MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2023

Legislative Document

No. 539

H.P. 344

House of Representatives, February 9, 2023

An Act to Provide Substance Use Disorder Counseling for MaineCare Members with an Acquired Brain Injury

Reference to the Committee on Health and Human Services suggested and ordered printed.

ROBERT B. HUNT
Clerk

Presented by Representative HEPLER of Woolwich.
Cosponsored by Senator MOORE of Washington and
Representatives: CRAFTS of Newcastle, JAVNER of Chester, MEYER of Eliot, STOVER of Boothbay.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 22 MRSA §3086, sub-§2 is enacted to read:
- 2. Substance use disorder. "Substance use disorder" means a clinical and significant functional impairment, including a health problem or a disability or an inability to meet major responsibilities at work, home or school, due to the use of alcohol or a drug.
- Sec. 2. 22 MRSA §3088, as repealed and replaced by PL 2011, c. 293, §3, is amended to read:

§3088. Comprehensive neurorehabilitation service system

The department shall, within the limits of its available resources, develop a comprehensive neurorehabilitation service system designed to assist, educate and rehabilitate the person with an acquired brain injury to attain and sustain the highest function and self-sufficiency possible using home-based and community-based treatments, services and resources to the greatest possible degree. The comprehensive neurorehabilitation service system must include, but is not limited to, care management and coordination, crisis stabilization services, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, neuropsychology, neurocognitive retraining, positive neurobehavioral supports and teaching, social skills retraining, counseling, substance use disorder counseling, vocational rehabilitation and independent living skills and supports. The comprehensive neurorehabilitation service system may include a posthospital system of nursing, community residential facilities and community residential support programs designed to meet the needs of persons who have sustained an acquired brain injury and assist in the reintegration of those persons into their communities.

Sec. 3. Department of Health and Human Services to include counseling for substance use disorder in rehabilitative services for MaineCare members who have sustained an acquired brain injury. The Department of Health and Human Services shall amend its rules to include counseling for substance use disorder co-occurring with an acquired brain injury as part of rehabilitative services for eligible MaineCare members who have sustained an acquired brain injury under the department's rule Chapter 101: MaineCare Benefits Manual, Chapter II, Section 102, Rehabilitative Services. For purposes of this section, "substance use disorder" means a clinical and significant functional impairment, including a health problem or a disability or an inability to meet major responsibilities at work, home or school, due to the use of alcohol or a drug.

33 SUMMARY

This bill adds substance use disorder counseling to the comprehensive neurorehabilitation service system administered by the Department of Health and Human Services and directs the department to include counseling for substance use disorder in rehabilitative services for MaineCare members who have sustained an acquired brain injury.