MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2023

Legislative Document

No. 960

H.P. 607

House of Representatives, March 2, 2023

An Act Regarding the Limits on Civil Remedies Available Under the Maine Human Rights Act

Reference to the Committee on Judiciary suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative BRADSTREET of Vassalboro. Cosponsored by Representatives: BLIER of Buxton, CAMPBELL of Orrington, CARMICHAEL of Greenbush, LANDRY of Farmington, MORRIS of Turner, POLEWARCZYK of Wiscasset, SOBOLESKI of Phillips.

1	be it enacted by the reopie of the State of Maine as follows.
2 3	Sec. 1. 5 MRSA §4613, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2011, c. 613, §21 and affected by §29, is further amended by amending subparagraph (8), division (e) to read:
4 5 6 7 8 9	(e) The sum of compensatory damages awarded under this subparagraph or any other provision of law for future pecuniary losses, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, other nonpecuniary losses and the amount of punitive damages awarded under this section or any other provision of law may not exceed for each complaining party:
10 11 12	(i) In the case of a respondent who has more than 14 and fewer than 101 employees in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, \$50,000;
13 14 15	(ii) In the case of a respondent who has more than 100 and fewer than 201 employees in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, \$100,000;
16 17 18	(iii) In the case of a respondent who has more than 200 and fewer than 501 employees in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, \$300,000; and
19 20 21	(iv) In the case of a respondent who has more than 500 employees in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, \$500,000.
22 23	Sec. 2. 5 MRSA §4613, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2011, c. 613, §21 and affected by §29, is further amended by amending subparagraph (8), division (i) to read:
24 25 26 27 28	(i) Punitive damages may not be included in a judgment or award against a governmental entity, as defined in Title 14, section 8102, subsection 2, or against an employee of a governmental entity based on a claim that arises out of an act or omission occurring within the course or scope of that employee's employment; and.
29 30 31	Sec. 3. 5 MRSA §4613, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2011, c. 613, §21 and affected by §29, is further amended by enacting a new subparagraph (8), division (j) to read:
32 33 34	(j) A respondent may not waive the maximum sum of compensatory and punitive damages set forth in division (e) regardless of the form or substance of a respondent's responsive pleadings to any action filed under this Act.
35 36 37	Sec. 4. 5 MRSA §4613, sub-§2, ¶B, as amended by PL 2011, c. 613, §21 and affected by §29, is further amended by enacting a new subparagraph (8), division (k) to read:
38 39 40 41 42	(k) This subparagraph does not permit double recovery in actions filed concurrently under this Act and 42 United States Code, Section 12101, et seq. or 42 United States Code, Sections 2000e to 2000e-17. The maximum sum of compensatory and punitive damages described by division (e) is the maximum liability for an employer; and

SUMMARY

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2 This bill provides that in cases of intentional employment discrimination with 3 respondents who have more than 14 employees, the sum of compensatory damages awarded under certain provisions of the Maine Human Rights Act or any other provision 4 5 of law for future pecuniary losses, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, mental 6 anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, other nonpecuniary losses and the amount of punitive 7 damages awarded under certain provisions of the Maine Human Rights Act and any other provision of law may not exceed specified limits. The bill prohibits a respondent from 8 waiving those limits and specifies that those limits are the maximum liability for an 9 10 employer. The bill provides that in cases of intentional employment discrimination with respondents who have more than 14 employees, double recovery is not permitted in actions 11 12 filed concurrently under the Maine Human Rights Act and certain provisions of federal 13 law.