# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)



## 131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

### FIRST SPECIAL SESSION-2023

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1630

S.P. 647

In Senate, April 12, 2023

An Act Regarding Campaign Finance and Lobbying Disclosure and Enforcement of Income Source Reporting Requirements

Submitted by the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices pursuant to Joint Rule 204.

Reference to the Committee on Veterans and Legal Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator HICKMAN of Kennebec.

#### Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**Sec. 1. 1 MRSA §1016-C,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 132, §1, is further amended to read:

### §1016-C. Reports by legislative candidates

A candidate, as defined in Title 21-A, section 1, subsection 5, for the Legislature who is not required to file a report under section 1016-G shall file a report containing the same information required of Legislators under section 1016-G no later than 5 p.m. on August 15th preceding the general election unless the candidate withdraws from the election in accordance with Title 21-A, section 374-A by that date. A candidate shall file statements electronically as is required of Legislators under section 1016-G, subsection 5. If the candidate fails to file the statement by the August 15th, the commission may assess penalties in accordance with section 1016-G, subsection 3.

- **Sec. 2. 1 MRSA §1016-G, sub-§3,** as amended by PL 2019, c. 534, §5, is further amended to read:
  - **3. Penalties.** Penalties for violations of this section are as follows.
  - A. Failing to file a statement within 15 days of having been notified by the commission is <u>subject to</u> a civil violation for which a fine of not more than \$100 may be adjudged penalty not to exceed \$500 payable to the commission. A statement is not considered filed unless it substantially conforms to the requirements of this subchapter and is properly signed. The commission shall determine whether a statement substantially conforms to the requirements of this subchapter.
  - B. The intentional filing of a false statement is a Class E crime. If the commission concludes that it appears that a Legislator has willfully filed a false statement, it shall refer its findings of fact to the Attorney General. If the commission determines that a Legislator has willfully failed to file a statement required by this subchapter or has willfully filed a false statement, the Legislator is presumed to have a conflict of interest on every question.
- Within 3 business days of a filing deadline, the commission shall mail a notice to a Legislator or candidate who has failed to file a statement required under this subchapter. If a Legislator or candidate does not file the statement within 15 days of the notice, the commission shall mail a notice of a preliminary penalty of \$500 pursuant to paragraph A. The Legislator or candidate may request a waiver of the penalty within 15 days of the penalty notice. If no request is made, the preliminary \$500 penalty is final. If the Legislator or candidate requests a waiver, the commission shall consider the request at its next meeting for a determination of the final penalty, if any. The commission staff shall confirm a final penalty in a written determination to the Legislator or candidate who did not file the statement on time. The commission's determination may be appealed to the Superior Court in accordance with Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 7 and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 80C. Penalties assessed pursuant to this subsection may be enforced in accordance with Title 21-A, section 1004-B.
- **Sec. 3. 3 MRSA §319, sub-§1,** as repealed and replaced by PL 2011, c. 179, §7, is amended to read:

- 1. Failure to file registration or report. Any person who fails to file a registration or report as required by this chapter may be assessed a fine is subject to a civil penalty, payable to the commission, of \$100 for every month the person fails to register or is delinquent in filing a report pursuant to section 317. If a registration or report is filed late, the commission shall send a notice of the finding of violation and preliminary penalty. The notice must provide the lobbyist with an opportunity to request a waiver of the preliminary penalty. If a lobbyist files a report required pursuant to section 317 within 24 hours after the deadline, the amount of the preliminary penalty is \$50. The preliminary penalty is increased by \$50 for each successive violation during a lobbying year. The commission may waive the fine or penalty in whole or in part if the commission determines the failure to register or report was due to mitigating circumstances or the fine or penalty is disproportionate to the level of experience of the lobbyist or the harm suffered by the public from the late registration or report. For purposes of this subsection, "mitigating circumstances" means:
  - A. A valid emergency determined by the commission, in the interest of the sound administration of justice, to warrant the waiver of the fine or penalty in whole or in part;
  - B. An error by the commission; or

- C. Circumstances determined by the commission to warrant the waiver of the fine or penalty in whole or in part, based upon relevant evidence presented that a bona fide effort was made to file the report in accordance with this chapter, including, but not limited to, unexplained delays in Internet service.
- **Sec. 4. 3 MRSA §320, first** ¶, as amended by PL 2015, c. 267, Pt. F, §3, is further amended to read:

Fees collected pursuant to this chapter must be deposited into a special revenue account of the commission to be used for the purposes of administering and enforcing the provisions of this chapter, including the costs of obtaining, maintaining and upgrading technology to facilitate disclosure of lobbying and campaign finance information to the public. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the commission may deposit penalties for late filing under Title 21-A, sections 1060-A and 1062-A into the account to be used exclusively on technology costs consistent with this section.

- **Sec. 5. 21-A MRSA §1002, sub-§2,** as amended by PL 2011, c. 389, §2, is repealed.
- **Sec. 6. 21-A MRSA §1002, sub-§4,** as amended by PL 2011, c. 389, §2, is repealed.
- **Sec. 7. 21-A MRSA §1003, sub-§3-A,** as amended by PL 2019, c. 323, §3, is further amended by amending the first blocked paragraph to read:

The commission may disclose investigative working papers or discuss them at a public meeting, except for the information or records subject to a privilege against discovery or use as evidence, if the information or record is materially relevant to a memorandum or interim or final report by the commission staff or a decision by the commission concerning an audit, investigation or other enforcement matter. A memorandum or report on the audit or investigation prepared by staff for the commission may be disclosed at the time it is submitted to the commission, as long as the subject of the audit or investigation has an

opportunity to review it first to identify material that the subject of the audit or investigation considers privileged or confidential under some other provision of law.

**Sec. 8. 21-A MRSA §1004-B,** as enacted by PL 2009, c. 302, §3, is amended to read:

#### §1004-B. Enforcement of penalties assessed by the commission

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15 16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23 24

2526

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

3738

39

40

41

The commission staff shall collect the full amount of any penalty and the return of Maine Clean Election Act funds required by the commission to be returned for a violation of the statutes or rules administered by the commission and has all necessary powers to carry out these duties. Failure to pay the full amount of any penalty assessed by the commission or return of Maine Clean Election Act funds is a civil violation by the candidate, treasurer, party committee, political action committee or other person. Thirty days after issuing the notice of penalty or order for the return of funds, the commission shall report to the Attorney General the name of any person who has failed to pay the full amount of any penalty or to return Maine Clean Election Act funds unless the commission has provided an extended deadline for payment. The Attorney General shall enforce the violation in a civil action to collect the full outstanding amount of the penalty or order for the return of Maine Clean Election Act funds. The Attorney General shall enforce the violation in a civil action to collect up to 3 times the outstanding amount of the penalty or unreturned Maine Clean Election Act funds. This action must be brought in the Superior Court for Kennebec County or the District Court, 7th District, Division of Southern Kennebec.

#### **Sec. 9. 21-A MRSA §1014, sub-§5-A** is enacted to read:

- 5-A. Text messages. Text messages sent with the assistance of mass distribution technology at a cost of more than \$100 must clearly and conspicuously state the name of the person who made or financed the expenditure if:
  - A. The text message expressly advocates the election or defeat of a candidate; or
  - B. The text message contains a link to a website that expressly advocates the election or defeat of a candidate.
- **Sec. 10. 21-A MRSA §1015, sub-§3,** as amended by PL 2007, c. 443, Pt. A, §12, is repealed.
- **Sec. 11. 21-A MRSA §1019-B, sub-§1, ¶B,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 132, §7, is further amended to read:
  - B. Unless the person, party committee or political action committee making the expenditure demonstrates under subsection 2 that the expenditure was not intended to influence did not have a purpose or effect of influencing the nomination, election or defeat of the candidate, is made to design, produce or disseminate a communication that names or depicts a clearly identified candidate and is disseminated during the 28 days, including election day, before a primary election; during the 35 days, including election day, before a special election; or from Labor Day to a general election day.
- **Sec. 12. 21-A MRSA §1019-B, sub-§2,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 132, §8, is further amended to read:

Commission determination. A person, party committee or political action committee may request a determination that an expenditure that otherwise meets the definition of an independent expenditure under subsection 1, paragraph B is not an independent expenditure by filing a signed written statement with the commission within 7 days of disseminating the communication stating that the cost was not incurred with the intent to influence a purpose of influencing the nomination, election or defeat of a candidate, supported by any additional evidence the person, party committee or political action committee chooses to submit. The commission may gather any additional evidence it determines relevant and material and. The commission shall determine by a preponderance of the evidence whether the cost was incurred with intent to influence a purpose of, or had the effect of, influencing the nomination, election or defeat of a candidate. In order to make this determination, the commission shall consider whether the language and other elements of the communication would lead a reasonable person to conclude that the communication had a purpose of, or had the effect of, influencing an election. The commission may consider other factors, including, but not limited to, the timing of the communication or the recipients of the communication. The commission's executive director shall make an initial determination on the request, which must be posted on the commission's publicly accessible website. Any person may appeal the initial determination, which must be considered by the commission at the next public meeting that is feasible.

# **Sec. 13. 21-A MRSA §1019-B, sub-§4, ¶B,** as amended by PL 2015, c. 350, §6, is further amended to read:

B. A report required by this subsection must contain an itemized account of each expenditure in excess of \$250 in any one candidate's election, the date and purpose of each expenditure and the name of each payee or creditor. The report must state whether the expenditure is in support of or in opposition to the candidate and must include, under penalty of perjury unsworn falsification, as provided in Title 17-A, section 451 453, a statement under oath or affirmation whether the expenditure is made in cooperation, consultation or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, the candidate or an authorized committee or agent of the candidate.

## **Sec. 14. 21-A MRSA §1019-B, sub-§4,** ¶C, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §16, is further amended to read:

C. A report required by this subsection must be on a form prescribed and prepared by the commission. A person filing this report may use additional pages if necessary, but the pages must be the same size as the pages of the form. The commission may adopt procedures requiring the electronic filing of an independent expenditure report, as long as the commission receives the statement made under oath or affirmation set out in paragraph B by the filing deadline and the commission adopts an exception for persons who lack access to the required technology or the technological ability to file reports electronically. The commission may adopt procedures allowing for the signed statement to be provisionally filed by facsimile or electronic mail, as long as the report is not considered complete without the filing of the original signed statement.

**Sec. 15. 21-A MRSA §1020-A, sub-§4-A,** as amended by IB 2015, c. 1, §7, is further amended to read:

- 4-A. Basis for penalties. The penalty for late filing of a report required under this subchapter is a percentage of the total contributions or expenditures for the filing period, whichever is greater, multiplied by the number of calendar days late, as follows:
  - A. For the first violation, 2%;
  - B. For the 2nd violation, 4%; and
    - C. For the 3rd and subsequent violations, 6%.
- Any penalty of less than \$10 \$25 is waived.
- Violations accumulate on reports with filing deadlines in a 2-year period that begins on January 1st of each even-numbered year. Waiver of a penalty does not nullify the finding of a violation.
- A report required to be filed under this subchapter that is sent by certified or registered
  United States mail and postmarked at least 2 days before the deadline is not subject to
- penalty.

4

5

6

18 19

20

21

2223

24

25

38

39

40

- A registration or report may be provisionally filed by transmission of a facsimile copy of the duly executed report to the commission, as long as the facsimile copy is filed by the applicable deadline and an original of the same report is received by the commission within 5 calendar days thereafter.
  - **Sec. 16. 21-A MRSA §1062-A, sub-§3,** as amended by IB 2015, c. 1, §9, is further amended to read:
  - **3. Basis for penalties.** The penalty for late filing of a report required under this subchapter is a percentage of the total contributions or expenditures for the filing period, whichever is greater, multiplied by the number of calendar days late, as follows:
  - A. For the first violation, 2%;
  - B. For the 2nd violation, 4%; and
  - C. For the 3rd and subsequent violations, 6%.
- Any penalty of less than \$10 \subseteq 25 is waived.
- Violations accumulate on reports with filing deadlines in a 2-year period that begins on January 1st of each even-numbered calendar year. Waiver of a penalty does not nullify the finding of a violation.
- A report required to be filed under this subchapter that is sent by certified or registered
  United States mail and postmarked at least 2 days before the deadline is not subject to
  penalty.
- A required report may be provisionally filed by transmission of a facsimile copy of the duly executed report to the commission, as long as an original of the same report is received by the commission within 5 calendar days thereafter.
- 36 **Sec. 17. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§3, ¶J,** as enacted by PL 2019, c. 323, §29, is amended to read:
  - J. A payment, gift or anything of value may not be given in exchange for a qualifying contribution. It is a violation of this chapter for a participating candidate or an agent of the participating candidate to misrepresent the purpose of soliciting qualifying

1	contributions and obtaining the contributor's signed acknowledgment or submit any
2	fraudulent contributions to the commission, as defined by the rules of the commission.
3	Sec. 18. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§12-A, ¶C, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334,
4	§34, is further amended to read:
5	C. A record proving that a vendor received payment for every expenditure in excess
6	of \$50 in the form of a cancelled check, cash receipt from the vendor or bank or credit
7	card statement identifying the vendor as the payee; and
0	Con 10 21 A MDCA C1125 cub C12 A GE or amounted by D1 2012 a 224

- **Sec. 19. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§12-A, ¶E,** as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §34, is further amended to read:
  - E. A contemporaneous document such as an invoice, contract or timesheet that specifies in detail the services provided by a vendor who was paid in excess of \$500 for the election cycle for providing campaign staff or consulting services to a candidate<sub>r</sub>; and

### **Sec. 20. 21-A MRSA §1125, sub-§12-A,** ¶**F** is enacted to read:

F. If a candidate for the Legislature pays at least \$1,000 to a member of the campaign staff, records for the number of hours and type of work performed by the member each day. The candidate or treasurer shall submit those records to the campaign at least once per month.

19 SUMMARY

This bill amends the administration of campaign finance and lobbyist disclosure laws by the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices and the enforcement of income reporting requirements by:

- 1. Providing for a preliminary penalty of \$500 when a legislative candidate or a Legislator does not file a statement of sources of income on time, which may be waived by the commission;
- 2. Increasing penalties by \$50 per report when a lobbyist repeatedly files monthly reports late during a lobbying year;
- 3. Authorizing the commission to deposit penalties for late filing by political action committees and ballot question committees in an existing special revenue account to pay for improvements to the commission's electronic filing systems;
- 4. Eliminating authority for the commission to meet by telephone and the requirement for the commission to be open during the last weekend before elections;
- 5. Amending the standard by which the commission may disclose financial or campaign information in a commission decision or investigative report by staff;
- 6. Authorizing the Office of the Attorney General to collect 3 times the amount owed when a court action is necessary to collect an unpaid penalty or repayment of Maine Clean Election Act funds;
- 7. Requiring text messages costing more than \$100 that advocate for the election or defeat of a candidate and are transmitted through mass distribution technology to disclose the person that paid for the messages;

8. Directing the commission to consider the text and other objective elements of a communication distributed close to an election when deciding whether the costs of the communication qualify as independent expenditures;

- 9. Eliminating the \$25,000 limit an individual may contribute in aggregate to state candidates in a calendar year;
- 10. Allowing a person filing an independent expenditure report to make an online affirmation that the expense was not coordinated with the candidate named in the report rather than submitting a statement made under oath or affirmation;
- 11. Authorizing the automatic waiver of penalties of less than \$25 for filing a campaign finance report late;
- 12. Eliminating the authorization for candidates and political committees to file a campaign finance report after a deadline if a faxed version is submitted before the deadline;
- 13. Confirming that a candidate's submission of fraudulent qualifying contributions is a violation of the Maine Clean Election Act; and
- 14. Requiring a Maine Clean Election Act candidate to obtain and keep a record of labor performed by any member of campaign staff each day the member of the campaign staff is compensated more than \$1,000.