

Sixty-Sixth Legislature.

HOUSE.

No. 7.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND NINETY-THREE.

AN ACT to Tax Collateral Inheritances.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1. All property within the jurisdiction of this 2 state, and any interest therein, whether belonging to 3 inhabitants of this state or not, and whether tangible or 4 intangible, which shall pass by will or by the intestate laws of this state, or by deed, grant, sale, or gift made or 5^{-} 6 intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor, to any person in trust or other-7 wise, other than to or for the use of the father, mother, 8 husband, wife, lineal descendant, adopted child, the lineal 9-10 descendant of any adopted child, the wife or widow of a 11 son, or the husband of the daughter of a decedant, shall 12 be liable to a tax of two and a half per centum of its

HOUSE-No. 7.

13 value, above the sum of five hundred dollars, for the use
14 the state, and all administrators, executors, and trustees,
15 and any such grantee under a conveyance made during
16 the grantor's life shall be liable for all such taxes, with
17 lawful interest as hereinafter provided, until the same
18 shall have been paid as hereinafter directed.

SECT. 2. When any person shall bequeath or devise 2 any property to or for the use of father, mother, husband, 3 wife, lineal descendant, an adopted child, the lineal de-4 scendant of any adopted child, the wife or widow of a son, or the husband of a daughter during life or for a $\mathbf{5}$ term of years, and the remainder to a collateral heir, or 6 to a stranger to the blood, the value of the prior estate 7 shall, within sixty days after the death of the testator, be 8 appraised in the manner hereinafter provided, and de-9 ducted, together with the sum of five hundred dollars, 10 from the appraised value of such property, and said tax 11 12 on the remainder shall be payable within one year from 13 the death of said testator, and, together with any inter-14 est that may accrue on the same, be and remain a lien on '15 said property till paid to the state.

SECT. 3. Whenever a decedent appoints one or more 2 executors or trustees, and in lieu of their allowance makes 3 a bequest or devise of property to them which would 4 otherwise be liable to said tax, or appoints them his 5 residuary legatees, and said beque ts, devises, or resid-6 uary legacies exceed what would be a reasonable com-7 pensation for their services, such excess shall be liable to 8 such tax, and the court of probate having jurisdiction of9 their accounts shall determine what shall be such reason-10 able compensation.

SECT. 4. All taxes imposed by this act shall be paya-2 ble to the treasurer of state by the executors, adminis-3 trators, or trustees within one year from the death of said 4 testator, or intestate, or the qualification of said trustee; 5 and if the same are not so paid, interest at the rate of nine 6 per centum shall be charged them and collected from the 7 time said tax became due.

SECT. 5. Any administrator, executor, or trustee, 2 having in charge or trust any property subject to such tax, 3 shall deduct the tax therefrom, or shall collect the tax 4 thereon from the legatee or person entitled to said property, 5 and he shall not deliver any specific legacy or property 6 subject to said tax to any person until he has collected the 7 tax thereon.

SECT. 6. Whenever any legacies subject to said tax 2 shall be charged upon or payable out of any real estate, 3 the heir or devisee, before paying the same, shall deduct 4 said tax therefrom and pay it to the executor, adminis-5 trator, or trustee, and the same shall remain a charge upon 6 said real estate until it is paid; and payment thereof shall 7 be enforced by the executor, administrator, or trustee, in 8 the same manner as the payment of the legacy itself could 9 be enforced.

SECT. 7. If any such legacy be given in money to any 2 person for a limited period, such administrator, executor,

3

HOUSE-No. 4.

3 or trustee shall retain the tax on the whole amount; but if
4 it be not in money, he shall make an application to the
5 judge of probate having jurisdiction of his accounts to make
6 an apportionment, if the case require it, of the sum to be
7 paid into his hands by such legatee on account of said tax
8 and for such further order as the case may require.

SECT. 8. All administrators, executors, and trustees 2 shall have power to sell so much of the estate of the 3 deceased as will enable them to pay said tax in the same 4 manner as they may be empowered to do for the payment 5 of his debts.

SECT. 9. A copy of the inventory of every estate, any part of which may be subject to a tax under the pro-2 3 visions of sections sixty-four to eighty inclusive, or if 4 the same can be conveniently separated, then a 5copy of such part of such inventory with the appraisal 6 thereof, shall be sent by mail by the register or the judge of the court of probate in which such inventory is filed, 7 to the state assessors within ten days after the same is 8 filed. The fees for such copy shall be paid by the execu-9 10 tor, administrator, or trustee, and allowed in his account.

SECT. 10. Whenever any of the real estate of a deced-2 ent shall so pass to another person as to become subject to 3 said tax, the executor, administrator, or trustee of the 4 decedent shall inform the state assessors thereof within six 5 months after he has assumed the duties of his trust, or if 6 the fact is not known to him within that time, then within 7 one month after it does become so known to him.

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SECT. 11. Whenever for any reason the devisee, lega 2 tee, or heir who has paid any such tax shall refund any 3 portion of the property on which it was paid, or it shall be 4 judicially determined that the whole or any part of such 5 tax ought not to have been paid, said tax, or the due pro-6 portional part of said tax, shall be paid back to him by the 7 executor, administrator, or trustee.

SECT. 12. The value of such property as may be sub-2 ject to said tax shall be its actual market value as found by the judge of probate; but the state assessors, or any 3 person interested in the succession to said property, may 4 apply to the judge of probate having jurisdiction of the 5 6 estate, and on such application the judge shall appoint three disinterested persons, who, being first sworn, shall 7 8 view and appraise such property at it- actual market value 9 for the purposes of said tax, and shall make return there-10 of to said probate court, which return may be accepted by 11 said court in the same manner as the original inventory of 12 such estate is accepted, and if so accepted it shall be bind-13 ing upon the person by whom this tax is to be paid, and upon the state. And the fees of the appraisers shall be 14 15fixed by the judge of probate and paid by the executor, administrator, or trustee. In case of an annuity or life 1617 estate the value thereof shall be determined by the so 18 called actuaries' combined experience tables and five per 19 centum compound interest.

SECT. 13. The court of probate, having either principal 2 or ancillary jurisdiction of the settlement of the estate

 $\mathbf{5}$

HOUSE-No. 7.

3 of the decedent, shall have jurisdiction to hear and deter4 mine all questions in relation to said tax that may arise
5 affecting any devise, legacy, or inheritance under this
6 act, subject to appeal as in other cases, and the attorney
7 general shall represent the interests of the state in any such
8 proceedings.

SECT. 14. Every judge of probate shall, as often as once in six months, render to the state assessors a statement of the property within the jurisdiction of his court that has become subject to said tax during such period, the name of the testator, intestate or grantor, and the name of the beneficiary whose estate is so taxable, and amount of such taxes as will accrue during the next six months, so far as the same can be determined from the probate records, and the number and amount of such taxes as are due and unpaid.

SECT. 15. The fees of judges or registers of probate 2 for the duties required of them by this act shall be, for 3 each order, appointment, decree, judgment, or approval 4 or appraisal of report required hereunder, fifty cents, and 5 for copies of records, the fees that are now allowed by 6 law for the same. And the administrators, executors, 7 trustees, or other persons paying said tax shall be entitled 8 to deduct the amount of all such fees paid to the judge or 9 register of probate from the amount of said tax to be 10 paid to the treasurer of state.

SECT. 16. No final settlement of the account of any 2 executor, administrator, or trustee shall be accepted or allowed by any judge of probate unless it shall show, and
the judge of said court shall find, that all taxes, imposed
by the provisions of this act, upon any property or interest therein belonging to the estate to be settled by said
account, shall have been paid, and the receipt of the treasurer of state for such tax shall be the proper voucher for
such payment.

SECT. 17. In the foregoing sections relating to collat-2 eral inheritances the word "person" shall be construed to 3 include bodies corporate as well as natural persons; the 4 word "property" shall be construed to include both real 5 and personal estate, and any form of interest therein what-6 soever, including annuities.

SECT. 18. This act shall take effect when approved.

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STATE OF MAINE.

House of Representatives, January 23, 1893.

Reported by Mr. WEEKS of Fairfield, from Joint Special Committee on Taxation and ordered printed under joint rules.

W. S. COTTON, Clerk.