns. On the renewal of the commission, in Septemlast, the appointment was declined by the present Inspector on account of the amount of duties required by law to be paid on the commission. He was informed that the payment of the duty was indispensable during the existence of the law; but that, as the propriety of requiring a duty on an office of so little emolument was questionable, the subject would be submitted to the consideration of the Leislaure. Under this assurance the appointment was accepted.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, JANUARY 27, 1825.

CHAPTER LII.

Resolve in favor of John K. Smith.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to John K. Smith, the sum of twenty dollars, a like sum having been paid into the same by him, as a duty upon his commission, as Inspector General of Hops; and the Governor, with advice and consent of Council, is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasury accordingly.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER LIII.

Resolve in favor of Nathaniel Cushman.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Nathaniel Cushman, as a pension for the loss of his eye, while on duty in the Militia, the sum of forty-eight dollars yearly, to commence on the first day of February, eighteen hundred and twenty-five.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER LIV.

Resolve respecting certain settlers of the Public Lands.

Whereas certain persons have settled upon the public lands in this State, under contracts with, and permits from, the Commismissioners of the Land Office of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts agreeably to an act of said Commonwealth, passed the

WATERFORD.

fifteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, entitled "An act for promoting the sale and settlement of the public lands in the District of Maine," a part of which lands have, by the Commissioners ander the Act of Separation, been divided and set off to this State: And whereas many of said contracts, and the terms of said permits, have not been carried into effect on the part of the State:

Resolved, That the Land Agent of this State, be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, to make and execute good and sufficient deeds, in behalf of the State, to the settlers of such lands belonging thereto, as have been contracted for with said Commissioners, or settled agreeably to the provisions of said act, in all cases where the conditions of the contracts, or the terms of the permit, shall have been performed on the part of such settlers; and in case any person or persons, having settled in manner aforesaid, have not yet complied with the terms and conditions of said act, the agent aforesaid, may, notwithstanding such delinquency, make and execute deeds in manner aforesaid: *Provided*, such settlers shall, at any time within two years from the passing of this Resolve, comply with the terms and conditions of said act.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER LV.

Resolve making valid the doings of the Assessors of the town of Waterford.

On the petition and representation of Peter Gerry and others, Selectmen of the town of Waterford, setting forth that the Assessors of said town, for the years eighteen hundred and nineteen, eighteen hundred and twenty, and eighteen hundred and twenty one, neglected to lodge in the town Clerk's office a copy of the valuation, from which their assessments for those years were made:

Resolved, That the assessments aforesaid, be, and the same are hereby made valid and binding; and the collectors for those years, are hereby authorized to use all and every means, for the collecting of the said taxes, that they might have used, if copies of valuation had been duly lodged in the office of the town clerk of said town.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER LVI.

Resolve in favor of William Tozier.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to William Tozier, as compensation for a wound received while on duty in the Militia, the sum of forty-eight dollars.

[This Resolve passed February 25, 1825.]

CHAPTER LVII.

Resolve making appropriation for the expenses of the State Arsenal.

Resolved, That five hundred dollars be appropriated as a fund to pay the expenses, incident to the preservation of the public property, at the State Arsenal for the current political year; and that the Governor, be, and he hereby is authorized to draw his warrants on the Treasury for the same, as occasion from time to time may require, and to be accountable for the same.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

Having this day received from the Inspectors of the State Prison their final report for the past year, I have directed a copy thereof to be laid before the two branches of the Legislature for their information.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, JANUARY 12, 1825.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, JAN. 12, 1825.

Read, and referred to the Committee on the subject of the State Prison, with authority to print the whole or such part of the accompanying documents, as may be interesting to the Legislature. Sent up for concurrence.

JOHN RUGGLES, Speaker.

IN SENATE, January 13, 1825.

old Read and concurred.

JONAS WHEELER, President.

PURSUANT to the foregoing authority, the Committee subjoin several views of the affairs of the State Prison, from the documents aforementioned. It will be observed, that no balance appears of the ordinary expenses of the establishment, and the avails of the labor of the convicts. This deficiency is the result of necessity. Daniel Rose, Esq. acting in the several offices of "Superintendant" and "Warden," of the Prison, found it impracticable to keep separate the expenses incurred in the two capacities. Materials for building were worked into the prison house, the work-shop in the yard, (in which is included an apartment for religious worship,) the elevated walk on the outside of the yard fence, necessary for the guard, and the fence around the land belonging to the prison. Parts of the lumber which were not suitable for one purpose were applied to another. All parts of the work were carried on at the same time, and by the same workmen. Nails, &c. purchased by the quantity, could not, without needless trouble and loss, be kept separate. The bad lime rock, which otherwise must have been removed from the yard at great expense, was erected into the walls of the workshops, and the convicts were employed in the erection. In future reports, after the work shall be substantially completed, the expense and income of the prison may be expected to appear with all desirable distinctness. On the whole, the state of the prison is, in the opinion of the committee, as favorable as can have been reasonably expected. The value of the labor of the convicts is, by the Warden and Inspectors, estimated at above 70 cents a day. The accounts of the Warden are by the Inspectors duly certified to have been by them examined and approved.

J. STEBBINS, Chairman.

NO. 1.

Whole expense, from Jan. 7, 1824, to Jan. 3, 1825. Sundry supplies, labor and materials to finish the building of the prison, erect work-shops, and support the convicts, as by bills specified in the account.

\$6,642 71

STATE PRISON.

	1					
Amount of provisi	ons, tools and materia	als, as	by			
Warden's book,		· · · · ·		394		
Expense of transpo	rting convicts, as by bi	ills exh	ibite	d, 355	31	
Pay of Officers-I	Leeper,	138				
	lerk, our other Overseers,	125 513				
	'emale laborer,		51 14			
L.	emale laborel,	04	14	839	76	
. V	Varden's salary 6 month	as 350	00	000	S.	
	Iedical attendance,		00			
	Divine service,		00			
	A Standard Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Ann	49 (<u>1997)</u>	، منشقة	450	00	4
	discharged, 12, at 5 do	llars ea	ich,			
1 at 15 dollars,	$(a_{\mu}) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$			75	00	
		nin an		\$8,757	36	
	INCOME.			γρο ,τοτ		
T show of Co						
· · · ·	nvicts on Work-shops,	gc. 1101	inci			. 4
Sales of articles m				340		
7365 casks lime roo	ek sold,			1,113		
45 loads bad lime i	OCK SUIL,			15	00	
	d and not burnt; also	a quan	lity	1 - 1	07	
	imated at 1000 casks, ng tools, furniture, med	liaina	870	$151 \\ 1,404$		
Stock on hand, ben	ng tools, furniture, met	ncine,	ac.	1,404	30	
				3,025	16	
Balanc	e against the prison,			5,732		
	0 1 /					
				\$8,757		
Of the first item,	the sum of \$2000 is e	estimate	ed to	have b	een	
applied to the comp	letion of the prison. 7	l'he hal	f yea	ir's acco	unt	<
	3d of July, when the c		s we	re recei	veđ	
	nmenced, will stand the	us:				1
Amount of exper	ises,	0.005	10	6,757	36	
Sales, stock, &c.	Dutan	3,025		9 19 - 19		
Balance against	r rison,	3,732		6 6 7 5 M	90	
		p		\$6,757	20	
	NO. 2.					
	lppropriations for Pri	son.				
Appropriation for h	ouilding prison,			30,000	00	
for s	upport of prison,			8,000		

\$38,000 00

đe. .

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Drawn as Agent, Warrant No. 436	5,000
455	
510	
523	6,000
525	6,000
549	, 2,000
553	3, 914 35
Drawn as Warden, Warrant No. 631	, 2,500
709	, 1,000
733	, 1,700
Appropriated, but undrawn,	3,885 65
	38,000 00

NO. 3.

Abstract of Account current to avails received.

Warden Dr. To avails received as by No. 1,	1,620	
To cash on Warrant No. 549,	2,000	
To cash, on Warrants, as by No. 2,	5,200	
To cash, being half year's salary,	350	
To stock, tools, &c. on hand, as by No. 1,	1,404	36
	10,575	16
Cr. By payments (No. 1,) amounting to	8,757	36
By stock, &c. on hand, carried to new account, 1,404 36		
By cash on haud, do. 413 44	1,817	80
	10,575	16
1825, Jan. 3, Dr. to above balance,	1,817	
NO. 4.		
Officers.		
Not residing at the prison-Inspectors,	3	
Chaplains,	2	
Onapianity	enter estimate	Б
Pariding at the pricey-Warden	1	Ŭ
Residing at the prison-Warden, Overseer and Keeper,	î	
Overseer and Recher, Overseer and Clerk,	i	
	4	
Other Overseers, Domestic Female,	- 1	
Liomestic & emaile,	ł	8
s	1092/14th	<u>ل</u>
		13
		A 43

NO. 5.

10

4 1

58

Number of Convicts. Whole number received to Jan. 7, 1825, Discharged on expiration of sentence, Pardoned, or punishment remitted, Died, by suicide, Remaining, Jan. 7,

NO. 6.

Crimes for which sentenced.

Larceny, 5	6	Manslaughter, 1
Counterfeiting, or having bills		Lewdness, 3
in possession, with intent to pass,	3	Adultery, 3
Perjury,		Forgery, 1
Arson,	1	Assault, with intent to ravish, 2
Forgery and Larceny,	1	Blasphemy, 1

NO. 7,

Sentenced previous to	Feb. 25, 1824, and	removed from
county gaols,		31
Sentenced to solitary,		\sim . In the part of 24 parts
" to solitary	and labor,	18
•	· · · ,	- 42
	NO. 8.	
ч ¹	Employment, Jan. 7	•
In the quarry,	5 Cutting	wood, 2
In smiths' shop,	2 Writing	and tending, 1

III summa shop,	<i>A</i> .	mining and tending, I
Stone cutting,	3	Picking oakum, 1
Shoe makers,	6	Attending furnaces, 1
Joinering,	4	Sick in hospital, 3
Tailoring,	2	Wounded in do. 2
Attending in hospital,	1	Ibsane, 1
Binding shoes,	1	In solitary on sentence, 22
Making tubes,	1	

NO. 9.

From what Country.

White Americans,		53
" Irish,	10	,
" English,	¹ 6	
" Scotch,	2	
" Nova Scotian,	ĩ	
Black Portuguese,	1	. ⁶
1871 - Maria Maria	4000m.228	20

Males, 57-Female, 1.

Three sentenced to State's Prison, escaped from county gaols. Largest number in prison at one time, 61. Smallest number, 20, on the 3d of July.

NO. 10.

In what Counties sentenced.

York, 6 Washington, 6 Cumberland, 25 Oxford, 3 Lincoln, 11 Somerset, $\mathbf{2}$ Keanebec, 12 Penobscot 1 Hancock. 7 73

STATE OF MAINE.

IN SENATE, February 24, 1825.

The Committee on the affairs of the State Prison, ask leave to REPORT :- That considering the short time which the institution has had to test its operation and character, the difficulties which it has encountered, and the doubts against which, from the novelty of its principles, it has struggled, its success has equalled just expectation. The officers appear to have been capable and faithful; the appropriations to have been expended with economy and discretion, and the affairs of the prison generally to be prosperous. An abstract of the situation of the institution having been printed and before the Legislature, the Committee will only add that an appropriation for its support seems prudent and expedient; and an allowance to the Warden above his salary, for his first half year, appears to be no more than just, as an adequate compensation for his important and responsible duties during that period. For these purposes a Resolve is here-JOSIAH STEBBINS, Chairman. with submitted.

CHAPTER LVIII.

Resolve making an appropriation for the State Prison.

Resolved, That a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars be appropriated for the support of the State Prison, to be paid to the Warden of the Prison, from time to time, as shall, to the Governor and Council, appear necessary. 438 ST. JOHNS AND MADAWESKA RIVERS-JOHN NORTON.

Resolved, That there be paid to Daniel Rose, Warden of the **Prison**, in consideration of the labors and duties, which devolved on him, during the past half year, the sum of one hundred dollars, in addition to his annual salary.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LIX.

Resolve respecting the settlers on St. Johns and Madaweska rivers.

Whereas there are a number of settlers on the undivided public lands on the St Johns and Madaweska rivers, many of whom have resided thereon more than thirty years; Therefore, *Resolv*ed, That the Land Agent of this State, in conjunction with such Agent as may be appointed for that purpose on the part of Massachusetts, be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to make and execute good and sufficient deeds, conveying to such settlers, in actual possession as aforesaid, their heirs or assigns, one hundred acres each, of the land by them possessed, to include their improvements on their respective lots, they paying to said Agent for the use of the State five dollars each, and the expense of surveying the same.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LX. designed and the

Resolve on Petition of John Norton.

On petition of John Norton, of Lincolnville, in the County of Hancock, praying that Betsey Knight, widow of Westbrook Knight, late of said Lincolnville, deceased, and Ephraim Fletcher, of said Lincolnville, esquire, may be authorized to make and execute to him, the said John Norton, a deed of release of the right, title, claim and interest of the children and heirs at law, of the said Westbrook Knight, in and to certain real estate, situated in said Lincolnville : *Resolved*, for reasons set forth in said petition, That the said Betsey Knight and Ephraim Fletcher, be, and they hereby are authorized and empowered, to make and execute to the said John Norton, a good and sufficient deed of release, of all the right, title, claim and interest, which the

children and heirs at law, of the said Westbrook Knight, have in and to a certain tract of land, situated in said Lincolnville, with the buildings thereon; being the same, which was, by Samuel Thomas, and Olive Thomas, his wife, of Lincolnville, conveyed to the said Westbrook Knight, by deed, dated on the twenty-fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and bounded and described, as in said deed, which is recorded in the Registry of Deeds, in the County of Hancock, in Book No. 38, page 45. To have and to hold the aforesaid premises, to him the said John Norton, his heirs and assigns forever, against all persons claiming under the said Westbrook; and such deed made and executed under the authority of this Resolve, shall be good and effectual in law, to convey to the said John Norton, all the right, title, claim and interest, of the children and heirs at law of the said Westbrook Knight, in and to the premises aforesaid, in as full and ample a manner, as if the said Westbrook Knight, had, in his life time, made and executed a release of said land and premises to the said John Norton.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I lay before the Legislature a copy of the account of Jackson Davis, one of the Agents of the Penobscot tribe of Indians, for services performed in behalf of this State in fulfilment of the existing treaty with said tribe.

This account has been examined and allowed by the Council, agreeably to the provisions of the law under which said Agent was appointed, but cannot be paid until an appropriation shall have been made for that purpose by the Legislature.

ALBION K. PARRIS.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, FEBRUARY 16, 1925.

CHAPTER LXI.

Resolve in favor of Jackson Davis.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury to Jackson Davis in full for the amount due him as Agent for

440 LAND AGENT.-CHAPLAINS.-STATE PRINTING.

the Penobscot tribe of Indians, the sum of one hundred and seventy four dollars and forty one cents.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXII.

Resolve authorizing the Land Agent, in conjunction with the Land Agent of Massachusetts, to sell timber on certain undivided lands.

Resolved, That the Land Agent of this State, in conjunction with such Agent as may be appointed on the part of Massachusetts, be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to sell the timber on such of the undivided Public Lauds, as lie contiguous to, and near the waters of, the River St. Johns, in all cases where such sale will, in his opinion, promote the interest of the State.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXIII.

Resolve granting compensation to the Chaplains of the Senate and House of Representatives.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Elijah Kellogg, Chaplain of the Senate, thirty dollars for his services; and to Edward Payson, Ichabod Nichols, Samuel Rand, Asa Rand, Thomas B. Ripley, Petrus S. Ten Broeck, Russell Streeter, Elijah Kellogg, Joshua Taylor, and Phinehas Crandall, Chaplains of the House of Representatives, five dollars each, in full for their services, during the present session of the Legislature.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXIV.

Resolve making an appropriation for State Printing.

Resolved, That there be paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Todd and Smith, the sum of five hundred dollars, is

part for the State Printing the present year, under the contract now subsisting : Provided houever, That all accounts for such printing shall be laid before the next Legislature for allowance. [This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXV.

Resolve authorizing the Governor to procure a title to the land upon which the State Arsenal is erected, and for other purposes.

Resolved, That the Governor, with advice of Council, be, and he hereby is authorized to procure a conveyance to the State, of the lot of land in Portland, upou which the State Arsenal has been erected, to hold in fee simple: *Provided* the same can be obtained for a reasonable compensation; and to cause to be erected a suitable fence around the same.

Resolved, That the Governor, with advice of Council, bc, and he hereby is authorized, after such title shall have been obtained, to cause to be erected upon said land such sheds and outbuildings, within the limits of such fence, as he may deem necessary for the security and preservation of the public property.

Resolved, That the Governor, with advice of Council, be, and he is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the Treasurer for any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, to earry into effect the foregoing Resolves.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXVI.

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Resolve in addition to a Resolve apportioning State Representatives.

Resolved, That the Plantation known by the name of Township Number Eight, in the County of Oxford, which is not included in any class, shall be included in the class with Rumford, Andover, Woodstock and Howard's Gore, in said County of Oxford, and shall have a right to vote with said class for the choice of Representatives.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXVII.

Resolve directing the Attorney General to institute a process of Quo Warranto against "The Proprietors of Cathance Bridge."

Resolved, That the Attorney General be, and he is hereby directed and required to institute a process of *quo warranto* against "The Proprietors of Cathance Bridge," returnable as soon as may be, to the Supreme Judicial Court, at any term of the same, to be holden at Wiscasset, as he may find it expedient, and to prosecute the same to final judgment.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXVIII.

Resolve authorizing the Land Agent, in conjunction with the Agent on the part of Massachusetts, to examine into the claims of the two States to certain lands.

Resolved, That the Land Agent of this State, in conjunction with the Land Agent of Massachusetts, be, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to examine into the claim of the two States, to a certain tract of land containing about two thousand acres, lying between the town of Gilead, and the Fryeburg Academy Grant, which tract was omitted in the division of Public Lauds : And also to examine respecting all reserved lands in the several towns in this State, belonging to the two States ; and the said Agents are further empowered to sell and convey the lands aforesaid, for the benefit of the two States : *Provided*, said lands are owned by said States.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXIX.

Resolve approving the public services of President Monroe.

Resolved, That this Legislature highly approve the public services and long tried patriotism of James Monroe, President of the United States; and that their best wishes for his prosperity and happiness will ever accompany him in his retirement from the arduous duties of the highest office, which was within the power of a great and free people to bestow upon him. *Resolved*, That the Governor be requested to transmit to President Monroe, a copy of the foregoing Resolution.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXX.

Resolve agreeing to the proposals of the American Asylum.

The Directors of the American Asylum, at Hartford, having, on the twenty seventh day of January last, passed several resolutions, expressing propositions for educating, at that institution, such Deaf and Dumb, as may be sent to the Asylum from other States, as therein mentioned ; a copy of which Resolutions is annexed to the Report of the Hon. Prentiss Mellen and Peleg Sprague, Commissioners of this State, made to this Legislature, at its present session :

Resolved, That the propositions offered in the said resolutions are accepted by this State.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXXI.

Resolve for the purchase of Stationary.

Resolved, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of three hundred dollars, for the purchase of Stationary, for the several Offices and the Legislature; to be placed in the hands of the Secretary of State; and for the expenditure of which he is to be accountable.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXXII.

Resolve for the payment of contingent expenses.

Resolved, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of seven hundred dollars, for the payment of contingent expenses of the current political year, to be placed at the disposal of the Governor, and for the expenditure of which he is to be accountable. [This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXXIII.

Resolve relating to the accounts of Anson G. Chandler and Rufus K. Lane.

Whereas Anson G. Chandler and Rufus K. Lane, Agents, appointed under the Resolve of the eighth of February, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, bave, in pursuance of said Resolve, rendered their several accounts to the Legislature; and whereas, on examination of said accounts, it appears there is a balance due to the State, from said Chandler, of one hundred and seven dollars and eighty-one cents, including an unliquidated balance upon a Resolve of February twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, of sixty dollars sixty three cents; and a further balance of two hundred and fourteen dollars, due to the State, including a previous balance of twelve dollars, declared in a Resolve of February twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, from said Lane:

Therefore, Resolved, That, upon the payment of the said balances, by the said Chandler and Lane, respectively, into the Treasury of the State, the accounts by them rendered, as Agents aforesaid, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twentyfour, be, and the same are hereby allowed and settled.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXXIV.

Resolve for the payment of Engrossing Clerks and other persons.

Resolved, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated for the payment of the Clerks, employed in the office of the Secretary of State, in engrossing and copying the acts and proceedings of the Legislature, and of the Governor and Council, the sum of six hundred and eighty dollars : *Provided*, the accounts of said Clerks be first examined and allowed by the Governor and Council; and that the charges, thus allowed, shall not exceed two dollars and fifty cents per day to each Clerk.

Resolved further, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Daniel Clarke, the person employed by the Legislature, to assist the members in drawing and copying Bills and Resolves, a sum not exceeding three dollars and fifty cents per day, for each day he shall have been thus employed, during the present session : *Provided*, his charges be first examined and allowed by the Governor and Council. Resolved further, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to the Assistant Secretary of the Senate, and the Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives, one dollar each for every day they shall have been employed, in addition to the compensation now fixed by law; to be included in the respective pay rolls of the Senate and House of Representatives.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

CHAPTER LXXV.

Resolve for the payment of Messengers and others.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Thomas Bailey, the Messenger to the Governor and Council, the sum of two dollars, for each day he shall attend upon them at their several sessions; to be included in their respective pay rolls.

Resolved further, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to John Merrill, for his services as Messenger to the Senate, the sum of two dollars per day, for and during the present session of the Legislature; and to Isaiah Ingalls, for his services as Assistant Messenger to the Senate, the sum of two dollars for each day he shall have been employed; to be included in the pay roll.

Resolved further, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to Thomas Baker, Messenger to the House of Representatives, in full for his services, and that of the persons employed by him as Assistant Messenger and Page, the sum of four dollars for each day he and they shall have been employed; to be included in the pay roll.

[This Resolve passed February 26, 1825.]

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR.

To the Senate and House of Representatives :

I have this morning received from the Executive of Massachusetts a communication covering sundry Resolves passed by the Legislature of that State, relative to the depredations which have been committed by British subjects upon the timber on land owned jointly by the two States, which I lay before the two branches of the Legislature for their information. It is peculiarly gratifying that the measures adopted by the Legislature of this State, have been so cordially concurred in by the Legislature of Massachusetts.

ALBION K. PARRIS

COUNCIL CHAMBER, FEBRUARY 24, 1825.

ROLL No. 6--January, 1825.

THE Committee on Accounts having examined the several accounts, referred to them, now ask leave to present the following

REPORT:

That there is now due to the persons hereinafter mentioned the sums set to their names respectively; which when allowed and paid will be in full discharge of said Accounts, to the several dates therein named; which is respectfully submitted. GEORGE SCAMMON, Chairman.

WILITARY ACCOUNTS.

QUARTER-MASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Bird, Seth for transportation of Munitions of War to the State Arsenal,		
1824,	97	47
Clapp, Asa for rent of Store occupied as an Arsenal to 16th September,		-
1824,	100	00
Freeman, Daniel for two drivers supplied the Arsenal to October 14th,		
1824,	2	00
Fernald, Anthony for Powder Kegs and Coopering for the Arsenal, to		
October 2, 1824,	` 11	50
Hunt, Jacob for rent of building in Stroudwater, occupied as Depot for		
Munitions of War, to January 1, 1825,	30	00
Libby, Elliot for Lead supplied the Arsenal to November 26, 1824,	• 4	72
Mange, Henry for Cordage for Drag-ropes for Artillery, and work for		
Arsenal, to 20th January, 1825,	- 94	34
Shaw, Nathaniel & Son, for Artillery Harness and leather work for Ar-		
senal, to Dec. 23, 1824,	27	37

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Stone, Richard & Co. for Cordage, Blocks and Iron work for Arsenal, to August 4, 1824.	19	50
Smith, John W. General for superintending the erection of the Arsenal,	-•	
and for sundry Bills for services and supplies at the Arsenal, paid		
by him to January, 1825,	237	82
Tolford, Joshua for services as Armourer at the Arsenal, to February 9,		
1825,	52	25
Carleton, Charles C. C. for services as Armourer to the State, from Jan-		
uary 7, 1824 to November 5, 1824. Balance,	235	50
Ladd, William M. for storage of Drums, &c. at Augusta,	10	67
		
	\$923	14

COURTS MARTIAL.

Deblois, Thomas Amory Judge Advocate 5th Division, Pay Roll of	
Court Martial held at Portland, August 4th, 1823, Gleason, Jesse Captain for amount by him paid for the use of Hall, at	128 82
Eastport, on 21st May, 1823, by Court Martial,	9 00
Holmes, Henry Judge Advocate of the 1st Division, Pay Roll of Court Martial held at Alfred, on the 8th June, 1824,	318 18
Hilton, Ebenezer Col. Artillery, 2d Brigade, 4th Division, for attend- ance at Court of Inquiry at Bristol, on 26th May, 1824,	971
Johnson, Alfred Jun'r. Judge Advocate 3d Division, Pay Roll of Court Martial at Hampden, on 27th July, 1824,	
Porter, William K. Judge Advocate of the 6th Division, Pay Roll of	121 89
Court Martial at Brownfield, on 7th April, 1824, Sewall, Joseph Jun'r. Judge Advocate of 4th Division, Pay Roll of Court	193 31
Martial, held at Nobleborough, on the 17th September, 1824,	99 90
	\$880 8 1

AIDS-DE-CAMP TO MAJOR GENERALS.

Balkham, John A. Aid-de-Camp and Orderly Officer to the General of the 7th Division, for 1824 50 00 4th " " 46 Lunt, Amos 1824 50 00 M'Donald, John Jr. " " 1st " 1824 50 00 " 6th 44 Prince, Job Jr. " 1824 150 00 Vose, Robert C. Aid, &c. to General of the 2d Division, for 1824 50 00 Wentworth, Jesse " Willis, William " 66 3d " 1824 50 00 5th " 1824 50 00

\$350 00

BRIGADE MAJORS AND INSPECTORS.

Cleland, Charles Inspe	ctor	2nd	Brigade,	4th	Division,	for	1324	20 00
Eveleth, Nathaniel, 3d	"	1 st	**	5th	"	"	"	20 00
Evans, George	**	1st	"	2nd	44	"	66 -	20 00
Earle, Ethan	"	1st	"	4th	46	"	"	11 95
Green, Thomas	"	lst	**	7th	**	46	"	20 00
Herrick, Benjamin, J.	"	2d	66	1st	**	46	"	20 00
Hall, Thompson	"	1st	"	6th	"	"	"	20 00
Knight, Peter M.	"	2d	"	5th	"	"	"	20 00
Morse, William Jr.	"	2 d	"	6th	"	"	"	20 00
Salmond, William	44	2d	**	3d	**	"	"	16 00
Sylvester, Samuel	"	. 2d	"	2d	"	"	1823	20 00
Tinker, Richard	66	2d	**	7th	44	"	1824	20 00
Williams, John	"	1st	**	3d	**	\$6	66	20 00
Wheelwright, George	6 5	lst	65	lst	6 6	"	44	20 00

\$267 95

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BRIGADE QUARTER MASTERS.

Bright, John Quarter	Master,	1st B	rigade	, 3d	Division, fo	r 1824		10	09	1
Bodwell, John W.	"	1st	ū	lst	65	"		10	00	
Clark, John	66	2nd	÷\$	3d	**	44 J		10	00	
Clark, Philo	"	1st	"	6th	£4	66		10	00	13
Hall, Paul	44	lst	4 5	5th	"	"		10	00	
Piper, David N.	44	2nd	"	4th	"	**		10	00	
Quincy, William, J.	"	2nd	"	5th	**	"		10	00	
Russell, William Jr.	"	2nd	"	6th	66 J	"		10	00	
Russ, John	"	1st	44	2nd	"	""		10	00	
Stimson, Joseph	"	2nd	45	1st	"	1823 &	c 4	20	00	¢
Winslow, Elijan	"	2nd	"	2nd	66	1824			00	
					I		\$		00	e.

AIDS-DE-CAMP TO BRIGADIER GENERALS.

Conant, Alvah Aid-d		2nd	Brigade,	lst D	ivisio	1. for	1824		20	00	
Cushman, Solomon P	. "	1st	"	5th	**	**	65			00	
Earle, Ethan	"	1st	"	4th	"	"	"		8	05	ł
Farrar, Isaac	**	2d	"	2d	66	"	ډ.		. 20	00	
Lowney, N. M.	"	2d	44	3d	"	"	"		20	00	
Millett, Amos	46	lst	66	6th	"	"	66		20	00	Ŕ
Morse, William	"	1st	"	4th	"	"	66		11	58	
Peirce, Waldo T.	"	lst	**	3d	"	"	"		8	34	
Patten, Willis	44	1șt	"	3d	66	44	"		11	66	
Robinson, Kilborn G	"	1st	"	2d	"	66	44		20	00	
Smith, George W.	"	$\mathbf{2d}$	"	5th	**	"	"		20	00	
Tyler, Daniel Jr.	"	2d	"	6th	44	**	"		20	00	
Wheelwright, George	"	1st	"	1st	"	66	"	٠	20	00	

ADJUTANTS OF REGIMENTS AND BATTALIONS.

Adams, Isaac Adju	ıtar	nt 7th F	Regiment,	2d	Brigade,	2d D	ivision,	1324	2.	5 0	00
Blanchard, John	**	3d	**	1st	46	5th	66	66	2	510)0:
Black, Edmund	"	4th	"	2d	"	4th	**	"	2	5 0	DØ.
Blake, Nathaniel	"	ć 6th	44	1st	"	2d	"	"	2	5 0	0
Berry, William	44	2d	"	2d	44	6th	"	"	2	5 0	00
Bourne, Edward F.	44	Batt.	Artillery,	lst	**	lst	6 6	"		37	15
Bourne, Israel	. 66	**		1st	"	1st	÷.	"	13	1 2	25
Brown, John G.	66	3d	Reg't.	2d	"	4th	"	"	2	0 1	
Brooks, Jeremiah	"	1st	46 ⁻	lst	66	İst	"	**	2.	5 0	00
Bucknam, Calvin	66	Batt.	Cavalry,	1st	"	6th	6 6	46	1/		00
Cram, Levi	**	Batt.	Artillery,	1st	••	3d	44	46	18		00
Case, Isaac	66	3d	Reg't.	1st	66	3d	66	66	1		14
Chick, James B.	44	2d	"	2 d	66	3d	"	"	17		71
Clark, Nathan Jr.	"	lst	**	2d	66	4th	**	"	2/		00
Dennet, Joseph Jr.	"	3d	"	2d	65	1st	"	"	2	5 0	00
Goodwin, Elisha H.	65	2d	"	İst	**	1st	66	"	28	5 O	0
Gerrish, William	**	Batt.	Cavalry,	2d	"	5th	"	"	18		0
Hapgood, Sprout	44	3d	Reg't.	2d	"	6th	"	"	2		00
Hutchins, Hezekiah Ji		lst	"	2d	. 66	6th	"	"	2		00
Holmes, James Stuar	t "'	3d	"	lst	66	3d	66	1824	13	3 5	56
Holmes, James Stuar		5tl	n "	1st	"	3d	66	"	2	5 0	00
Hays, Charles	66	1st	••	2d	"	1st	"	66	2	5 0	00
Hammond, Moses	66	lst	**	1st	"	6th	"	"	2	5 Ĉ	00
Hearsey, John	"	2 d	"	lst	"	6th	"	"	2	5 0	
Haskins, Robert R.	44	Batt. (Cavalry,	1 s	t 44	3d	44	"	1/		00
Ilsley, Hosea, jr.	"		Regiment,	2d	46	5th	•6	**	2.		00
Jefferds, Ivory	**	4th	"	1s	t 46 -	lst	"	"		5 0	

	Jones, Joseph	**	5th	"	2d	"	4th	**	46	35 00
	Kennard, Nath'l.	"	2d	"	1st	**	5th	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Little, Thomas	"	2d	**	2d	44	4th	**	46	$25 \ 00$
	Little, Henry	"	1st	"	lst	"	3d	66	"	$25 \ 00$
	Lyon, Alpheus, jr.	44	1st	"	2d	44	2d	44	"	25 00
£.,	Low, Ephraim, jr.	66	3d	"	1st	**	1st	45	66 .	$25 \ 00$
	Loring, David,	44	Batt.	Cavalry	lst	"	5th	""	**	$15 \ 00$
	Larrabee. Josiah	"	2d Reg	iment,	lst	"	2d	"	**	$25 \ 00$
	Morse, William	66	Batt. A	Artillery,	lst	""	4th	**	46	6 90
	Mitchell, Isaac	"	4th	Regiment	, 2d	"	1st	"	66	25 00
	Norton, Elihu	"	5th	-	2d	**	2d	46	"	25 00
	Noyes, Joseph C.	¢ 4	1st	44	1st	"	7th	46	"	25 00
	Nelson, Samuel	"	lst	"	lst	**	2d	**	"	25 00
	Osgood, Appollos	44	3d	**	1st	"	6th	"	""	25 00
ś	Parker, Thomas	"	3d	"	'lst	"	2d	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Phillips, Gardner,	"'	Batt. (Cavalry,	2d	"	2d	"		$15 \ 00$
	Pierce, Josiah, jr.	**	2 d	"	2d	46	5th	**	" "	16 67
	Rice, R. K.	"	4th	66	1st	"	2d	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Rawson, Horace	**	3d	""	2d	"	4th	"	"	3 17
	Robinson, Wm, E.	"	Reg't.	Cavalry	, 1st	"	2d	""	""	$25 \ 00$
	Raymond, A. L.	"	2d .	Regiment	., 1st	"	7th	46	"	$25 \ 00$
	Richardson, Hobar	t "	3d	46	2d	"	2d	**	"	$25 \ 00$
	Sturgis, Ebenezer C	4. "	3d	**	$2\mathrm{d}$	**	3d	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Sewall, Oliver	"	5th		1st	"	2d	"	""	$25 \ 00$
	Sanger, Zebulon	"	6th		2d	66	2d	66	**	$25 \ 00$
	Sewall, William D		1st	"	1st	66	4th	""	**	$25 \ 00$
	Smith, Gamaliel E.		2d	"	2d	66	1st	"	**	$25 \ 00$
	Stacey, Moses,	"		Cavalry,		**	lst	64	**	$15 \ 00$
	Stone, Alfred J. & A									25 00
	Smith, James,	"	2d I	legiment	, 2d F			Divisio	on, 1824,	8 33
	Smith, Edwin,	44	Batt. (Chvalry,	2d	"	4th	"	1823 - 4	30 00
	Sampson, Henry,	۴.	3d R	egiment,	lst	"	4th	"	1824	$25 \ 00$
	Swett, Joseph			rtillery,	1st	. 66	4th	**	1824	8 15
	Thombs, Job	""	1st	Reg't.	2d	"	5th	66	**	$25 \ 00$
	Taylor, David 🖻	"	Batt. C	avalry,	lst	"	4th	**	1823 & 4	21 41
	True, William	"		Artillery,	1st	"	5th	**	1824	$15 \ 00$
	Treadwell, Thoma		2d R		1st	**	3d	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Tinker Richard	66	2 d	"	2d	66	7th	**	"	$25 \ 00$
	Woodbury, John	"	Batt. A	rtillery,	1st	cs	6th	46	"	$15 \ 00$
	Wyman, Levi	**	2d R		2d	"	2d	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Webster James W		lst	**	2d	"	3d	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Ware A.	66	4th	""	2d	"	2d	"	"	25 00
	Walker, Joseph	**	4th	"	1st	**	3d	"	**	14 58
	Waterman, Dan'l. j		1st	"	1st	66	5th	**	46	$25 \ 00$
	Weeks, Joshua F.	"		Artillery,		"	5th	"	"	$15 \ 00$
	Upton, John	"		leg't.	2d	"	3d	"	"	$25 \ 00$
	Young, Bradford	"	Reg't.	Artillery,	2d	66	4th	**	1823 & 4	$25 \ 00$
									Ş1.	,597 06

QUARTER MASTERS OF REGIMENTS AND BATTALIONS.

Allen, Francis A. Qr.	Master,	3d	Re	g't.	1st	Brigade,	1st	Divisio	, 1824	10	00
Beaman, Edwin	6 G	3d	"		2d	ii ii	3d	"	"	10	00
Bailey, Richard G.	"	3d	"		2d	"	6th	" 1	322, 3 & 4	30	00
Blake, John S.	"	2d	"	•	1st	46	2d	66	1824	10	00
Butler, Francis	"	3d	"		1st	**	2d	"	46	10	00
Blackinton, James W.	46	5t)	h ʻ	6	2d	"	4th	44	•4	10	00
Blackwell, Asa	"		h (2d	"	2d	44	66	10	00
Cornforth, Richard	"	71	h í	"	2d	"	2 d	"	""	10	00
Cushman, Samuel	\$ \$	1 s	t	"	1st	66	5th		"	10	00
Cushing, Rufus	46	3	d	66	1st	46	5th	46	**	10	00
Cleaves, John T.	"	1s	ŧ	"	2d	"	lst	6 4	"	10	00

MILITARY ACCOUNTS.

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Cottril, John	6 6	3d	"	2d	"	4th	"	"	10	00	
Colby, Benjamin	"	1st	"	1st	"	1st		66	10	00	
Clark, Penuel	"	4th	"	2d	"	1st		"	10	00	1
Goodwin, E. L. B.	"	2d	**	2d	**	3d	**	"	10	00	
Gove, Hartley	46	1st	"	1st	"	4th	"	"	10	00	Ř
Gerrish, Oliver	"	3d	"	2d	**	5th	66 -	66	10	00	ſ?
Hallet, Elisha Jr.	"	1st	"	2d	"	2d	"	"	10	00	a
Hastings, John	"	1st	"	2d	44	6th	"			00	- 8
Hutchinson, Ebenezer	44	5th	"	1st	"	2d	"	: (; 12)	10	00	
Hodgdon, Frederick A.	44	3d	45	Ist	"	3d	**	"	10	00	
Haskeil, Solomon	"	4th	**	1st	**	3d	"	"	10	00	
Harvey, Robert	66 C	4th	"	1st		3d	"	1823 & 4		00	Ś
Ireland, Benjamin	66	2d	"	2d	e	2d	44	1824	10	00	
Jordan, John	"	1st	6 6	$2\mathbf{d}$	""	5th	"'	"		00	
Jack Robert Jr.	"	3d	"	lst	"	4th	44	1823 & 4		~~	Ś
Jellison, William	**	2d	"	2d	44	3d	"	1824		00	
Knight, George	"	2d	"	2d	8 66 ji k	5th	46	64		00	5
Lancy, John	"	6th	65	2d	**	2d	46	"		00	
Lord, John Jr.	4 6	2 d	"	2d	- 14	1st	- 66	66		00	
Lowell, Mark	"	3d	.66	1st	66	6th		1. 1. 1. 1. 1 . 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		Ó 0	
Monro, Bonjamin	"	1st	"	2d	"	3d	"	"		00	£
Means, John	46	1st	"	1st	66	2d	44	"		00	New?
Nelson, Seth	""	5th	"	1st	""	3d	"	**		00	
Page, Reuben	"	3d	"	2d	46	2d	"	46	10	00	6
Plummer, John Jr.	4 5	3d	"	2d	- 46	1st	""	66		00	
Partridge, Enoch	"	1st	""	1st	66	3d	66	6¢		00	
Perkins, Stephen Jr.	**	4th	"	lst	**	lst	"	46		00	
Quinnam, Daniel	65	1st	66	2d	46	4th	"	"		00	
Robinson, Gideon	"	4th	- 44	2d	66	4th	- 46	66		00	
Stacy, Lewis	"	4th	- 56 -	100	66	2d		65		00	
Spring, Isaac	"	2d	**	2d	•6	6th	**	6 •		00	ć
Snow, Ambrose	"	1st		2d	66	7th	66	"		00	
Smith, Jotham Jr.	"	6th	- 65	1st	"	2d	**	"		00	
Townsend, Charles	"	4th		$2\mathrm{d}$	**	3d	66°	66		00	1
Wellington, Cyrus	"	5th		2d	**	2d	46	"		00	
Walker, Daniel	46	2d	**	1st	"	5th	"	"		00	
Waldron, Richard	"	1st	"	1st	44	6th	"	66		00	
Young, Levi Jr.	"	2d	"	1st	÷ 64	4th	44	66	10	00	,
0.											

\$524 00

EXPENSES OF ARTILLERY, POWDER, &c.

Adams, Solomon Jr. Capt. Farmin	igtoi	Artillery, exp	ences	1823 & 4	12	50	
Bangs, Isaac S. Capt. Waterville	0	"''''		1824		25	
Brown, Henry Capt. Belfast,		66 6	6	 44 44 		75	
Bradford, Seth Capt. Turner		" and repai	iring (Jun	<u> </u>		
House		•	0	"	47	47	
Campbell, Rufus Capt, Arti	llery	and Powder e	xpenc	es,		62	
Crawford, James G. Capt. Bath	"	**	` 	"		75	
Dole, Daniel Capt. Bangor	46	-	**	"	6	00	
Dennis, Thomas Capt. Hallowell	"	""	**	46	5	50	
Emerson, E. A. Capt. York	"	powder expe	ences	"	17		
Fuller, John Capt. Boothbay	"	expenses		"		62	
Gibson, Abel Capt. Fiyeburg	"	ેલ		"	11		
Hinkley, Aaron Capt. Topsham	٠.	£6		° 46		75	
Healy, Halsey Capt. Thomaston	"	"		1823 & 4		00	
Harris, Stephen T. Capt,	44	powder and e	xpense	s 1824		25	
Huston, David Capt. Bristol	"	. expenses	s .			50	
Hall, Cyprian Capt. Paris	"			**	29		
Knight, Daniel Capt. 2d Brigade,	5th	Division "		"		00	
Leighton, Levi Capt. Westbrook			ouse	expences "	10		
Litchfield, Lendal C. Capt. 1st Bri						25	

McDonald, Major Capt. 1st Brig. 4th I Murray, Silas P. repairing Gun-carriages	Divis. expenses,	1824,		8 00 11 35
Morse, William Jun. freight of Powder al		"		- 2.50
Miller, Jacob Capt. Monmouth Artiliery e		"	-	- 7 00
Olmstead, Ethel Capt. Eastport "		**	-	8 50
Osborn, James Capt. Kennebunk "	£6	**	-	- 10 50
Palmer, Joseph Capt. Castine "	46	"	-	- 16 70
Pierce, Thomas Capt. 1st Brig. 2d Divis.	"	"	~	- 20 50
Sawyer, Noah Capt. Saco Artillery	45	"	-	- 675
Tuck, Samuel G. Capt. Norridgewock	"	-44	-	- 10 00
		44	-	- 10 00
Waterman, Jabez Capt. NewGloucester	66	"	-	- 33 00
· · · ·				\$366 37

SHERIFFS ACCOUNTS.'

 Adams, Benjamin Sheriff of Somerset county, for issuing tax acts, proclamations, and returning votes in 1823 and 1824, Balch, Horatio G. Sheriff of Washington county, for returning votes for Governor in 1824, Clark, Royal Sheriff of Penobscot county, for distributing tax acts, proclamations, and returning votes in 1823 and 1824, 	20	54 00 84
Foxcroft, Joseph E. Sheriff of Cumberland county, for distributing tax acts, proclamations, and returning votes for 1824, Green, Peter H. Sheriff of Lincoln county, for distributing tax acts,		68
proclamations and precepts in 1824, Jarvis, Leonard Sheriff of Hancock county, for distributing procla-	40	84
mations and precents in 1824, Robinson, Jesse Sheriff of Kennebec county, for distributing tax	26	20
acts, proclamations, precepts, &c. in 1824, Seaver, Josiah W. Sheriff of York county, for returning votes for	49	19
Governor, &c. 1824, Whitney, William C. Sheriff of Oxford county, for distributing proc- lamations, tax acts, &c. and returning votes for Governor	4	00
and Senators in 1824,	22	32
· · · ·	\$247	61

CORONERS ACCOUNTS.

Crocker, William A. Coroner for the county of Washington, for an inquest held on the body of William Backus, a stranger, at Machias, 6th of February, 1825,	29	04
Gerrish, Joseph M. Coroner for the county of Cumberland, for an inquest held on the body of Joseph Sawyer, a stranger, at		
Portland, 12th of September, 1824, Stevens, Zachariah B. Caroner for the county of Cumberland, for	10	92
an inquest held on the bodies of two strangers, a woman and child, on the 15th of January, 1825, at Westbrook,	26	44
	\$66	40
PRINTERS ACCOUNTS.		
Burton, James Jun. for publishing Laws and Treasurer's advertise-		

ment in the "Bangor Register," for 1824,	15 00
Balch, Jeremiah O. for publishing Laws and Treasurer's advertise-	
ment in the "Eastern Star," for 1824,	15 00
Copeland, Thomas J. for publishing Laws and Treasurer's and Land	
Agents advertisements in the "Somerset Journal," for 1824,	17 00
Dorr, John for publishing Laws in the "Lincoln Intelligencer," for	
1824.	12 00

Fellowes & Simpson, for publishing Laws and Treasurer's advertise-		
ment in the "Hancock Gazette," for 1824, Folsom, Benjamin for publishing Laws in the "Eastport Sentinel,"	13	50
for 1824,	12	00
Gilman, S. K. for publishing Laws and advertisement of the Agent for erecting the State Prison, in the "American Advocate,"	149-409 1	
for 1824,	15	00
Glazier & Co. for publishing Laws in the "Hallowell Gazette," for 1824,	12	00
Hastings, William for publishing Laws in the "Waterville Intelli-	10	00
gencer," for 1824, Paine, Seth for publishing Laws in the "Portland Gazette" and	12	00
"Portland Advertiser," for 1824,	24	00
Remick, James K. " to advertizing for State Prison contractor," and Laws of the State in the "Kennebunk Gazette," for 1824,	16	25
Torry, Joseph G. for publishing Laws for the years 1823 and 4,	24	00
Thayer, Abijah W. for publishing Laws in the "Independent States- man," for 1824,	12	00
Todd & Smith, for publishing Laws and Resolves of 1824, and for	915	പര
other printing, per contract for same year, balance,	3869 13 444	
	\$1,114	77
MISCELLANEOUS 'ACCOUNTS.		
Adams, Isaac for Stationary furnished the Offices of the Secretary	geologia (a.) Alata (a.)	
of State and the Land Agent, in 1823 and 1824,	13	25
Bailey, Thomas for services in guarding the State House, &c. to 28th February, 1825,	129	00
Buxton. David for Blank Books furnished the Land Agent's Office in 1824,	10	95
Barber, Alexander for making a Book case for the Office of Land		
Agent, January 4th, 1825, Dana, David for five boxes of Candles, furnished for the use of the	13 (00
Legislature and Offices of State in 1824 and 1825,	48	62
Davis, Moses for attendance as Messenger, Door Keeper and Page, and for other services rendered January, 1825,	17	75
Dyer, Henry for Stove supplied the Treasurer's Office, December 1,		
1824, Evans, William for Shovels, Tongs, Bellows, Brushes, Candlesticks,	23	
&c. supplied for the use of Offices of State and Legislature,	2495 (10-10-1	
to 14th January, 1825, Fletcher, Timothy for three reams of paper, supplied the Secretary	10	80
of State, 22d January, 1825, Goddard, Henry for sundry articles of Hard-ware delivered for the	10 /	50
Arsenal and for the Olfices of State, to 14th December, 1824,	48 (63
Greenwood, Mason & Co. for suudries supplied for the use of the Council, to January 20, 1825,	4 (07
Haskell, William for Cabinet work, Book cases, Desks, &c. supplied		
the Offices of State to 19th January, 1825, Ilsley, Robert Postmaster, for postage on letters for the Secretary of	50 (00
State, Treasurer and Adjutant General, from July, 1824, to 1st	e) i carego	
of January, 1825, Ingalls, Isaiah for services performed in preparing Senate Chamber,	293	38
&c. January, 1825,	5 (00
Merrill & Mitchell, for sundries, paints, oil, &c. supplied the Arsenal, &c. to 28th December, 1824,	72	78
Merry, Joseph for repairing a Drum at Edgecomh, December 28, 1824,	3	
Nichols, Amos for sundry small bills by him paid for the State, to February 22, 1825,	45 4	48
Osgood, Abraham for twenty-two windows and other articles furnish-		
ed by him for the Arsenal, to January, 1825, Osgood, Thomas for Leather and Drum heads furnished the State to	117 (υbi
17th January, 1825,	16 (00

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Polleys, William for freight of three boxes of Books from Alexandria		
to Portland, to February, 1825,		5 19
Parker, Asa for supplying flag-staffs for the use of 1st Regiment, 1st Brigade, 3d Division,		1 25
Rogers, William A. for an entry Lamp, supplied the State House,		
Janualy 7, 1825,	ł	5 00
Smith, Eliphalet for Carpeting and Hearth Rug for Council Chamber	-	- 0-
to 21st December, 1824, Sewall William P. for convices an encrossing Clark, and for 12 conice	1.	5 25
Sewall, William B. for services as engrossing Clerk, and for 12 copies of "Maine Register" supplied the State for 1825 to February,	3. 1 .	1 69
Thomas, Elias for errors in Warrants for his pay as Commissioner		
of the Treasury, and for sundry small articles furnished for		
the use of the State to February 21, 1825, Trafton, Mark for services as Land Agent to 26th April, 1824, aud	5	7 46
for bill by him paid,	160	5 00
Vaughan, Elliot G. for services as engrossing Clerk, and for Ink, &c.		
in the Office of Secretary of State to January 5, 1825,	190	69 (
Willis, George for flannel delivered the Armourer, per order of the		
Governor, July 27, 1824, Weston, Jonathan D. compensation for purchasing lot of land for	30) 75
the use of the Passamaguoddy Indians, and expenses, Sept.		
18, 1824,	10	75
Wyer & Noble, for four pair of brass Candlesticks, Thermometer,		
&c. to January 24, 1825, Waterbauez Janal for expension comming Repuises to Seth Filiot	11	01
Waterhouse, Israel for expenses in carrying Reprieve to Seth Elliot, January, 1825,	48	97
To the undernamed individuals, witnesses at a Court Martial held at Paris, December, 1821, not having been heretofore allowed, viz.		
Brett, Senaca	4	00
King, Alonzo		00
King, Samuel H.		00
King, George		00 00
Morse, Phinehas Noble, Daniel		00
Parsons, William Jun.		00
Roval, John		00
Richardson, Rufus		00
Smith, Joshua		00
Stowell, Lewis B	4	00
Palmer, Joseph Captain being amount of Pay Roll of his Company		
of Artillery for service as guard at Castine, on the expected		
execution of Seth Elliot, 30th December, 1824,	28	50
Palmer, Joseph Capt. being amount of Pay Roll of same Company		
at the execution of Seth Elliot, on the 3rd of February, 1825,	91	50
at Castine, Merrill, John for services at Senate Chamber in 1824 and 1825,		00
Johnson, Samuel Ageut for Stationary supplied State Prison, Land		: 00
Agent and Offices of State for 1824 and 1825, to Feb'y 8th,	200	91
Hyde, William for Book-binding and for blank books furnished for		
the use of the Offices of State to February 12, 1825,	110	50
Baker, Thomas for work done in preparing the Representatives'	~	-
Chamber for their reception, &c. December, 1824,	21	50
*	\$1,892	2 39

AGGREGATE OF ROLL.....No. 6.

Military Accounts.			
Quarter Master General's Department,	923	14	
Courts Martial,	880	81	
Aids-de-camp to Major Generals,	350	00	
Brigade Majors and Inspectors,	267	9 5	
Brigade Quarter Masters,	120	00	
Aids-de-camp to Brigadier Generals,	219	63	
Adjutants of Regiments and Battalions,	1,597	06	
Qr. Masters of Regiments & Battalions,	524	00	
Artillery and Powder Expenses, &c.	366	37	
	and and a second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se		96
Sheriffs Accounts,		247	61
Coroners Accounts,		66	40
Printers Accounts,		1,114	77
Miscellaneous Accounts,		1,892	39
TOTAI	رد.	\$8,570	13

CHAPTER LXXVI.

Resolve for the payment of Accounts against the State.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of the State, to the several persons mentioned in Roll number six, the sums set against such persons names respectively, amounting in the whole to the sum of eight thousand five hundred and seventy dollars and thirteen cents, the same being in full discharge of the accounts and demands to which they refer.

[This Resolve passed February 28, 1825.]

STATE OF MAINE.

PAY ROLL of the Senate, at the Session of the fifth Legislature, held in Portland, commencing January fifth, and ending February twenty-eighth, one thousand eight hundred and twentyfive.

	x	files travel.)ays atten- dance.	kmount Pay.
		avel		e,
COUNTIES.	NAMES.	•	•	
YORK,	George Scammon,	40	55	114
	John U. Parsons,	80	49	106
	Joseph Prime,	90	55	119
CUMBERLAND,	Robert P. Dunlap,	60	55	116
	Josiah Dunn, Jun.	70	55	117
	James C. Churchill,		55	110
LINCOLN,	Jonas Wheeler, Presiden	t, 200	55	240
	Nathaniel Green,	70	55	117
	Stephen Parsons,	130	55	123
	Josiah Stebbins,	120	55	122
HANCOCK,	Samuel Whitney,	240	55	134
	Mark Shephard,	380	55	148
KENNEBEC,	Joseph Fairbanks,	180	55	128 -
·	Joseph Southwick,	150	55	125
	Joshua Lord,	100	55	120
OXFORD,	Cornelius Holland,	140	55	124
·	James W. Ripley,	100	55	120
SOMERSET,	Jonas Parlin, Jun.	200	49	118
PENOBSCOT,	Joseph Kelsey,	320	55	142
WASHINGTON,	James Campbell,	500	55	160
Secretary,	Charles B. Smith, For making up Journal,		55 } 15 {	245
Assistant Secretary,	Nathaniel G. Jewett,		55	165
Messenger,	John Merrill,		55	110
Door-Keeper,	Isaiah Ingalls,		55	110
•	Total,	J	\$3	,233

CHAPTER LXXVII.

Resolve on the Pay Roll of the Senate.

Resolved, That there be paid to the several persons named in the above Roll, the sums set against their names respectively, amounting to three thousand two hundred and thirty-three dollars.

[This Resolve passed February 28, 1825.]

PAY ROLL-HOUSE.

PAY ROLL of the members of the House of Representatives of the fifth Legislature, of the State of Maine, held in Portland, beginning on Wednesday, January fifth, and ending February twenty-eighth, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five.

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COUNTY OF YORK.

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	Ad Alexandra Administration of the	es 1	ys o dan	al,	Ħ	ດ. ລ	
		Miles travel.	f at	rav	att	Bo	5.
Towns.		Ĥ	Days of atten- dance.	fotal, travel & attendance.	Addit. attend.	Add. amount.	
Alfred,	Daniel Goodenow,	30	48	102			
Buxton,	Joseph Hobson, jun.	20	55	114			
Berwick,	William Weymouth,	45	53	115		18.38 : 화장 -	
Biddeford,	Seth Spring,	20	55	114			
Cornish,	Simeon Pease,	35	55	117			
Elliot,	John Hammond,	60	55	122			Ą
Hollis,	John Smith,	20	55	114			
Kittery,	Joshua T. Chase,	60	55	122			
Kennebunk,	Joseph Dane,	25	51	107			
Kennebunk Port,	Robert Towne,	25	53	111			
Limington,	Simeon Strout, Jun.	30	55	116			
Lyman,	Nathaniel Hill,	25	55	115			
Limerick,	Simon Fogg,	30	55	116		DAR. DAR	i.
Lebanon,	Samuel Pray,	50	53	116			
Newfield,	James Ayer,	35	52	111			
Parsonsfield,	Moses Sweat,	40	54	116			
South Berwick,	Nathaniel Low,	50	55	120			
Saco,	John Spring,	20	55	114			
Waterborough,	Phinehas Ricker,	30	55	116			
Wells,	Nahum Morrill,	30	34	74	anan Kalur		
York,	Elihn Bragdon,	55	°55	121			ų.,
CO	UNTY OF CUMBEI	RLA	ND.				
Brunswick,	Roger Merrill,	30	53	112		다. 영문 년	
Bridgton,	Bennet Pike,	40	49	106			
Baldwin,	Ephraim Brown,	30	55	116			
Cumberland,	Ephraim Sturdivant,	10	55	112			
Cape Elizabeth,	Woodbury Jordan,	10	55	112			

Allen H. Cobb,

Joseph Dennison,

Samuel Stephenson,

Stephen Purinton,

Edward Russell,

Clement H. Humphrey, 20

Willard H. Woodbury, 35

25

20

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10

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46

55

55

55

55

55

115

96

112

112

114

118

117

Durham,

Freeport,

Gorham,

Harpswell,

North-Yarmouth,

Gray,

Minot,

PAY ROLL-HOUSE.

Otisfield, Portland,	Jacob Emerson, 4	0	$55 \\ 55$	118 110
1 0711UNU, ((Joseph Adams, Samuel Fessenden,		55	110
Poland,	Joshua Richardson, William Dunn, 3		55 55	110 116
Raymond, Standish,	Zachariah Leach, 2 Benjamin Poland, 2		55 50	$\frac{115}{104}$
Westbrook, Windham,		5 5	55	$\begin{array}{c}111\\95\end{array}$

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COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

Alna,	Elisha J. Ford,	60	44	100	
Bath,	Joseph F. Wingate,	35	48	103	
Bowdoin,	Solomon Eaton,	40	55	118	
Bowdoinham,	Elihu Hatch,	45	51	111	
Boothbay,	John McKown,	65	47	107	
Bristol,	Aaron Blaney,	65	55	123	
Camden,	Frye Hall,	100	44	108	
Edgecomb,	Thomas Cunningham	, 65	55	123	
Friendship,	Nathaniel Walton,	90	55	128	
Hope,	Fergus McLane,	100	4 4	108	
old Jefferson,	Jonathan Trask,	75	55	125	
Litchfield,	David C. Burr,	50	28	66	
Lisbon,	Nathaniel Eames,	35	55	117	
Montville,	Jonathan Fogg,	105	46	113	
Nobleborough,	Benjamin Flint,	65	55	123	
Phipsburg,	Parker McCobb,	45	55	119	
Palermo,	Thomas Eastman,	90	55	128	
St. George,	John Watts,	95	50	119	
Thomaston,	John Ruggles, Speake	er, 90	55	238	
Topsham,	William Frost,	30	55	116	
Wiscasset,	Daniel Quinnam,	50	55	120	5
Union,	Nathaniel Robbins,	95	44	107	
Warren,	Amos H. Hodgman,	85	55	127	
Waldoborough,	Avery Rawson,	70	38	90	
Wales,	Joseph Small,	45	55	119	
Whitefield,	Joseph Bailey,	60	55	122	

COUNTY OF HANCOCK.

Belfast,	James McCrillis,	120	55	134
Bucksport,	Samuel M. Pond,	155	48	127
Bluehill,	Joshua W. Hathaway	7,180	50	136
Castine,	Thomas Adams,	160	42	116
Deer Isle,	William Stinson,	190	55	148

PAY ROLL-HOUSE,

Ellsworth,	John G. Deane, 180	41	118
Frankfort,	Thomas Snow, 145	55	139
Gouldsborough,	Barney S. Hill, 200	52	144
Juckson,	Silas Warren, 125	55	135
Lincolnville,	Nathaniel Millikin, 110	55	132
Mount Desert,	William W. Thomas, 210	55	152
Northport,	Benjamin Shaw, 120	55	134
Orland,	Charles Hutchins, Jr. 160	55	142
Prospect,	Ezra Treat, 150	51	132
Swanville,	Ebenezer Williams, 135	55	137
Vinalhaven,	Ebenezer Calderwood, 150	55	140

COUNTY OF WASHINGTON.

Addison,	John B. Wass,	260	52	156
Calais,	William Vance,	315	51	165
Eastport,	John Burgin,	300	50	160
Lubec,	Jabez Mowry,	300	38	136
Machias,	John C. Talbot,	275	55	165
Steuben,	Samuel B. Merrill,	240	50	148

COUNTY OF KENNEBEC.

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Augusta,	Reuel Williams,	60	48	108	1
Belgrade,	John Pitts,	80	46	108	
China,	Abishai Benson,	85	51	119	
Clinton,	William Spearing Ju	n. 90	39	96	
Farmington,	James Buttenfield,	80	55	126	
Freedom,	Daniel Ricker,	95	55	129	
Gardiner,	Daniel Robinson,	60	55	122	
Hallowelĺ,	William H. Page,	60	55	122	
Leeds,	Thomas Francis,	50	49	108	
Monmouth,	Benjamin White, Jun	. 50	55	120	
New Sharon,	Varnum Cram,	80	55	126	
Pittston,	Thomas Coss,	60	55	122	
Readfield,	Solomon Lombard,	60	55	122	
Sidney,	Reuel Howard,	65	55	123	철인물
Temple,	Joel Hobart,	100	55	130	
Unity,	Hezekiah Chase,	100	55	130	
Vassalborough,	Joseph R. Abbot,	70	51	116	141
Vienna,	James Chapman,	80	55	126	
Waterville,	Timothy Boutelle,	80	51	118	
Winthrop,	Nathan Howard,	55	55	121	
Wayne,	Moses Wing,	60	55	122	
v ,	0,				

PAY ROLL-HOUSE.

COUNTY OF OXFORD.

Buckfield, Bethel, Fryeburg, Hiram, Hebron, Jay, Livermore, Lovell, Mexico, Norway, Paris, Rumford, Sumner, Turner, Mexico,

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Benjamin Spaulding,	50	55	120
Timothy Hastings,	70	51	116
Asa Charles,	50	55	120
Marshall Spring,	40	55	118
Isaac Whittemore,	45	55	119
Moses Stone,	70	50	114
Thomas Chase, Jun.	60	55	122
Benjamin Wehber,	45	55	119
Walter P. Carpenter,	75	52	119
Uriah Holt,	50	55	120
Simeon Cummings,	50	50	110
Moses F. Kimball,	70	51	116
Calvin Bisbee,	50	55	120
Joseph Bonney,	50	55	120
John Storer,	85	6	29

COUNTY OF SOMERSET.

Bloomfield,	Brooks Dascomb,	100	55	130
Cornville,	Joseph Parsons,	105	55	13:
Fairfield,	Benjamin Jones,	85	46	109
Industry,	John Thompson,	95	55	129
Madison,	John Burns,	105	52	125
Milburn,	Benjamin Eaton,	105	55	131
Norridgewock,	William Allen, Jun.	95	52	123
New Vineyard,	Solomon Luce, Jun.	100	55	130
New Portland,	Ward Spooner,	115	50	123
Parkman,	Zenas Ĥall,	135	52	131
Phillips,	John L. Blake,	110	42	106

COUNTY OF PENOBSCOT.

Bangor,	Joseph Treat,	140	55	138
Brewer,	George Leonard,	150	55	140
Dover,	Joseph Crooker,	170	5 5	144
Dexter,	Cornelius Coolidge,	135	53	133
Etna,	Robert Stuart,	140	55	138
Newburgh,	David Swett,	140	55	138
Sebec,	Joshua Carpenter,	180	55	146
Clerk,	James L. Child, Including 17 days for completing the records		72	252
Assistant Clerk,	Herbert T. Moore,		54	162
Door-keeper, Page and Attendant, 12	} Thomas Baker,		52}	219

PAY ROLL-HOUSE.

House of Representatives, Feb. 28, 1825.

The committee on the Pay Roll of the House of Representatives, Report, The amount of travel and attendance of the members at the present session, the additional pay of the speaker, and the pay of John Storer, who was returned a member of this House from the District of Mexico, Dixfield and Peru, and whose seat was vacated, and the additional allowance to Daniel Quinnam, for extra service on the committee of accounts, made upon this Roll, by order of the House; together with the pay of the clerk, assistant clerk, door-keeper, page and attendant, to be eighteen thousand and fifty five dollars : and report herewith a Resolve. EDWARD RUSSELL, per order.

CHAPTER LXXVIII.

Resolve on the Pay Roll of the House of Representatives.

Resolved, That there be allowed and paid out of the Treasury of this State, to the several persons mentioned in the preceding Roll, the several sums set against their respective names, amounting to eighteen thousand and fifty-five dollars.

[This Resolve passed February 28, 1825.]

STATE OF MAINE.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE, PORTLAND, APRIL 20th, 1825.

H hereby certify, That the Resolves contained in this pamphlet, have been compared with the originals deposited in this Office, and appear to be correctly printed.

AMOS NICHOLS, Secretary of State.