MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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SIXTIETH LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

No. 53.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND BEIGHTY-ONE.

AN ACT to regulate the practice in equity proceedings.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1. The supreme judicial court shall

- 2 always be open in each county for equity proceed-
- 3 ings, except upon days upon which by law no
- 4 court is to be holden, and in the first instance,
- 5 except as herein provided, all hearings shall be
- 6 had, all orders and decrees made, and all process
- 7 issued by a single justice of said court, except
- 8 upon appeal or exceptions as hereinafter pro-
- 9 vided, and said court shall establish rule days for
- 10 the return of subpænas and the transaction of
- 11 business relating to equity cases.

All causes in equity shall be begun by 2 bill of complaint filed in the clerk's office, upon 3 which subpæna shall issue as matter of course, 4 returnable to the first day of the next term of the 5 court for the county, or upon any such rule day, 6 which in either case shall be next holden within 7 fourteen days after the issue of such subpæna, and 8 shall be served ten days at least next before the 9 return day thereof; or by order of the court such 10 subpæna may be made returnable on any day in or out 11 of term, and be served as directed in such order; 12 or such bill may be inserted in a writ of attach-13 ment, upon which property may be attached in 14 the same manner as upon writs at common law. 15 In all cases service shall be made by copy of the 16 bill, subpæna or writ of attachment, and in all 17 particulars not herein provided, service of any 18 process in equity shall be made in like manner as 19 service of other civil process. The bill of com-20 plaint shall state the material facts and circum-21 stances relied on by the complainant, with brevity, 22 omitting immaterial and irrelevant matters, and 23 may be amended or reformed at the discretion of 24 the court, with or without terms, at any time be-25 fore final decree is entered in said cause.

- Sect. 3. If discovery is sought it may be by 2 bill, with interrogatories annexed thereto, for the 3 purpose of such discovery. Answers thereto 4 shall be made within ten days after the return 5 day of such bill, or within such time as the 6 court shall order, and questions arising thereon 7 shall be determined by the rules established by the 8 supreme judicial court as herein provided, and in 9 the absence thereof by the rules applicable to bills 10 of discovery in equity proceedure.
- Sect. 4. When process is made returnable to 2 any regular term of the court, the respondent shall 3 appear within the first three days of the term, other-4 wise he shall appear on the return day of such pro-5 cess; and in default of such appearance, on motion 6 of the complainant in writing, the bill shall be taken 7 pro confesso as matter of course, at any time within 8 ten days after such time for appearance has elapsed; 9 but such decree may, for good cause shown, on 10 motion of the respondent, be opened within ten 11 days after it is made, and in such case the court 12 shall fix the time for making a defence.
- SECT. 5. Defence shall be made by answer, plea 2 or demurrer, within ten days next after the time 3 for appearance shall have elapsed, or within the 4 time ordered by the court, as provided in the pre-

5 ceding section; but for good cause shown the 6 court may in either case enlarge the time therefor. 7 In default of such defence the bill shall be taken pro 8 confesso, as matter of course, on motion of com- 9 plainant, in writing, filed on any day after such 10 default. Any demurrer shall be accompanied 11 by a certificate of counsel that it is not in- 12 tended for delay. All bills shall be signed by the 13 complainant, his agent or attorney, and all answers 14 thereto shall be signed by the respondent, his agent 15 or attorney, and the person signing the same shall 16 make oath that the facts therein stated are true, 17 according to his best knowledge, information and 18 belief.

Sect. 6. The complainant shall file the general 2 replication within five days after notice has been 3 served on him or his counsel that answer or plea 4 has been filed, but such time may be enlarged on 5 such terms as the court shall order, or the bill may 6 be dismissed for want of prosecution on motion 7 filed by respondent at any time after said five days, 8 or at the expiration of the time ordered by the 9 court for filing such replication.

SECT. 7. Thirty days after issue joined shall be 2 allowed for taking testimony, or the court on mo-3 tion of either party, may fix the time for complain-

- 4 ant's testimony, to be followed by respondent's 5 testimony, and testimony of complainant in rebut-6 tal, each within a fixed time, and in either case the 7 court may enlarge the time for good cause shown. Sect. 8. When the time for taking testimony in 2 chief, in answer, and in rebuttal is fixed in succes-3 sive periods, as provided in the foregoing section, 4 at the close of each period or the enlargement 5 thereof, the testimony taken therein shall be filed, 6 opened by the clerk and submitted to the inspec-7 tion of the other party, and when the time for tak-8 ing testimony shall be finally closed, either party 9 may on motion, as matter of course, have publica-10 tion thereof, and on motion of either party the cause 11 may be set down by the court, to be heard on bill, 12 answer or plea and proofs, at any time after publi-13 cation; and on like motion it may be set down to 14 be heard on bill and demurrer at any time after 15 the demurrer is filed, and on motion of complain-16 ant it may be set down to be heard on bill and 17 answer or plea, at any time after defence is made
 - Sect. 9. The justice before whom such hearings 2 shall be had shall have full power to decide, and 3 shall in the first instance decide any motion or 4 cause so heard, and shall make and enter such

18 by the filing thereof.

5 order and decree, as shall seem just and proper to 6 him, and in accordance with the established prin7 ciples of equity jurisprudence, subject to appeal 8 and exceptions as hereinafter provided. Evidence 9 may be taken by deposition or orally, in presence 10 of the court or by an examiner, if the court shall 11 so direct. But all oral evidence shall be taken 12 and reduced to writing by a stenographer, and his 13 copy shall be used as testimony in the cause the 14 same as a deposition.

Sect. 10. From all final decrees of such justice 2 an appeal by either party aggrieved thereby shall 3 lie to the next law court to be held in the district 4 where the cause is pending, which shall be claimed 5 by an entry on the clerk's docket within ten days 6 after such decree is signed, entered and filed, and 7 notice thereof has been given by the clerk to the 8 parties or their counsel, and the appellant shall 9 within the first two days of said law term, or if 10 such appeal is taken within ten days next before 11 said term on or before the first Monday thereof, 12 enter said appeal, and furnish printed copies of the 13 case. Such appeals shall be heard at the term to 14 which they are taken, and shall be determined as 15 other cases before the law court, unless otherwise 16 agreed, or the law court shall for good cause order

17 a further time for the hearing thereof, and the law 18 court shall on such appeal, affirm, reverse or modify 19 the decree of the court below, or remand the 20 cause for further proceedings, as it shall deem 21 proper. All cases in which appeals or exceptions 22 are taken shall remain on the docket of the court 23 below marked law, and decree shall be entered 24 therein by a single justice, in accordance with the 25 certificate and opinion of the law court.

Sect. 11. If an appeal is taken from a final 2 decree of a single justice, such justice may also 3 make such order for the appointment of receivers, 4 for injunction and prohibition, or for continuing the 5 same in force, and such other orders as are needful 6 for the protection of the rights of the parties, or 7 are usual in equity proceedings in such cases, until 8 the appeal shall be determined by the law court; 9 subject, however, to be modified or annulled by 10 such justice or by such law court, while the appeal 11 is pending before it.

SECT. 12. From all interlocutory decrees, upon 2 hearing upon the bill and answer or plea, or upon 3 the pleadings and proofs, or bill and demurrer, a 4 like appeal lies, but it shall not suspend the execution of such decree or proceedings thereunder, or 6 present to the law court any question not involved

- 7 in such decree. And upon any appeal from a final
- 8 decree, all previous orders and decrees, which shall
- 9 not have been before decided on appeal, shall be 10 open to revision.
 - SECT. 13. Upon a hearing in any cause in equity
 - 2 in either manner mentioned in the preceding sec-
 - 3 tion, the justice hearing the same may report the
 - 4 cause to the next law court held within the district
 - 5 in which the cause is pending, if he is of opinion
 - 6 that any question of law is involved of sufficient
 - 7 importance or doubt to justify the same, or the
 - 8 parties agree thereto, and the cause shall be entered
 - 9 and copies furnished by the complainant, and the
- 10 same shall be heard and decided by said law court
- 11 in like manner and with like results as is herein
- 12 provided in case of appeals.
 - Sect. 14. If any party intending to appeal shall
 - 2 fail to do so by accident or mistake, he may at the
 - 3 session of such law court to which such appeal
 - 4 would properly lie, apply to it for leave to take
 - 5 such appeal, which may be granted on such terms
 - 6 as shall appear to it to be just and equitable.
 - Sect. 15. Either party aggrieved may take ex-
 - 2 ceptions to any ruling of law made by a single
 - 3 justice in any matter, the same to be accompanied
 - 4 only by such parts of the case as are necessary to

5 a clear understanding of the questions raised there-Such exceptions shall be claimed on the docket 7 within the time allowed for appeal, and shall be 8 made up, allowed and filed in the time provided 9 therefor unless further time is granted by the court 10 or by agreement of parties. In all other respects 11 such exceptions shall be taken, entered in the law 12 court, and there heard and decided in like manner 13 as appeals, with the same power in the single 14 justice to make orders for injunction and prohibi-15 tion, and the protection of the rights of the parties, 16 and in the law court to make orders and decrees 17 pending the same and upon decision thereof; pro-18 vided, that no question of fact shall be open to the 19 law court. And upon request of either party the 20 justice hearing the cause shall give separate find-21 ings of law and fact.

SECT. 16. Every order and decree shall bear 2 date upon the day on which it is filed and entered, 3 and the day of such filing and entering shall be 4 entered by the clerk upon the docket and on the 5 decree.

SECT. 17. No process for the enforcement of a 2 final decree save for the appointment of receivers, 3 for injunction or prohibition, or for continuing the 4 same, shall issue until the lapse of ten days from

5 the entry of such decree, unless all parties waive 6 an appeal by entry on the clerk's docket, or by 7 writing filed in the cause, or consent in like man-8 ner to the issue thereof.

Sect. 18. Any hearing may be had or order or 2 decree passed out of the county in which a cause 3 is pending by agreement, or order of the court, 4 and the justice hearing the same shall transmit to 5 the clerk of such county where the cause is pend-6 ing any order or decree made at such hearing, but 7 no such hearing shall be had or order or decree 8 made without consent of, or reasonable notice to, 9 the counsel for all parties, save where it is a mat-10 ter of course or when the order or decree ought to 11 pass without hearing, as herein provided. Arguments in any matter may be presented in writing 13 or orally, as the court shall direct.

Sect. 19. Oral evidence taken in the court 2 below shall on appeal be reported. No witnesses 3 shall be heard orally before the law court as a 4 part of the case on appeal, but it may authorize 5 additional evidence to be taken when the same has 6 been omitted by accident or mistake in such man-7 ner and on such terms as it shall deem proper.

Sect. 20. The court may, in its discretion, and 2 upon the application of either party, frame issues

3 of fact in equity causes to be tried by a jury in the 4 county where such cause is pending. A single 5 justice may confirm any verdicts rendered upon 6 such issues of fact, and enter appropriate decrees 7 thereon in the cause in which the same 8 rendered, or such justice may set aside such ver-9 dicts, and render such decrees in the cause as 10 equity may require, the same as if such issues of 11 fact had not been framed. In all causes where 12 such issues of fact are framed and tried, an appeal 13 may be taken, and exceptions had to rulings of law, 14 as herein before provided, and upon such appeal or 15 exception the law court shall have power to con-16 firm or set aside the verdicts rendered in the cause, 17 or order a new trial of such issues of fact, and 18 make such disposition of the cause as the equity of 19 the case shall demand. All such appeals and ex-20 ceptions shall be taken, heard and determined as 21 provided by this act.

SECT. 21. Writs of seizin or execution as well as 2 all other process appropriate to causes in equity 3 may be issued by the court.

SECT. 22. Preliminary injunctions may be granted 2 by a single justice upon the complainant filing a 3 bond to pay all damages and costs caused thereby, 4 if he shall finally be found not entitled to such in-

5 junction, or unless a single justice on motion to 6 dissolve the same and hearing on the merits 7 thereof, shall refuse to dissolve it. Such damages 8 and costs shall be awarded by the court on motion, 9 but if not so awarded before final decree they may 10 be determined in a suit on such bond. 11 junction may also be granted to either party on 12 hearing, without bond being given, upon oral evi-13 dence, or on affidavits, and upon such notice and 14 with such time for evidence as the court shall di-15 rect. No preliminary injunction shall be granted 16 to either party unless his pleadings shall contain 17 an application therefor, and such application may 18 be made at any time during the pendency of the 19 suit on motion. Perpetual injunctions may be 20 granted by the court or any justice thereof making 21 final decree.

Sect. 23. Whenever any party shall complain in 2 writing, and under oath, that the process, decree or 3 order of the court has been disregarded or diso-4 beyed, summary process shall issue by order of any 5 justice of the court, requiring the person or persons 6 so alleged to have disregarded or disobeyed such 7 process, to appear on a day certain and show 8 cause why he should not be adjudged guilty of 9 contempt, and such process shall fix a time for

10 answer to the complaint, and may fix a time for hear-11 ing on oral testimony or affidavits, or both, or may fix 12 successive times for proof, counter proof, and proof in 13 rebuttal, or the time for hearing and manner of proof 14 may be subsequently ordered upon the return day 15 or thereafter. The court may, for good cause, 16 enlarge the time for such hearing. If the per-17 son or party so summoned shall not appear as 18 directed, or shall fail to make answer, or proof, or 19 attend the hearing at the time appointed therefor, 20 as enlarged, or if he is found, upon hearing, to have 21 been guilty of such disregard or disobedience, he 22 shall be adjudged in contempt, and shall be pun-23 ished by such reasonable fine or imprisonment as 24 the case shall demand. When such party shall 25 purge himself of his contempt the justice may re-26 mit such fine and imprisonment, or any portion 27 thereof. The court may allow such offender to 28 give bail to appear at a time certain, at which such 29 punishment may be imposed, if he shall continue 30 in contempt. But when a second time found guilty 31 of contempt in disregarding or disobeying the same 32 order, no bail shall be allowed. No appeal shall 33 lie from any order or decree for such punishment, 34 nor shall exceptions thereto be allowed save upon 35 questions of jurisdiction, nor in any case shall such

17 party.

36 exceptions suspend the enforcement of any such 37 order or decree, unless the court shall so direct. Sect. 24. When any justice deems any excep-2 tions allowed by him, or any appeal in any proceed-3 ing in equity, provided for by this act, to be frivo-4 lous and intended for delay, he may so certify on 5 the motion of the party not excepting, and such 6 exceptions and appeal and the record connected 7 therewith shall be transmitted to the chief justice, 8 and shall be argued in writing on both sides within 9 thirty days thereafter, unless the judge transmit-10 ting the same shall, for good cause, enlarge the 11 time, and shall be considered and decided by the 12 justices of said court as soon as may be, and the 13 decision certified to the clerk of the county where 14 the cause is pending; and if the decision shall be 15 adverse to the party taking such appeal or excep-16 tions, treble costs may be allowed the prevailing

Sect. 25. In cases where a respondent is absent 2 from, and is not served with process within the 3 state, jurisdiction shall be sustained by attachment 4 of his property, or the property of a copartnership 5 of which he is a member within this state. Such 6 notice shall be given such absent respondent as

7 the court shall order. Process on final decree 8 shall be delayed for three months after such decree 9 is made. If within that time such respondent shall 10 appear and satisfy the court that his failure to 11 appear upon the return day of the bill of complaint, 12 arose from want of notice or other good cause, the 13 decree shall be opened and the cause proceed and 14 be heard in the same manner as if such respondent 15 had seasonably appeared and answered thereto. 16 Process on final decree shall be delayed for three 17 months after decree, if the respondent shall not 18 have appeared. If in any case at any time before 19 the time for process to issue upon final decree 20 without appearance of any respondent, he shall 21 appear and satisfy the court that such failure to 22 appear was from want of actual notice, or other 23 reason satisfactory to the court, the decree shall 24 be opened, notwithstanding any limitations of time 25 for the performance of any act herein limited.

Sect. 26. In case of such decree against such 2 absent respondent who does not appear by the 3 record to have been served with process within 4 the state and has made no appearance before final 5 process, he shall have a review within one year 6 after final decree, as of right with stay or super-

7 sedeas of such process. Such review shall be 8 commenced by filing a copy of the record in the 9 clerk's office, in the county where the decree was 10 rendered, and a written petition setting forth the 11 facts and identifying the cause, decree and judg-12 ment, and praying for notice, which shall be ordered 13 by the court. Such notice shall be served as 14 ordered by the court. Upon the granting of such 15 review proceeding shall be had as hereinbefore Reviews may also be granted on peti-16 provided. 17 tion whenever without fault of the party against 18 whom decree was ordered by fraud, accident or 19 mistake, justice has not been done, provided, the 20 petition therefor shall be filed within two years after 21 final decree, and notice may be ordered and served 22 with like rights of stay or supersedeas as herein 23 provided. Upon granting the review the court 24 may fix a time within which the next proceeding 25 shall be had.

Sect. 27. Nothing herein contained shall abridge 2 the power of the court to hold all interlocutory 3 orders and decrees subject to revision, at any time 4 before final decree, except when they shall have 5 decided on appeal.

Sect. 28. It shall be the duty of the court to 2 make all proper rules for the regulation of the

- 3 practice in equity causes, necessary to simplify
- 4 proceedings, discourage delays and lessen the ex-
- 5 pense of litigation, and shall have full power for
- 6 that purpose; but no rule of court now existing is
- 7 repealed hereby, except so far as it is inconsistent
- 8 herewith.

SECT. 29. All acts and parts of acts inconsis-

2 tent herewith are hereby repealed.



STATE OF MAINE.

In House of Representatives, (February 9, 1881.

Reported by Mr STROUT, from the Committee on Judiciary, and ordered printed under Joint Rule.

ORAMANDAL SMITH, Clerk.