## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)



## 131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

## FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2023

**Legislative Document** 

No. 1172

H.P. 744

House of Representatives, March 14, 2023

An Act to Reestablish Annual Reporting on Solid Waste in Maine

Reference to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative BELL of Yarmouth. Cosponsored by Representatives: DOUDERA of Camden, GRAMLICH of Old Orchard Beach, O'NEIL of Saco, ZEIGLER of Montville.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

**Sec. 1. 38 MRSA §2124-A, first ¶,** as amended by PL 2019, c. 291, Pt. B, §3, is further amended to read:

By January 1, 2021 2024 and biennially annually thereafter, the department shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over environmental environment and natural resources matters and the Governor setting forth information on statewide generation of solid waste, statewide recycling rates and available disposal capacity for solid waste.

- **Sec. 2. 38 MRSA §2133, sub-§7,** as amended by PL 2019, c. 291, Pt. B, §4, is further amended to read:
- 7. Recycling progress reports. Municipalities shall report biennially annually, on forms provided by the department, on their solid waste management and recycling practices. The biennial annual report must identify the options available to residents and businesses within the municipality for managing solid waste, including any provisions for the separate management of reportable recyclable materials and organic waste and the disposal of other municipal solid waste, including construction and demolition debris. The department shall assist municipalities in developing and tracking a municipal or regional recycling rate by developing a municipal waste stream management assessment model. The model must rely on actual waste data whenever possible, but incorporate default generation estimates when needed. Default generation estimates must incorporate factors such as commercial activity, geographical differences and municipal population.

22 SUMMARY

This bill requires the Department of Environmental Protection to annually instead of biennially submit reports to the Legislature and Governor setting forth information on statewide generation of solid waste, statewide recycling rates and available disposal capacity for solid waste. The bill also amends the law requiring municipalities to submit biennial progress reports to the department on recycling by making that an annual requirement.