MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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131st MAINE LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION-2023

Legislative Document

No. 245

S.P. 111

In Senate, January 20, 2023

An Act to Require a Person Receiving Unemployment Benefits to Attend Scheduled Interviews to Fulfill the Work Search Requirement

Reference to the Committee on Labor and Housing suggested and ordered printed.

DAREK M. GRANT Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator GUERIN of Penobscot. Cosponsored by Senators: BRAKEY of Androscoggin, HARRINGTON of York, KEIM of Oxford, LYFORD of Penobscot, MOORE of Washington, STEWART of Aroostook.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

- Sec. 1. 26 MRSA §1082, sub-§15 is enacted to read:
- 15. Bureau to establish online portal. The bureau shall establish an online portal for employers to report individuals who refuse to comply with the requirement under section 1193, subsection 3 that an individual appear for an employment interview scheduled with an employer for a suitable job opportunity.
- **Sec. 2. 26 MRSA §1193, sub-§3,** as amended by PL 2021, c. 348, §40, is further amended to read:
- **3. Refused to accept work.** For the duration of the individual's unemployment subsequent to the individual's having refused to accept an offer of suitable work for which the individual is reasonably fitted, having refused to appear for an employment interview scheduled with an employer for a suitable job opportunity or having refused to accept a referral to a suitable job opportunity when directed to do so by a local employment office of this State or another state or if an employer is unable to contact a former employee at last known or given address, for the purpose of recall to suitable employment; or the individual fails to respond to a request to report to the local office for the purpose of a referral to a suitable job, and the disqualification continues until claimant has earned 10 times the claimant's weekly benefit amount in employment by an employer. If the deputy determines that refusal has occurred for cause of necessitous and compelling nature, the individual is ineligible while such inability or unavailability continues, but is eligible to receive prorated benefits for that portion of the week during which the individual was able and available.
 - A. In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual during the first 10 consecutive weeks of unemployment, the deputy shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety and morals, the individual's physical fitness and prior training, the individual's experience and prior earnings, the individual's length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation and the distance of the available work from the individual's residence.
 - In determining whether or not work is suitable for an individual after the first 10 consecutive weeks of unemployment, the deputy shall consider the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety and morals, the individual's physical fitness, the individual's prior earnings, the individual's length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the individual's customary occupation and the distance of the available work from the individual's residence. The individual's prior earnings may not be considered with respect to an offer of or referral to an otherwise suitable job that pays wages equal to or exceeding the average weekly wage in the State.
 - B. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, work may not be considered suitable and benefits may not be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
 - (1) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout or other labor dispute;
 - (2) If the wages, hours or other conditions of work are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;

(3) If, as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization; (4) If the position offered is the same one previously vacated by the claimant for good cause attributable to that employment or is the position that the employee left for reasons attributable to that employment, but which were found insufficient to relieve disqualification for benefits under subsection 1, paragraph A, as long as, in either instance, the specific good cause or specific reasons for leaving have not been removed or otherwise changed; and

(5) If the position offered is on a shift, the greater part of which falls between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m., and is refused because of parental obligation, the need to care for an immediate family member or the unavailability of a personal care attendant required to assist the unemployed individual who is a person with a disability;

15 SUMMARY

This bill amends the Employment Security Law to provide that an individual who refuses to appear for an employment interview scheduled with an employer for a suitable job opportunity is disqualified from receiving unemployment benefits. The bill also requires the Department of Labor, Bureau of Unemployment Compensation to establish an online portal for employers to report individuals who refuse to appear for scheduled employment interviews.