

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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PUBLIC ACTS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE,

PASSED BY THE

FIFTH LEGISLATURE

AT ITS SESSION, HELD IN JANUARY, 1825.

PUBLISHED AGREEABLY TO THE RESOLVE OF THE 28TH OF JUNE, 1820.

Portland :

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1825.

this Act shall be considered as relating to any fencing stuff, ranging timber, or drift stuff, not evidently cut and intended for mill logs, or to any logs having no mark, the ownership of which can be proved by good and sufficient evidence.

SECT. 3. *Be it further enacted,* That the eighth and ninth sections of the first Act, to which this is additional, passed the sixteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty one, be, and the same are hereby repealed, so far as the same are repugnant to this Act, and so far as the same relate to prize logs in Saco river.

Parts of former act repealed.

[*This Act passed February 22, 1825.*]

CHAPTER CCXCVI.

AN ACT in addition to an act, entitled "An Act concerning Parishes."

SECT. 1. *BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Legislature assembled,* That whenever any parish or religious society, at any legal meeting thereof, shall grant and vote, for any legal purpose, any sum of money, and assess the same upon the polls and estates of the several members thereof, it shall be lawful for the members of said parish or religious society, to appoint their treasurer a collector of taxes, with the same powers, within the said parish or religious society as is provided for the treasurer of a town, who has been duly appointed a collector of said town, pursuant to the provisions of an act, entitled "An Act concerning the assessment and collection of taxes," passed March 21st A.D. eighteen hundred and twenty one, *Mutatis Mutandis*; with similar powers to appoint any number of deputies or assistants, whom he shall require to give bonds, for the faithful discharge of their duties, in such sums and with such sureties, as the assessors of such religious society shall direct.

Parishes may appoint their treasurers, collectors of parish taxes, and they may appoint deputies.

SECT. 2. *Be it further enacted,* That the members of said parish or religious society, may, by vote

Parishes may authorize abatements in the same manner as towns.

at such meeting, authorize similar abatements upon said taxes to be paid into such collector and treasurer, or his deputy, within thirty, sixty, or one hundred and twenty days, after the delivery of said tax bills, as towns are authorized to make, by virtue of the fifty-seventh section of the act last mentioned, in the foregoing section ; and such taxes as shall not be paid in, within either of the aforesaid periods, shall be collected by said treasurer and collector, his deputy or deputies, in the same manner as town taxes under similar circumstances.

Duties of assessors of parishes.

SECT. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That the assessors of any parish or religious Society, which shall regulate the collection of their taxes agreeably to the provisions of this act, shall assess their taxes in due form, and deposit the same in the hands of said treasurer and collector for collection, together with a warrant for that purpose, after he shall have been duly qualified, together with his deputy or deputies ; and, at or before the same time, shall post up a notification or notifications thereof, together with a copy of the second section of this act, at the principal outer door of the meeting-house or place of worship of such parish or religious society, or at such other place or places, as may, at any legal meeting, be designated by said parish or religious society, for posting up notifications for calling their meetings for prudential affairs.

[*This Act passed February 22, 1825.*]

CHAPTER CCXCVII,

AN ACT in addition to the several acts now in force, respecting Work-Houses and Houses of Correction, and for suppressing and punishing Rogues, Vagabonds, Common Beggars, and other idle or disorderly persons.

Justices of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas may commit to the House of Correction, for a term not exceeding thirty days.

SECT. 1. *BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Legislature assembled*, That the powers of Justices of the Peace, and of the Court of Common Pleas, as defined in the fifth section of the act, entitled "An Act respecting Houses of Correction and for suppressing and punishing of rogues, vagabonds, common beggars, and other idle or dis-