MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2023

Legislative Document

No. 1756

S.P. 702

In Senate, April 20, 2023

An Act to Protect Employee Freedom of Speech

Reference to the Committee on Labor and Housing suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator DAUGHTRY of Cumberland.

Cosponsored by Senator: BALDACCI of Penobscot, Representative: CLOUTIER of Lewiston.

1 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows: 2 Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §600-B is enacted to read: 3 §600-B. Adverse action against employee concerning certain religious or political 4 matters prohibited 5 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings. 6 7 A. "Political matters" means matters relating to elections for political office, political 8 parties, proposals to change legislation, proposals to change rules or regulations, 9 proposals to change public policy and the decision to join or support any political party 10 or political, civic, community, fraternal or labor organization. 11 B. "Religious employer" means a church or convention or association of churches or an organization that is operated primarily for religious purposes and that is operated, 12 13 supervised, controlled or principally supported by a church or convention or association of churches. 14 15 C. "Religious matters" means matters relating to religious belief, affiliation and practice and the decision to join or support any religious organization or association. 16 17 2. Adverse action prohibited. An employer or the employer's agent, representative or 18 designee may not discharge, discipline or otherwise penalize or threaten to discharge, 19 discipline or otherwise penalize or take any adverse employment action against an 20 employee: 21 A. Because the employee declines to attend or participate in an employer-sponsored meeting or declines to receive or listen to a communication from the employer or the 22 23 agent, representative or designee of the employer if the meeting or communication is to communicate the opinion of the employer about religious matters or political 24 25 matters; 26 B. As a means of inducing an employee to attend or participate in a meeting or receive 27 or listen to a communication described in paragraph A; or 28 C. Because the employee, or a person acting on behalf of the employee, makes a good 29 faith report, orally or in writing, of a violation or a suspected violation of this section. 30 3. Enforcement. An aggrieved employee may bring a civil action to enforce this 31 section no later than 90 days after the date of the alleged violation in the Superior Court for 32 the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred or where the principal office of 33 the employer is located. The court may award a prevailing employee all appropriate relief. 34 including injunctive relief, reinstatement to the employee's former position or an equivalent 35 position, back pay and reestablishment of any employee benefits, including seniority, to 36 which the employee would otherwise have been eligible if the violation had not occurred 37 and any other appropriate relief as considered necessary by the court. The court shall award 38 a prevailing employee reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

5. Communications and rights not affected. This section does not:

where employee notices are customarily placed.

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4. Notice. Within 30 days after the effective date of this section, an employer subject

to this section shall post and keep posted a notice of employee rights under this section

1 2	A. Prohibit communications of information that the employer is required by law to communicate, but only to the extent of the lawful requirement;
3 4 5 6	B. Limit the rights of an employer or its agent, representative or designee to conduct meetings involving religious matters or political matters as long as attendance is wholly voluntary or to engage in communications as long as receipt or listening is wholly voluntary; or
7 8 9	C. Limit the rights of an employer or its agent, representative or designee from communicating to its employees any information that is necessary for such employees to perform their lawfully required job duties.
10	6. Exemption. This section does not apply to a religious employer.
11	SUMMARY
12 13	This bill prohibits an employer from discharging, disciplining or otherwise penalizing or threatening to discharge, discipline or otherwise penalize or taking any adverse

This bill prohibits an employer from discharging, disciplining or otherwise penalizing or threatening to discharge, discipline or otherwise penalize or taking any adverse employment action against an employee because the employee declines to attend or participate in an employer-sponsored meeting or declines to receive or listen to a communication from the employer if the meeting or communication is to communicate the opinion of the employer about religious or political matters. The bill provides an exemption for a religious employer.